THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

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Great Battle Impending to Decide Future of Europe

FRENCH AND BELGIANS CHARGE BARBAROUS ACTS TO GERMANS

Armies in Position After Much Bloody Skirmishing

CARBAJAL LEAVES MEXICAN CAPITAL; PEACE PACT SIGNED

Carranza's Forces to Enter Capital, But No Money, Arms or Ammunition Will Be Found.

WASHINGTON FORCED SIGNING OF AGREEMENT

Carranza Guarantees Life and Property of Citizens and Peaceful Entry—Federal Army to Be Dissolved.

Vera Cruz, August 13.—The retiring provisional president of Mexico, Francisco Carbajal, arrived here by special train tonight.

Mexico City, August 13.—A formal peace pact between the constitutionalist army and the federal government was signed late today by General Obregon, representing the constitutionalists, and Eduardo Iturbide, governor of the federal district.

The document forms the basis under which the constitutionalists will enter the capital. It sets forth guarantees of the life and property of citizens of the capital and promises a peaceful occupation.

The pact was drawn up at the request of the state department at Washington which informed the Brazilian legation here that this was necessary. General Carranza, chief of the constitutionalists, combated the idea of signing any document, saying unconditional surrender was the right of his conquering army. After an all-day debate over the question, however, a compromise was effected under which General Obregon signed for the constitutionalists.

The federal forces still occupy Cuautitlan. General Velasco, the former minister of war, who is at their head, tonight issued a proclamation to the nation saying the army would be dissolved. Patriotic duty, he said, made this action necessary, as further fighting undoubtedly would bring on American intervention.

Carbajal Leaves Capital.

When the inhabitants of the capital awakened today the arsenals were empty, the barracks deserted and the provisional president of the republic, as well as his cabinet, had vanished. Provisional President Francisco Carbajal left the city on a special train for Vera Cruz at 3:15 a. m. He left a manifesto to the nation saying he had done his best to save the country from further bloodshed, but his peaceful overtures had been met by constitutionalists with uncompromising demands for an unconditional surrender.

Two paths lay before him, he said, to fight or to accede to the constitutionalists. Under such conditions Carbajal claimed his government could no longer exist, and he concluded:

"I leave the high post I have occupied in the belief that I have fulfilled my duty toward my country, and I entrust the lives and interests in the capital to the governor of the federal district.

"The whole responsibility for future rests with the revolution, and if we should behold a repetition of the situation I am trying to end, the truth will be manifested once more that by violence society cannot be reconstructed."

President Carbajal transferred his authority to Eduardo Iturbide, governor of the federal district.

Governor Iturbide returned to the city early today after an automobile trip to Tlalopantla, a suburb of the capital, where he went to arrange the details of capitulation.

Preparing to Greet Rebels.

Preparations for the reception of the constitutionalist army are under way. A committee of senators and deputies of the old Madero congress has been appointed to greet General Carranza, business houses have been requested to decorate and arrangements made for women to strew the path of the incoming army with flowers.

The departure of President Carbajal and his cabinet caused no interruption in the life of the capital, but, for the first time in history, Mexico finds itself with neither legislative, judicial nor executive powers.

The constitutionalists will find the city without money, arms and ammunition. A visit to the barracks and arsenals today showed that rooms

Continued on Last Page.

EMERGENCY MONEY UP TO $500,000,000 TO PROTECT COTTON

Smith-Lever-Ransdell Plan to Meet European War Crisis Is Favored by the Cotton Congress.

PLAN ENABLES SOUTH TO HOLD THE SURPLUS

Government Licensed Warehouses to Be Established and Money to Be Loaned on Stored Cotton.

Washington, August 13.—The problem of saving the cotton crop of the south in the face of the closing of the European cotton markets by war was taken up today by a southern cotton congress committee which met here in special session. Delegates representing the cotton states organized, listened to members of congress who outlined legislative plans for meeting the cotton crisis, discussed the situation and named committees to thrash out a plan for saving the 13,500,000 bales of cotton which will soon be harvested in the cotton states.

Representative Lever, of South Carolina, and Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, who have had charge of the legislative end of the movement to provide federal aid to meet the situation, addressed the congress. They, with Senator Ransdell, of Louisiana, formulated the scheme which will probably be put through. It contemplates the establishment of standard cotton grades, government licensed cotton warehouses and the issue of sufficient emergency currency, about $500,000,000, to be loaned on cotton, to enable the south to hold the surplus of the crop over until market conditions become more nearly normal.

Senator Smith on the Situation.

Senator Smith said a thorough investigation had developed that about three-fourths of the usual cotton crop would be used in English mills and in the United States and Canada if transportation could be secured for it. He said the government was making every effort to provide ships, and predicted that within thirty days after passage of the pending shipping law amendment, fifty vessels would be ready for export commerce, under American register.

"There will be a demand for at least three-fourths of the cotton crop," Senator Smith said, "and we are taking steps which will insure the issuance of emergency currency in sufficient amount to care for the remainder of the crop."

Senator Smith said in case it was found that under the emergency currency law, cotton warehouse receipts could not be used as security for currency issues, the Ransdell amendment would be pressed, to specifically permit the use of such certificate.

"I do not believe there is any reason for the extreme dread that has taken hold of so many of our people on this subject," said Senator Smith. "The price of cotton will be fixed by the amount the man who owns it will stand and ask for it. Within thirty days there will be fifty vessels flying the American flag carrying our cotton abroad."

Senator Smith said one good result to come from the interruption of trade with Germany was that German potash could not be exported to help make more fertilizers to raise more cotton.

He told of the financial resources that were available for the cotton farmers and said he believed there would be all the money needed to move the crop.

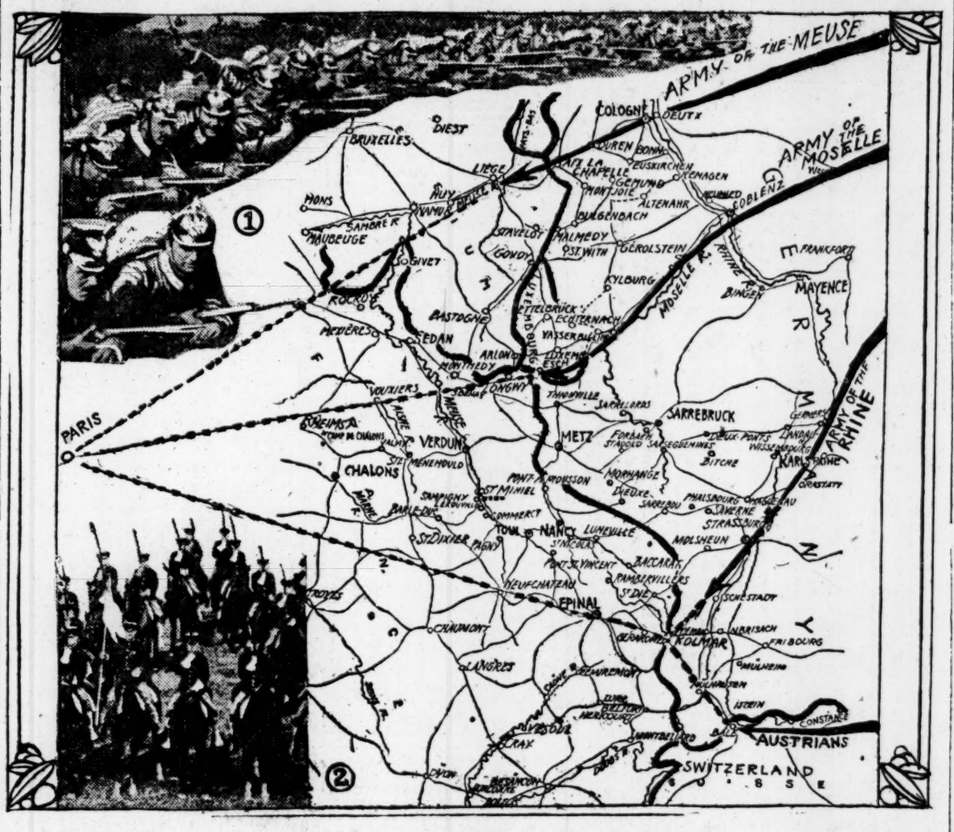
Witham Speaks for Country Banks.

W. S. Witham, the Atlanta banker, contended that the treasury department should deposit crop moving funds with the 743 country banks of Georgia rather than with the 115 national banks to be handled by them.

Representative Lever explained features of the proposed legislation to provide for government grading and inspection by licensed government graders. He said bills would be introduced in both houses today providing for establishment of a government licensed warehouse system, under bond. Certificates of cotton in such warehouses, he said, would be a solid basis for credit. Senator Smith said $150,-

Continued on Last Page.

HERE'S GERMAN PLAN OF INVADING FRANCE; CAN IT BE CARRIED OUT AND PARIS TAKEN?



1. GERMAN INFANTRY. 2. FRENCH CAVALRY.

This map shows the German plan of invasion of France. Three armies are being hurled against the French. One entered Belgium and met with reverses. The other enters through Luxemburg and the third near Epinal. The objective point is Paris. As you read the day's news from the war follow the events here. Get this general plan of invasion well in your mind, locating the strategic points, and then the great mass of reports and rumors from the seat of war can be sifted much more intelligently.

NO LOANS FOR WAR WANTED BY WILSON

President Opposes the Idea of Floating Loans For the Fighting Nations in the United States.

Washington, August 13.—President Wilson was confronted today with the problem of whether American bankers shall be permitted to float loans in the United States for any of the countries engaged in the European war.

Though the president has not reached a final decision he is strongly opposed to the idea. The question arose through the desire of J. P. Morgan & Co. to float a loan of several hundred million dollars for the French government. Inquiry was made of the state department by the Morgan firm as to whether the flotation of such a loan would be regarded as a violation of neutrality. Secretary Bryan discussed the subject with the president, who is studying it carefully before returning a final answer.

Besides J. P. Morgan & Co., it is understood any New York banking house of prominence is desirous of floating a loan for Austria, but the state department has not yet been approached, so far as could be learned tonight, with any formal inquiry as to questions of neutrality involved.

No Provision Against Loans.

While there is no provision in the American neutrality statutes against loaning money to foreign nations and no international neutrality agreement forbids it, the president's judgment is that, if it were permitted, serious misunderstanding might ensue in Europe as to the real attitude of the American government and people toward the warring nations. A loan was floated for Japan during the Russo-Japanese war, but notwithstanding the precedent, it is President Wilson's belief that the influence of the American government ought to be exerted so far as possible toward reducing the length of the strife rather than adding elements for its prolongation. He likewise is opposed to sending large quantities of gold from the United States at a time when domestic financial needs are paramount.

The possibility of stirring up ill feel-

Continued on Page Three.

Followed by Shot and Shell German Cruiser Karlsruhe Flees From British Enemy

REFUSED THEIR PAY, MILITIAMEN MUTINY

Three Companies Ordered Out to Quell a Rebellious Battery.

Montgomery, Ala., August 13.—Three companies of infantry located in this city were ordered out tonight at 11 o'clock, armed with ball cartridges, to meet a special train returning from the Mobile encampment of artillery on which Battery B, of Montgomery, is traveling. The order followed an order from Adjutant General Scully at Mobile for the infantry to be called out as the battery mutinied just before the train left Mobile tonight.

It is claimed that the members of the battery were not paid off when camp broke today because of alleged missing military equiment. The men entrained, expecting to be paid on the cars. When pay was not forthcoming the men began to debark and a Mobile company was ordered out on riot call, the order later being rescinded. Captain Sam Roswold, of the battery, was arrested by Mobile police, but later released and will return to Montgomery tomorrow. Mobile police, with drawn guns, escorted the battery's special train beyond the city limits, the battery men having several times uncoupled cars from the train in the Mobile depot.

WOMAN CATCHES A SPY AND HE'S SHOT TO DEATH

Brussels, August 13.—(Via Paris, 7:50 p. m.)—A woman who caught a German spy on the train from Antwerp in the act of releasing carrier pigeons seized and held him until other passengers came to her assistance. The man was handed over to the military authorities. He was tried by court-martial and shot.

Long Range Duel Between the Little Bristol and the Large and Fast Warship of Kaiser.

AFTER FEW BROADSIDES GERMAN WARSHIP FLED

British Cruisers Came on German Warship Trying to Take Coal From the Liner Kronprinz Wilhelm.

Halifax, N. S., August 13.—For half an hour last Thursday night H. M. S. Bristol, the smallest British warship in the North Atlantic, fought a long-range duel with the Karlsruhe, the largest and fastest of the German cruisers, which have been trying to intercept British shipping on the North Atlantic.

Fleeing from the British cruiser Suffolk, which interrupted the Karlsruhe coaling at sea from the North-German Lloyd steamer Kronprinz Wilhelm, the German cruiser was intercepted at night by the Bristol southwest of Bermuda and for half an hour a long-range, running fight took place in the darkness.

Conditions for accurate gunnery were so unfavorable the vessels' broadsides did little damage. Although the Bristol's consorts were at least one hundred miles astern, the German would not stand and fight, according to the Brit-

Continued on Page Two.

Allied Forces Claim Defeat for Germans In Position Fights

London and Paris Report That the Germans Are Being Roughly Handled in Belgium. Switzerland Reports Germans Have Lost Heavily in Alsace, But Berlin Claims French Have Been Driven From German Territory. Rigid Censorship Over All War News.

That a great battle is impending between the Germans and the British, French and Belgian allies is the news that comes out of London. For days these opposing nations have been bringing up their forces, which now stretch in two long lines in northern Belgium and along the French frontier.

That the advance guards are in contact is evidenced by the reports of serious engagements at various points, perhaps the most important at Haelen.

Earl Kitchener, British secretary of state for war, has warned the British press against the publication of news, other than official, relating to naval and military movements. Infringement of the order will mean suspension.

Italy is reported to have mobolized about 250,000 troops on the Swiss and Austrian frontiers, as a precautionary measure. All passes over the Alps are strongly held. At the same time the Italian foreign office has summoned home for a conference on the war situation its ambassadors at Paris, St. Petersburg, London and Berlin.

The government of Holland has officially given the French government renewed assurances of neutrality and its intention to make this neutrality respected. Sixty thousand Dutch troops are on the line of the frontier and large areas of land have been flooded.

A number of wounded soldiers have arrived at Southampton from Belgium, and although their nationality has not been made known it is supposed they are British.

The Austrian troops have entered Russian Poland, where German troops also have been engaged, and Russian forces have captured the Austrian town of Sokal in Galicia, by assault.

The American ambassador will take over the Austrian embassy in London, the Austrian ambassador having departed.

Berlin Reported in Revolution

London, August 14.—(3:20 a. m.)—The Daily Citizen, organ of the labor party, says it has learned from reliable authority that Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the German socialist leader, has been shot for refusing military service.

The Daily Citizen says the story was brought to London by a German refugee, who reported that owing to the shortage of food, Berlin was in a virtual state of revolution.

Dr. Liebknecht was an officer of the reserves, and was called up for service. He refused to respond on conscientious grounds, whereupon, according to the story, a detachment of soldiers was sent to his residence. He was taken to the military barracks and court-martialed. After a short trial, he was convicted and shot.

It also is reported that Rosa Luxemburg, the noted socialist writer who declared soldiers were maltreated in the army, has been shot.

No People's War, Say German Prisoners

Paris, August 13.—(5:40 p. m.)—An official communication, issued tonight, says:

"German prisoners who have been questioned gave the impression they are broken in spirit and weak from hunger. They seem not to have been informed concerning the reason for the mobilization, and one man asked why war had been declared. Ac-

A FULL PAGE MAP OF THE EUROPE OF TODAY IN SEVEN COLORS!

Will appear in The Constitution of **SUNDAY, AUGUST 16—NEXT SUNDAY!**

It is absolutely up-to-date, **including the rearrangement of the lines of the Balkan states as settled only last year. After their war with Turkey they fought among themselves** over the distribution of the spoils, after driving Turkey almost from the map of Europe, leaving it only the meager strip between the mainland and the Bosphorous. This map shows every detail of this settlement.

No geography published contains as complete a map of Europe as this wonderful seven-color print from The Constitution's presses, occupying the first page of a section of next Sunday's Constitution. The new frontiers of the Balkan states are to be found in no geography **because they have just been made!**

This map should be in every home in Georgia! **GET IT FROM NEXT SUNDAY'S CONSTITUTION!**

cording to German opinion, 'das ist nicht ein volk skrieg, das ist ein offizier skrieg'—'this is not a people's war, but an officers' war.'"

Hour About to Strike for Battle To Decide the Future of Europe

London, August 13.—(11:45 p. m.)—The hour of the great battle which will have much to do with settling the future of Europe is appreciably nearer.

Reports of engagements, which, when the main armies meet, will be considered insignificant, have been coming in all day, showing that the cavalry screens, sometimes accompanied by infantry whose duty it is to find out what is going on behind, have come into contact in northern Belgium, near Haelen, and on the French frontier near Othain.

The meeting of these reconnoitering parties in force has resulted in some rather severe fighting, in which, according to the French and Belgian official accounts, the allies scored successes.

The other side of the story is still to be told, for Berlin remains silent. In fact, the German war office has had little to say since it reported the capture of the city of Liege. The position around that fortress is veiled in something of mystery. The Germans have resumed their attacks on the forts, but how they are progressing has not been communicated to the outside world.

Brussels had a report tonight that the forts had succeeded in silencing all the big German guns, but this is given little credence. It may be that, for the moment, the invaders have stopped their onslaught, either to rest or adopt some new means of gaining their objects.

Lorraine, for the present, seems to have been left out of the fighting, while Alsace, like western France, is the scene of engagements between the advance guards of the main German and French armies.

The Austrian army has commenced to move on Russian-Poland. No news has come from the Russo-German frontier, but much the same is going on there as in the other theaters of war. The German and Russian cavalry are busy trying to discover what the main armies are doing.

The British navy now virtually has cleared the trade routes of German and Austrian ships, or has, at least, got them so closely watched that the admiralty advises shipowners to send out their vessels as usual. Ships from all parts of the world arrived at English ports today, and, what is more important, steamers with provisions are coming from Scandinavian ports.

Murderous Struggle Continues Between Belgians and Germans

Belgian Reports Claim That Germans Are Being Repulsed With Heavy Losses — Barbarous Acts Charged to the Germans.

Brussels, August 13.—(Via London, 3:20 p. m.)—A Belgian official communication today says that a German force proceeding in the direction of Eghezee, to the north of Namur, was attacked and repulsed this morning by the Belgian troops. The Germans suffered several casualties. The Belgians captured a number of machine guns mounted on motor cars.

The fighting yesterday between the Belgian and German armies in the vicinity of Diest lasted the entire day and constituted the first considerable battle of the war. It will be known as the battle of Haelen.

Shells were still falling at 7:30 o'clock in the evening on the roads around Diest.

German Dead Thick.

The battle centered around Haelen, in the Belgian province of Limbourg, extending to Diest in the north of the province of Brabant after passing round Zeelhem.

At 7 o'clock last evening all the country between the three towns mentioned had been cleared of German troops except the dead and wounded, who were thickly strewn about the fire zone.

Upwards of 200 dead German soldiers were counted in a space of 50 yards square.

A church, a brewery and some houses in Haelen were set afire and two bridges over the Demer were destroyed by Belgian engineers.

Great quantities of booty were collected on the battlefield and this has been stacked in front of the town hall of Diest. Many horses also were captured.

The strength of the German column was about 5,000 men.

Another official communication today says:

"The Belgian cavalry division this morning took the offensive against the Germans who were defeated in yesterday's battle of Haelen with the object, it is believed, of picking up the dead and wounded and collecting the abandoned material of war.

"No German surprise was expected and there are no reasons to fear any German cavalry movements on Brussels from the south, all roads leading to the capital being guarded by the Belgian army and the civic guard."

Germans Lost 2,000 Men.

According to Le Soir, the German casualties during yesterday's fighting in the vicinity of Haelen totaled about 2,000, equally divided between killed and wounded. The Belgian casualties are not precisely known, but are declared to be only a few dead and wounded.

The newspaper adds that the German troops re-formed after being repulsed and that firing began again at 5 o'clock this morning when fresh Belgian troops were sent to the front in support of their comrades who had fought throughout yesterday.

The German troops in other parts of Belgium are understood to be gathering in all the railroad cars they can find. A passenger train near Warommes was halted by a German cavalry patrol and the passengers left in the open country, the train with its engineer being taken towards the German lines.

Yesterday at Tirlemont the Belgian lancers lost twenty-five killed, including Captain Knappen and Lieutenant Count Van DerUrch, while fighting against 2,000 German Uhlans. The latter lost 250 killed. The lancers were checked by machine guns, but the Belgian infantry stopped the Germans.

Germans Killing Wounded.

It is stated here today that the intervention of the neutral powers is to be asked for by the Belgian foreign minister through their diplomatic representatives in the Belgian capital in reference to alleged repeated violation by the German troops in Belgium of the Geneva and Hague conventions.

M. Davignon, the Belgian foreign minister, has drawn up a long list of cases declared to be fully attested of the killing of the wounded, abuse of the white flag, the killing of civilians and the seizure of private and public funds.

An official communication states that the forts at Liege still are holding out and that the Belgian troops to the west of the city resumed the offensive and after a sharp struggle drove the Germans back and recaptured ground that had been lost.

The Belgians have blown up a number of bridges on the railway lines in the German rear in the Landen district, thus cutting them off from their base of supplies.

German Troops Starving.

The German troops in Belgium and Luxemburg are said to be starving. In some of the dead officers' pockets raw potatoes were found, while the soldiers are said to have dug up unripe turnips and beets to eat.

A party of French dragoons, while reconnoitering, came upon a strong detachment of Uhlans whom they attacked and cut to pieces, killing fifty of them.

A party of 600 German prisoners arrived today at Ath, in the province of Hainaut.

Many horses, belonging to the German Uhlans found dead in Belgian Limbourg, were declared, after a post-mortem examination, to have starved to death.

Peasants report that the Germans are waging a war of extermination. They allege that the troops are firing on priests and are killing and wounding people indiscriminately. Whole villages, according to their stories, are being wiped out by the invaders.

Many German Prisoners.

Yesterday, for the first time, German prisoners were seen here. They were young officers with spiked helmets, covered with brown Holland cloth to render them less conspicuous. The Belgians fight at a disadvantage, as they are compelled to expose themselves in their ordinary uniforms, some of which, especially those of the cavalry, are brilliantly colored, while the Germans, of all rank, wear a gray field uniform, which easily melts into the grays and browns of roads and stubble-fields.

The Belgian authorities are preserving well the secret of operations of the military. A member of the chamber of deputies said yesterday that even he and his colleagues were ignorant of the whereabouts of any headquarters.

King Albert passed through Louvain yesterday in a travel-stained automobile. He was dressed in a general's uniform. Harrowing stories continue to be told of alleged German brutalities.

The Germans are accused of burning and pillaging villages and shooting villagers without provocation. It is alleged that whenever a German cavalry enters a town they make first for the municipal treasury and then for the banks, taking whatever cash they can find.

Germans Rushed on Death.

London, August 13.—(8:30 p. m.)—Germans engaged in the battle of Haelen, according to late details to the Exchange Telegraph company from Brussels, numbered more than 10,000, comprising cavalry, artillery and a small force of infantry. The Belgian force numbered about 7,000.

"It is believed," says the dispatch, "that the object of the Germans was to take a position north of the St. Trond road at Tirlemont, from which they could execute a turning movement against the Belgian army.

"Through efficient cavalry reconnaissance, the Belgian commander obtained accurate information of the movement of the attacking force. To reach Diest the Germans had to cross the river at Haelen, and before this place the Belgians took up their principal position, erecting barricades, building entrenchments and placing guns where they could be most effectively employed.

"The Germans came in sight about 11 o'clock in the morning and soon the artillery on both sides came into action. The German fire had little effect. The Belgian fire was deadly, even at a range of 2,000 metres, and played havoc with the German cavalry, which notwithstanding, continued to advance.

"The cavalry repeatedly charged, but owing to hedges and hillocks, could attack only in small groups. The Germans again and again hurled themselves at the barricades only to be shot down by the deadly Belgian fire.

"The attack on the bridges spanning the river was equally fierce. German officers urged their men to the attack, to meet almost certain death from the Belgian guns. Men and horses fell like flies, until, when almost shattered, the order for retreat was given at 6 o'clock in the evening.

"The German defeat was complete, their loss amounting to more than one thousand, and they retired in the greatest disorder. At nightfall they were making their way hastily towards Tongres."

MORTUARY

(All funeral notices appear on last page.)

Mrs. Minerva J. Nichols.

Mrs. Minerva J. Nichols, age 78 years, died at her home, 284 Luckie street, Thursday morning. She is survived by two sons, C. H. and Dr. S. D. Nichols; two daughters, Mrs. J. H. Tribble and Mrs. W. A. Justice; three brothers, W. H., E. P. and Early Rogers, and one sister, Mrs. V. A. Perry. The body is at Barclay & Brandon's chapel.

W. R. Claiborne.

W. R. Claiborne, age 56, died Thursday morning at his residence, 36 De Gress avenue. Surviving him are his wife, three sons, H. T., R. W. and James Claiborne, and two daughters, Mrs. R. E. Henry and Miss Hattie Claiborne.

Miss Rubie Battle Williams.

Miss Rubie Battle Williams, the 15-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Williams, died Thursday morning at 9:30 o'clock at the residence, 225 St. Charles avenue. She leaves four brothers, besides her parents.

COUNTRY EGGS 20c

No 10 Silver Leaf Lard $1.19

Golds White Rose, the World's Standard Lard . . . $1.25

Niagara Hams, 25c Value, lb. 19½c

24-lb. Bag $1 Flour . . 64c

20c Side Meat, lb. 12½c

Maxwell House Coffee . 28½c

CASH GROCERY CO., 37 S. Broad St.

Weather Prophecy
LOCAL THUNDERSHOWERS.

Georgia—Local thundershowers Friday and probably Saturday.

Local Report.

Lowest temperature	68
Highest temperature	86
Mean temperature	77
Normal temperature	76
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	.20
Deficiency since 1st of month, in.	1.09
Deficiency since January 1, inches	15.04

Reports From Various Stations.

STATIONS and state of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	High.	Rain 24 hrs inches
ATLANTA, pt. cldy.	76	86	.20
Birmingham, pt. cld	82	88	.00
Boston, clear	68	72	.00
Brownsville, clear	84	94	.00
Buffalo, cloudy	76	76	.00
Charleston, cloudy	82	92	.00
Chicago, clear	74	86	.82
Denver, clear	84	84	.00
Des Moines, clear	80	86	.02
Galveston, clear	82	86	.00
Hatteras, rain	76	86	1.20
Havre, clear	86	86	.00
Jacksonville, clear	82	92	.00
Kansas City, clear	84	90	.00
Knoxville, cloudy	78	84	.98
Louisville, cloudy	80	86	.00
Memphis, cloudy	80	84	.00
Miami, pt cloudy	82	84	.04
Mobile, clear	82	88	.00
Montgomery, clear	86	90	.54
Nashville, clear	80	84	.00
New Orleans, cldy	80	90	.86
New York, clear	74	80	.07
Oklahoma, cloudy	76	82	.00
Pittsburg, clear	76	82	.00
Portland, clear	86	90	.00
Raleigh, cloudy	80	84	.00
San Francisco, clr.	62	64	.00
St. Louis, rain	72	92	.40
St. Paul, clear	70	76	.00
Salt Lake City, clr.	92	94	.00
Shreveport, cloudy	72	86	.50
Spokane, clear	96	96	.00
Tampa, cloudy	78	92	.72
Toledo, cloudy	70	84	.00
Washington, clody.	72	80	.00

C. F. von HERRMANN.
Section Director.

AUSTRIANS LOSE TO THE RUSSIANS

St. Petersburg Reports a Town Taken in Galicia. Also Claimed the Germans Have Been Repulsed.

St. Petersburg, August 13.—(Via London, 2:45 p. m.)—A Russian force has taken the town of Sokal, Austrian Galicia, by assault, inflicting heavy casualties on the Austrian garrison, according to a semi-official announcement.

The Austrian garrison consisted of two infantry battalions, a regiment of lancers and a regiment of hussars. After dislodging them, the Russian cavalry pursued the Austrians across the river Bug and blew up two bridges and a viaduct.

Several houses in Sokal, which is 45 miles northeast of Lemborg, were set on fire and burned to the ground by the Russian troops, because civilians had fired from them on the attacking force.

The Russians captured some military building material, pontoons and telegraph instruments.

According to a semi-official dispatch, the German troops before Kalisz, Russian Poland, have issued a proclamation stating that every tenth inhabitant of Kolisz will be shot in the event of further resistance.

A mass was celebrated today at the Russian ministry of finance in memory of M. Nokolof, the city treasurer of Kalisz, said to have been shot by the German troops while at his post.

The Grand Duke Constantinovitch has given the famous marble palace in St. Petersburg as a hospital.

The following official communication has been issued:

"On August 10 and 11, the enemy made careful reconnaissance on the frontiers of the governments of Kovno and Suwalki. A German detachment of four battalions, three squadrons of cavalry and eighteen cannon attacked Eydtkuhnen, east Prussia, but was repulsed."

It is stated that Grand Duke Nicholas Michaelovitch soon will join the active army and it is believed that most of the male members of the imperial family will follow his example. The Grand Duke Constantine has endowed a field hospital with fifty beds. The Grand Duchesses Marie and Helene have volunteered as hospital nurses.

BRITISH SHIP PUTS GERMAN TO FLIGHT

Cointinued From Page One.

ish participants, drew away from the Bristol and after half an hour was out of range, making off south toward San Juan, where she put in for coal some days ago.

Details of the Fight.

Details of this action, the first single ship fight in which a British warship has engaged in these waters in a hundred years, were brought to Halifax today by H. M. S. Suffolk, the flagship of Rear Admiral Cradock, commanding the Fourth cruiser squadron.

"We were steaming north Thursday morning last and the crew had just been ordered to general stations when from the foremost head came the hail 'enemy on the port bow,'" said the flag captain of the Suffolk in an official statement today.

"The order 'clear ship for action' was given.

"Off the port bow, 11 or 12 miles away, we could see the Karlsruhe and the Kronprinz Wilhelm. The Karlsruhe had her boats out, coaling from the North German Lloyd ship and as we hurried down toward her it was in the hope she had run so short in her bunkers we could catch her.

"As soon as the Germans sighted us they took to their heels. The Karlsruhe did not even stop to pick up her boats. Her men clambered aboard as best they could and she hustled to the northward while the Kronprinz Wilhelm steered to the east.

"Nineteen thousand yards was the closest we got to our quarry. The Bristol was north of us, and the Berwick south. We called both by wireless and ordered them to aid in the chase. The Berwick tried to cut off the Kronprinz Wilhelm, while the Bristol took a position to intercept the Karlsruhe. All afternoon we raced after the fleeing German. By five o'clock her smoke had disappeared.

German Cruiser Took to Heels.

"At nine o'clock that night a wireless from the Bristol said 'enemy in sight.' A few minutes later came the message 'we are engaging the enemy.'

"We had no fear of the result if the German stood up to the Bristol, for we were all sure that our fellows could whip the Karlsruhe easily at close quarters, but we raced on for all we were worth.

"The Karlsruhe had the heels of the Bristol, too. They were in action for just about half an hour. For a few minutes the German stood up and the ships fought broadside to broadside. After a few minutes, however, the Karlsruhe turned and ran. The Bristol chased her, firing her forward six-inchers.

"It was pitch dark and the sea was heavy. Not one of the German shells landed, but our chaps think they got some shots aboard the Karlsruhe. However, in long range fighting under those conditions it is pretty difficult to do much."

"The Suffolk, Berwick and Bristol cruised together for several days, but could get no trace of the Karlsruhe or her consort, and finally we heard she had put into Porto Rico for coal."

Information was given out here on the arrival of the Suffolk that in the past ten days the fourth cruiser squadron has made the north Atlantic safe for British shipping. Not a hostile ship is north of the West Indies now, she reported, and those farther south, it was assumed, are encountering difficulties in keeping the sea and procuring supplies.

A big fleet of British cruisers is on the way to Halifax to assist in guarding the trade routes. The first of these ships, the Good Hope, will be at Halifax tomorrow.

WILSON ASKS FUNDS FOR VICTIMS OF WAR

As Head of the American Red Cross the President Issues An Appeal.

Washington, August 13.—President Wilson, in his capacity as head of the American Red Cross, today appealed to the American people to contribute money for the relief of sick and wounded soldiers of the warring European nations. The appeal was as follows:

"To the People of the United States:

"The present wars in Europe are certain to impose upon the Red Cross of the nations engaged a burden which demands the sympathy and aid of the world.

"The American Red Cross is earnestly desirous of assisting its sister societies in their endeavors to alleviate distress and suffering among the combatants; and, therefore, appeals for funds to be expended impartially for the relief of the sick and wounded soldiers of the nations at war.

"Contributions for this purpose may be sent to the American Red Cross, Washington, D. C., or to local treasurers of the society in other cities. I confidently hope that the humanity and liberality of the people of the United States, so often manifested in the past, will cause them to respond promptly and generously to this appeal.

"WOODROW WILSON,
"President of American Red Cross."

The Red Cross announced that its services were available as a medium for the transmission of aid to the Red Cross societies of the countries involved in the war, to all natives of such countries, now resident in the United States, and to all Austro-Hungarians, Belgiums, British, French, German, Russian and Servian associations in the United States.

JONES CASH STORE
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If There Must Be War, Let's Have It.

No. 10 Snow Drift Lard; no limit	89c
No. 10 Silver Leaf Lard; no limit	$1.26
24-lb. Famous Monogram Flour; no limit	66c
24-lb. Postel's Elegant Flour; no limit	87c
24-lb. Diamond Patent Flour; no limit	82½c
24-lb. Gold Medal Flour; no limit	78c
24-lb. Best Self-Rising Flour; no limit	77c
Large Head Lettuce; each	7½c
Lemons—no limit; dozen	10c
Egg Plants; no limit; 3 for	10c
Libby's Pork and Beans; no limit; 15c size	10c
60-lb. Tub Compound Lard	$5.24

As low as anybody on Sugar.
See Saturday's Constitution for other specials.

Thousands Lost by Germans In the Battle Fought in Alsace

Hospital Proved Inadequate to Care For Wounded — Official Report by French War Department.

London, August 13.—(7:30 a. m.)—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Basel, Switzerland, says:

"Following a terrible battle at Muelhausen the hospital facilities proved absolutely inadequate to care for the almost incredible number of wounded. Not only are all the hospitals filled, but schools, churches and hotels are occupied to their capacity. Even then it has been found necessary to charter special trains to convey the wounded to Muelheim and St. Ludwig and other towns.

"The latest estimates place the German losses at from eight to ten thousand.

French Victory Claimed.

London, August 13.—(12:15 p. m.)—A dispatch from the French foreign minister issued by the French embassy here today reiterates that the French troops behind Muelhausen, Alsace, "have not retired, but have victoriously resisted an entire German army corps."

The minister adds:

"The Belgian army and the forts around Liege are intact and are prepared to resist all attacks.

"There has been no important change in Lorraine and there is no truth in the report that the Sixteenth regiment of French infantry was taken prisoners by the Germans at Briey in the department of Meurth-et-Moselle."

At the end of his dispatch the French minister says "France is gratified by the attitude of America."

Official Report of Fighting.

Paris, August 13.—An official report of the fighting between the French and Germans in the vicinity of Pont-a-Mousson, north of Nancy, says:

"The fighting which started on August 11 was continued on August 12 under thrilling conditions for the French. The phase was an attack on two French battalions by German forces greatly superior in number. The two French battalions fell back, but being reinforced during the night assumed the offensive well supported by artillery.

"This counter attack caused the Germans to retreat precipitately, leaving behind them a large number of killed, wounded and prisoners.

"The Germans abandoned a battery of artillery, three machine guns and several wagon loads of ammunition.

"The French troops followed up their advantage and on Wednesday a French battery surprised the Twenty-first Baden Dragoon regiment while the men were dismounted. In a few minutes this regiment was destroyed.

"The effect of this double success was immediately perceptible. Not only was the forward movement of the German troops stopped, but their columns fell back, closely followed by French. In the course of this pursuit the French found on a hill and in neighboring villages many German soldiers who had been wounded in the fight on August 11.

"Nine German officers and 1,000 wounded men fell into the French hands as prisoners.

"The poor quality of the projectiles used by the German heavy artillery was convincingly demonstrated during the bombardment of Pont-a-Mousson. More than 100 shells containing enormous charges of explosives, weighing altogether 220 pounds each, were fired from a battery of twenty-one centimetre mortars at a distance of about 6¼ miles. The total result of this avalanche of iron explosives was four killed and twelve wounded in the town."

Victory Claimed by Germans In the Fighting at Muelhausen

Berlin August 13—(By direct wireless from Nauen, Germany, to the Goldschmidt Wireless company's station at Tuckerton, N. J.)—The German troops took 120 French officers and 1,100 French soldiers prisoners in the fighting at Muelhausen, Alsace. They also captured four French cannon.

Another 1,000 French officers and men were taken prisoners by the Germans in the fight near Longwy.

German soil is now entirely cleared of French troops.

U. S. ARMY TRANSPORTS TO RESCUE AMERICANS

Other Vessels Will Be Chartered to Bring Home Stranded Tourists.

Washington, August 13.—Five army transports and the Panama railroad steamer Christobal will be sent abroad as soon as they can be made ready to bring home Americans stranded in European water zones. These vessels will accommodate 8,000 persons; several thousands more will be taken care of by ships to be chartered by diplomats at foreign ports and regular liners under neutral flags are expected within the next thirty days to transport 9,000.

Secretary Garrison laid this outlook before the national relief board today, and received approval of his plan to dispatch government vessels. Ambassador Page, at London, reported today that he had authorized the chartering of a steamer there. Ambassador Page, at Rome, is expected to get a ship with accommodations for 1,000 passengers.

The five army transports to be employed—the Sumner, Kilpatrick, Denver, City of Macon and City of Memphis—now are at Galveston. They were ordered to night to Newport News, Va., to be outfitted.

"It is hoped it will take only a few days at Newport News to complete their equipment," said Secretary Garrison. "The ports for which they will sail has not been settled; it will be determined by the conditions found to exist at the time."

Secretary Bryan today issued a warning to Americans against making "unnecessary" visits to Europe. Neutralized American citizens were especially urged to refrain from visiting their countries of origin or countries which are at war therewith.

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All Dental Work at Lowest Prices and All Work GUARANTEED
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How to Find Desirable Rooms or Board

The Constitution conducts a Bureau of Boarding and Rooming House Information for the benefit of the public.

Everyone is invited to use it free of charge.

Experienced clerks are in charge of this department, who are thoroughly in touch with the most desirable places and can be of great assistance to you in finding a home.

Those who have rooms to rent or conduct boarding houses will find that they are quickly taken when listed with The Constitution Boarding and Rooming House Information Bureau.

Telephone M. 5000; Atl. 5001.

25 PERSONS INJURED IN RAILROAD WRECK

Two Passenger Coaches of Tennessee Central Train Roll Down Embankment.

Nashville, Tenn., August 13.—Twenty-five persons were injured at Mount Juliet, Tenn., in a Tennessee Central wreck, late today.

Two passenger coaches and the baggage car jumped the track. The cars rolled over an embankment. A relief train sent out from Nashville brought the injured to this city tonight. The officials of the road say the cause of the wreck is unknown. It occurred on a straight stretch of track.

At least nine of the persons are believed to have been seriously injured. These are:

William Hull, of Carthage, Tenn., aged 73, father of Congressman Cordell Hull.

Mrs. W. D. Fisher, of Donelson, Tenn.

Mrs. Anne Jones, Trenton, Ky.

Dr. J. I. D. Hinds, Lebanon, Tenn., well-known southern educator.

Thomas Englehardt, merchant, Nashville.

Bruce Woolard, Lebanon, Tenn.

W. A. Godwin, aged 22, Nashville, express messenger.

Misses Ruth and Anna Lois Mann, Birmingham, Ala.

WOUNDED SOLDIERS ARRIVE IN ENGLAND

London, August 13.—(3:30 p. m.)—A number of wounded troops arrived at Southampton today from Belgium. The report did not say to which army they belonged.

The Austrian steamship Izrada has been captured off Land's End by a British gunboat and brought to Mounts Bay. So far as is known this is the first Austrian prize captured by Great Britain.

The Prince of Wales' relief fund for sufferers from the war totalled today $4,325,000.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove. The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. Drives out Malaria, enriches Blood, Builds up the Whole System. 50c.

JACOBS' WAR MAP OF EUROPE

Showing the war strength of the armies and navies of the nations in conflict; also the area, population, financial resources, public debt, and other pertinent statistics of the powers.

Price 25c

War News

That affects your pocketbook: Rubber goods advancing. All manufacturers have sent out notices of advances from 20 to 25 per cent. We have not advanced as yet, but will be forced to do so as fast as supplies are exhausted.

Act now—get what Rubber goods you may require and SAVE MONEY.

Eleven Stores

MONEY TO LOAN ON Diamonds and Automobiles
HARRY MAY
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WHERE SOCIETY GOES
GRAND PHOTO-PLAYS DE LUXE
4 Shows Daily, 2:00, 3:30, 7:30 & 9
Afternoons 10c, Evenings 10c & 15c
TODAY AND SAT. DUSTIN FARNUM IN "THE SQUAW MAN" The Great Western Picture
ALL NEXT WEEK GEO. KLEINE'S "Spartacus" WORLD'S BIGGEST PICTURE

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ALL THIS WEEK
Jewell Kelley Co.
Presenting
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Why, just think, while others here and all over the country are raising prices—talking war—the great HIGH GROCERY DEPARTMENT meets the occasion with

Sharp Reductions

But we would advise purchases Friday and Saturday for all the cash you can spare. We work hard to get you these low prices. But we cannot tell what a day may bring forth. When we advertise anything we always aim to have enough to supply the customers for a full day, unless we specify shorter hours.

Quality
Always stands
First
Here or it does not find a place in our store.

SPECIAL
HAMS—ARMOUR'S "STAR" at lower price than ordinary meats
lb. 19¼c
10 to 12 lbs.—Limit 1.

STRING BEANS
2c Quart
FRESH PICKED.

"SNOWDRIFT"
The Famous, Best Shortening, No 10 Tin,
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Limit 1—No Phones.

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Just Got Hold of a Fresh Lot Assorted 20c lb. CAKES. Fresh from the OVENS. We will sell in 2-lb. lots
Only
FRIDAY and SATURDAY at
10c lb.

Notice
Have the Telephone Clerks Read off the Dollar Assortments for Friday and Saturday—and order freely.
IT'S YOUR GROCERY STORE So Different from any Others.

J. M. HIGH CO.
Big Sale of Remnants, White and Colored Wash Goods
In lengths of 2 to 10 yards. Beginning this wonderful sale at
8:30 A. M. Sharp TODAY
Do not miss this important sale, there are many lengths, will be just right for the children's school dresses.
50c Silk Tussah.
50c Ratine.
39c Tub Silk.
39c Silk Crepe.
35c Eponge.
29c Eponge Ratine.
25c Striped Voile.
25c Figured Voile.
25c New Cloth.
25c Colored Swiss.
25c Irish Dimities.
25c Box Loom Crepe.
25c Rice Cloth.
19c Kate Greenaway.
19c Tissue (Striped.)
25c Poplin.
15c Galatea.
15c Striped and Checked Gingham.
12½c Gingham.
12½c Percales.
15c, 20c and 25c White Dimities.
15c Underwear Crepe.
19c Underwear Crepe.
15c Linene.
CHOICE
11c
A YARD
We would advise your coming early to this Remnant Sale—it's about the very last of the season.
J. M. HIGH CO.

Special

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Today and Saturday

Several styles of Men's Tan Russia Calf, Gun Metal Calf and Black Vici Kid Low Shoes, at

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These are our own Byck's Brand and are splendid values at $4.50, their regular price.

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Early shipments account for all our Foreign Fall Woolens being here.

They are on display now.

It is difficult to describe them without using hackneyed expressions; and while it is trite to say beautiful patterns and handsome designs, yet the two words, beautiful, handsome, are just the words that appear first at the door of the mind when one sees the foreign fabrics that adorn the department of Tailoring just now.

Under the guidance of our competent designer, one of these patterns can be made into a suit that will amply sustain your good reputation and lend a style that will add to the joy of living.

Order today: We will deliver when the nip in the air urges a change of garments.

$50 and Up

—Tailoring, Third Floor

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.

GOUGING PRICES WILL BE PROBED

President Wilson Orders Department of Justice to Investigate Increases in Prices of Foodstuffs.

Washington, August 13.—President Wilson set the machinery of the federal government in motion to determine whether the cost of living is being increased "upon the pretext of the conditions existing in Europe." He called upon Attorney General McReynolds to report if criminal prosecutions were warranted, and if any new laws were necessary. The president may send a special message to congress in the latter event.

"Certainly the country ought to be defended," the president wrote to the attorney general, "if possible, against men who would take advantage of such circumstances to increase the price of food and the difficulties of living."

Attorney General McReynolds at once set at work the bureau of investigation of the department of justice, with hundreds of agents throughout the country. Agents of the department of commerce also were started upon the inquiry, and Secretary Redfield conferred with Secretary Houston, of the department of agriculture.

Within a few hours from the time the president acted three of the executive departments of the government were moving to learn the cause of the soaring prices of food throughout the country.

Result of Manipulations.

Some officials who believe the greater proportion of price increases have no connection whatever with the European war, but are the result of manipulations, attempts at corners or individual efforts of dealers, contend that the "conspiracy" section of the Sherman law covers the situation. Attorney General McReynolds, however, will give an opinion on that feature to the president later.

Congressmen who already have introduced resolutions to investigate the rise in prices, and others who are preparing similar measures viewed the action of the administration with satisfaction. They pointed out that, while flour particularly has taken a great jump in price, wheat exports practically are paralyzed, and millions of bushels are piled up in elevators or in freight cars strung across the continent.

Secretary Redfield wrote Chairman Adamson, of the house commerce committee, suggesting an appropriation of $10,000 for his part of the investigation.

"If the present temporary stoppage of trade with foreign countries is made the basis for an attempt in this country to put up prices artificially," said the secretary, "it is unpatriotic, I may say even damnable."

The food question was the first into which President Wilson plunged when he went back to his desk today after his return from Rome, Ga., where he buried Mrs. Wilson.

President Wilson's Letter.

President Wilson's letter to the attorney general follows:

"The rapid and unwarranted increase in the prices of foodstuffs in this country upon the pretext of the conditions existing in Europe is so serious and vital a matter that I take the liberty of calling your attention to it.

"I would be very much obliged if you would advise me whether there is under existing law any action which the department of justice could take, either by way of investigation or legal process and what federal legislation, if any, would in your judgment be justifiable and warrantable in the circumstances.

"I feel that this is a matter which we cannot let pass by without trying to serve the country. Certainly the country ought to be defended, if possible, against men who would take advantage of such circumstances to increase the price of food and the difficulties of living.

"Faithfully yours,

"WOODROW WILSON."

New York Begins Probe.

New York, August 13.—Vigorous and searching inquiry into the causes for the swift rise in food prices was begun today by the district attorney and committee of 133 citizens with George W. Perkins as chairman. He was appointed by Mayor Mitchel. The district attorney's inquiry contemplates a possible John Doe investigation and grand jury action; the mayor's committee in addition will endeavor to ascertain what steps, if any, can be taken by the city authorities to stem the upward trend.

"How much of the increase in prices is attributable to legitimate greater demands, how much is due to a selfish hoarding of provisions and how much is ascribable to rapacity of unscrupulous dealers is a matter for examination," reads a statement issued by the mayor.

Probe For Atlanta Prices.

Washington, August 13.—Attorney General McReynolds tonight telegraphed to the United States district attorneys at Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Buffalo, Seattle, Portland, Ore., Detroit, Kansas City, Mo., Omaha, Louisville, Ky., Galveston, St. Paul, Denver, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Cleveland, Dallas, Atlanta, Norfolk and New Orleans, instructing them to get information and suggest steps to be taken regarding marked increases in food stuffs prices.

The same instructions were mailed to every district attorney in the country.

SENATE RATIFIES 18 PEACE PACTS

Washington, August 13.—Eighteen of the twenty peace treaties with foreign nations, providing for commissions of inquiry before resort to arms in international disputes which ordinary resources of diplomacy fail to settle, were ratified today by the senate.

Treaties ratified are with Norway, The Netherlands, Portugal, Switzerland, Denmark, Italy, Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Bolivia, Persia, Costa Rico, Venezuela, Uruguay, Argentina, Brazil and Chile.

Postponement of action on pacts with the Dominican Republic and Panama was determined upon after spirited debate over present relations between the United States and those republics. The United States is attempting to settle a revolution in San Domingo, and it was suggested that the pending agreement might conflict with existing treaties.

Fall Led Opposition.

Senator Fall led opposition to ratification of the Panama treaty in its present form. Under the Panama canal act, ships of that republic may pass through the canal free of tolls. Senator Fall urged that any new convention should prevent the possibility of complications arising through an alliance with foreign interests by citizens of Panama to purchase ships.

The treaties ratified are generally of the same character and scope. They provide for the creation of an international commission with each country with which disputes may arise in the future which diplomatic methods fail to adjust, shall be referred for investigation and report, and the parties to the treaties agree not to declare war or begin hostilities during such investigation and before the report is submitted. The life of the treaties is limited to five years. The contracting parties are not bound by the finding of facts as made by the international commission, but each reserve the right to act independently upon the dispute after the report of the commission shall be submitted.

The War in Europe.

In its report the foreign relations committee, referring to the war in Europe, said:

"The main purposes of these treaties is to give time for nations engaged in international controversies to reflect and to afford opportunity for passion to subside before hostilities shall begin; before the passions of war shall have inflamed a nation an opportunity is given for the influences of peace and reason to prevail. It is believed that the existence of such treaties as these will be most potential in preventing the precipitation of sudden wars such as now exist in Europe."

Treaties with Salvador, Guatemala, Panama, Honduras, Nicaragua and Persia contained a provision which the senate eliminated, providing that the contracting parties agree not to increase their naval or military programs unless danger from a third power should compel such increase pending report of the international commission. The committee agreed that this provision "would produce complications, and might embarrass this government far more than benefit it."

EFFECT OF WAR ON AGRICULTURE

Discussed by Secretary Houston—Sees Increased Demand For Grain, But Cotton Meets Difficulty.

Washington, August 13.—The effect of the European war upon agriculture in the United States was discussed today for the first time by Secretary Houston, who pointed out that the United States was practically the only large food-producing country undisturbed.

"If Germany and Austria cannot control the high seas," he said, "it will be very difficult for food supplies from this country to reach them. This would not have a very serious effect on our exports because a very small proportion is taken by these countries. Of the wheat and wheat flour exported in 1913—about 140,000,000 bushels—only 12,000,000 went to Germany and Austria. If they were to control the high seas, it would seriously interfere with the marketing of the greater part of the foodstuffs we export.

If Allies Control the Seas.

"If, on the other hand, England, France and Russia control the high seas, we should be able to market in the near future without great difficulty the great mass of our exportable food products. Even if they cannot control the seas, they are going to take every sort of reasonable risk to get supplies, and on account of their extensive shore lines and large shipping facilities, they would doubtless secure a very considerable part of what they need."

Secretary Houston pointed out that cotton corn, wheat and meat products constituted the largest proportion of agricultural exports. He said that his department's statistics of production and exports of corn showed a decrease of over 600,000,000 bushels in 1913 and 1912 and added, "It does not seem to me likely that we are going to have a very large amount of corn to export."

Importation of corn the past year exceeded exports by nearly 2,000,000 bushels and with the crop for the present year 500,000,000 bushels less than that of 1912, Mr. Houston thinks it probable that this country could consume it all without much reduction in price, if any. The demand from abroad for corn for food is expected to help to maintain the present prices.

Crops Bad in Europe.

"This season," said the secretary, "has been unfavorable for crops in Europe, as a result of which there undoubtedly is some shortage, now estimated at approximately 300,000,000 bushels. This shortage may be further increased by distruction of the crops or failure to harvest them through the diversion of laborers into the army. All these factors will tend to increase the demand abroad for American wheat and strengthen prices. If there is an increased foreign demand for wheat we can certainly supply it, but can they get it?"

"Omitting the ships plying to the Orient and to the south and taking into account only the ships that clear for Europe from the United States, we know that in 1912 the tonnage of merchant vessels was 17,727,000 tons. Of that 17,000,000 tons, 2,900,000 tons belong to neutral countries and 10,800,000 to England, France or Russia. Only 3,300,000 belong to Germany and Austria.

"If these countries want foodstuffs from this country (and this is one of the few countries from which they can get them because it is one of the few large food-producing countries at present undisturbed), they will not depend exclusively upon shipping customarily clearing from this country. They will regard food just as much a military necessity as arms or ammunition and they will be just as desirous of getting it. 'Armies fight on their bellies.'

Great Opportunity for America.

"If congress takes advantage promptly of the present situation and enacts legislation for the enlargement of the merchant marines under the American flag, not only would great temporary relief be afforded, but a permanent advance would be made.

"The greatest problem," said the secretary, "is the cotton situation. Many factories in France are in the war zone, Russia will be affected and if England can get the cotton and market it there is no special reason why she should not continue her manufacturing on a considerable scale. I do not see how any disturbance will come to the English manufacturers as far as labor is concerned. The neutral countries, Italy, Japan, Spain and the United States, will seek to increase output and find larger amounts.

"Making every allowance, it seems likely there will be difficulty in disposing of at least from 3,000,000 to 4,000,000 bales of cotton. Probably considerable local relief can be afforded the producers of cotton. It remains to be considered whether the government through the treasury acting under the Aldrich-Vreeland act, or whether the federal reserve board can furnish relief. If they can do so, adequate business arrangements can be made."

CITIZENS OF HALIFAX COAL CRUISER SUFFOLK

Halifax, N. S., August 13.—Halifax citizens of all classes showed their patriotism today by voluntarily coaling the British cruiser Suffolk, which arrived in port early this afternoon. The crew of the Mauretania, 200 men from the Sixty-third regiment and hundreds of citizens volunteered for the job. The crew of the cruiser consequently was able to enjoy a much needed rest.

ITALY IS MOBILIZING ON AUSTRIAN FRONTIER

Geneva, Switzerland, August 13.—(Via Paris, 12:46 p. m.)—Italy has mobilized between 200,000 and 250,000 troops on the Swiss and Austrian frontier as a precautionary measure. All the high passes over the Alps are guarded.

BRITAIN DECLARES WAR ON AUSTRIA

Austria Is Charged With Throwing Europe Into Hostilities—France Also Declares War on Austria.

London, August 13.—It is officially announced that a state of war has existed between Great Britain and Austria-Hungary since midnight.

The British foreign office later issued the following statement:

"Diplomatic relations between France and Austria-Hungary being broken off the French government requested His Majesty's government to communicate to the Autsro-Hungarian ambassador in London the following declaration:

"'Having declared war on Servia and thus taken the initiative in hostilities in Europe the Austro-Hungarian government has placed itself without any provocation from France in a state of war with France and after Germany has successively declared war against Russia and France, Austria-Hungary has interfered in the conflict by declaring war on Russia who already was fighting on the side of France. According to information worthy of belief Austria-Hungary has sent troops over the German frontier in such a manner as to constitute a direct menace against France. In face of these facts the French government finds itself obliged to declare to the Austro-Hungarian government that it will take all measures permitted to it to reply to these facts and menaces.'

"In communicating this declaration, accordingly, to the Austro-Hungarian ambassador in London, His Brittanic Majestic's government has declared to His Excellency that the rupture with France having been brought about in this way it feels itself obliged to announce that a state of war exists between Great Britain and Austria-Hungary as from midnight."

France Wars on Austria.

Paris, August 13.—(1:20 p. m.)—The official declaration of war by France on Austria-Hungary was made public here today.

NO LOANS FOR WAR WANTED BY WILSON

Cointinued From Page One.

ing among the numerous bodies of citizens in the United States of particular sympathies in the European war also is regarded by the president as a potent reason for discouraging the floating of loans. By preserving strict neutrality he believes the position of the United States will be most secure in the present emergency and less likely to leave ill effects after the war is over.

View of the Bankers.

On the side of the bankers, however, the argument advanced is that the floating of loans is a purely commercial transaction in which the government is not obliged to interfere. The bankers do not desire government aid or guarantee, but merely the assurance that their action would not be regarded as a violation of neutrality.

Gold, like coal or any other war supply, has been regarded as contraband on the high seas and subject to seizure. So, if the American government permitted the flotation of a loan to France, American bankers would send their hundreds of millions across the seas subject to capture by German or Austrian ships and could not expect help from the American government in securing reimbursement for any losses sustained.

The entire question will be discussed at tomorrow's cabinet meeting, but those in close touch with President Wilson predicted tonight that the American government would try to discourage the floating of loans to France, Austria or any of the other belligerents.

J. P. Morgan arrived here tonight to attend a conference tomorrow with President Wilson and Secretary McAdoo of bankers and business men to devise means for the movement of crops to Europe. It could not be learned whether he will discuss with officials the subject of foreign loans while in the capital.

KODAK FINISHING

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$5 Silk Shirts At $2.95

These Shirts are Our Regular $5 Stock. Many beautiful and striking patterns.

A very unusual opportunity on this class of goods.

L. C. Adler

116 Peachtree

Do You Want to See The

State Capitol Moved to Macon?

A Vote For

Judge Nat E. Harris

The Macon Candidate For Governor, Is, in Effect, a Vote For

Capitol Removal

Judge Harris may tell you that Capitol removal is a dead issue.

But The Macon News says it is an exceedingly live one, and that Atlanta had better look to her laurels.

Who is right, the candidate or the leader of the capitol removal fight?

Suppose the people of Bibb should demand of Judge Harris as governor: "We must have the state capitol."

Would he reply: "My friends, that is a dead issue; go home and forget it."

Not for a moment. Can you even imagine it?

The people of Atlanta are not ready to lose the state capitol, nor are they ready to take any such chances.

Their interests lie in the election of a live, active and progressive governor, who has no interest in capitol removal, but who knows Georgia's finances and Georgia's needs and how to meet them.

They are going to vote for—

RANDOLPH ANDERSON

SALE OF WHITE SHOES

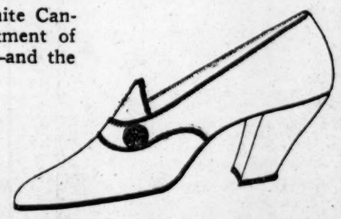
Highs ATLANTA'S BIGGEST AND BEST STORE

And you have months to wear them, this Summer and Fall.

The manufacturers have sent us nearly 2,000 pairs Women's "White Canvas" and "Nubuck" Pumps, Button and Lace Oxfords, in good assortment of sizes—ten different styles. Regular $2.50 to $3.50 Shoes. All perfect—and the offer today and Saturday at the SENSATIONALLY low price—

$1.00 Pair

Why not get 2 or 3 pairs while you are at it? Sorosis Shoe Department open Saturday until 9 p. m., in the Annex, Whitehall Street.



J. M. HIGH CO. J. M. HIGH CO.

MILLIONS SAVED COTTON GROWERS

Measure to Bar Dishonest Deals in Cotton Futures Passed — Senator Hoke Smith Explains Measure.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, August 13.—(Special.)—Senator Hoke Smith called up in the senate today the conference report on the cotton futures bill and secured its adoption.

This measure has already been approved by the house and will now go to the president for his signature.

This act proposes to regulate the dealings in cotton futures on all exchanges in the United States; to provide for the standardization of "upland" and "gulf" cottons by the department of agriculture and requires that all exchanges shall recognize these standards and deal in them exclusively in settling contracts on cash basis the commercial differences that prevailed in five actual spot cotton markets shall determine the price of the different grades. Upon each contract which does not comply with the terms of the law a penalty of 2 cents a pound, or $10 a bale, which would mean $1,000 on each 100-bale contract is levied.

Each future contract shall be in writing, give the name of the buyer and seller, the amount of cotton traded in, and shall be signed by each party to the contract or his agent.

To Prepare Standards of Cotton.

The department is authorized to prepare new standards of cotton to be furnished in practical form to any person who applies at a reasonable price. This feature of the bill is covered in the following paragraph:

"That the secretary of agriculture is authorized, from time to time to establish and promulgate standards of cotton by which its quality or value may be judged or determined, including its grade, length of staple, strength of staple, color and such other qualities, properties and conditions as may be standardized in practical form, which, for the purposes of this act, shall be known as the 'Official cotton standards of the United States,' and to adopt, change, or replace the standard for any grade of cotton established under the act making appropriations for the department of agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1909 (thirty-fifth statutes-at-large, page 251), and acts supplementary thereto: 'Provided, that any standard of any cotton established and promulgated under this act by the secretary of agriculture shall not be changed or replaced within a period less than one year from and after the date of the promulgation thereof by the secretary of agriculture; provided further,

"That, subsequent to six months after the date section 3 of this act becomes effective, no change or replacement of any standard of any cotton established and promulgated under this act by the secretary of agriculture shall become effective until after one year's public notice thereof, which notice shall specify the date when the same is to become effective.'"

Hoke Smith Explains Bill.

Speaking of the measure, Senator Hoke Smith, who was a member of the conference committee, said:

"The cotton exchange bill is not exactly what I wish, but it will bring great relief to the south. It will break up the dishonest system of sales used by the New York cotton exchange, which I do not doubt has cost the cotton growers of the south at least $5 a bale for the past 25 years.

"Upon the new cotton exchange they sell cotton for future delivery. The sales during each month are made for delivery during the month of sale and for the eleven succeeding months, and the prices at which they sell cotton for future delivery are published each day in nearly every paper in the United States which carries telegraphic dispatches. They are also published in England and in all parts of Europe, Japan and China. They are published much more than all other publications of cotton prices. All the cotton buyers of the world read them, and largely form their opinions as to the value of actual cotton from these publications. Nearly all European buyers direct their local buyers to purchase based upon these New York Cotton exchange prices. Even American buyers frequently do the same thing. Their influence upon the price paid by the farmer for his cotton cannot be overestimated.

How Prices Are Depressed.

"Most people suppose their transactions are genuine and really reflect the true value of cotton. We have all known for a long time that there was something wrong about the New York Cotton exchange. I never fully understood what it was until during the past winter.

"The New York cotton exchange has been a subject of investigation by the department of commerce, and several volumes have been printed which have pointed out the system used upon this exchange. I wish to call attention to this system to show how dishonest it has been and now is.

"The exchange sells 'middling' cotton. It has, however, twenty-two grades of cotton which it allows delivered on a sale of 'middling' cotton. The seller today on the New York cotton exchange can sell cotton for delivery in October. The cotton which he nominally sells is 'middling' cotton, but under the contract used on the exchange, he can deliver to the buyer in October a cotton eleven grades below 'middling.' The grade eleven grades below 'middling' might be worth $10 a bale less than 'middling' cotton.' The seller would not be compelled to pay the $10 a bale in addition to the low grade cotton delivered, but would be permitted to pay an arbitrary difference fixed by the supervisors of the exchange, which might be $2.50, thereby enabling a seller to give to the buyer something, including the money which he paid, $7.50 less valuable than middling cotton.

Worthless Cotton Tendered.

"This, unfair as it is, does not cover the worst feature of the contract used on the New York cotton exchange. They gather together a very low character of the lowest grade cotton. So low in character that it cannot be used at all for spinning purposes. So low in character that it is worthless except for use in mattresses, horse collars, or for similar purposes. It can be of perished staple, or immature staple, or cotton that is gin cut, or re-ginned, or cotton that is re-packed, or false-packed, or mixed-packed, or water-packed, and really not more than half the value of even the low grade cotton which they tender.

"This gives to the seller on the New York cotton exchange an opportunity to force up or down the price of cotton, almost at his pleasure. This is the great opportunity for gambling which the present contract furnishes. By its use cotton has been continuously sold upon the New York cotton exchange at a price much less than a fair price for 'middling' cotton, and the publication of their price lists of cotton has forced down the actual selling price of cotton when sold by the farmer.

"Let me illustrate the methods now in force upon the New York cotton exchange.

The Scheme Illustrated.

"Suppose a stock yard should sell mules for delivery next January, the standard mule sold being a mule 4 years old, 16½ hands high, and weighing 1,200 pounds. Such a mule would no doubt be worth $200.

"But, suppose they had a provision in their contract that they could deliver any kind of a mule they pleased, and they also reserved the right, when delivering a mule inferior to the 4-year-old, 16½ hands high, 1,300-pound mule, to arbitrarily themselves fix the difference in money which they would pay to the man who bought the first-class mule.

"Suppose, when the time of delivery came, they delivered a little mule, so small that he could do no heavy work, and worth only $75, and they arbitrarily fixed the difference between his value and the mule they sold, at $25.

"Suppose, in addition to this, they delivered a little mule, very old and blind, and still fixed the difference between the $200 mule which they had sold and the mule they delivered, at $25?

Buy One Thing; Get Something Else.

"It is not apparent that using such a system, stock yards while selling for delivery in January mules that ought to be worth $200 each, could mark them down to from $50 to $100 each, and be entirely protected from loss by their unfair contract which they used allowing them to deliver something else without paying the actual market difference between the two?

"This is, in effect, the system which has been used on the New York cotton exchange, and this is the system by which cotton has been sold down on that exchange below its real value, and the public estimate of the farmers' cotton thereby affected to the injury of the farmers.

"It might be that selling under the system I have described with reference to mules would not affect the price of first-class mules, but the prices of the New York cotton exchange are so tremendously advertised and exceed in their quantity so much all other sales of cotton, that they do affect the price of cotton and do put down the price while the cotton is in the hands of the farmers.

Plan to Break it Up.

"The bill upon which the conferees agreed requires cotton exchanges, in which cotton is sold for future delivery, to abandon this system and to use a contract which excludes all cotton from delivery except the cotton covered by the nine government standards.

"The new contract also provides that if any other grade of cotton is delivered except the middling cotton sold, the actual market difference in value between the cotton delivered and middling cotton, must be paid by the seller.

"It will be seen that under the contract provided for in this bill the means heretofore used on the cotton exchange of New York, facilitating gambling, and enabling them to force down the price of cotton, will be removed, and cotton sold under this contract must be sold at a price which will enable the seller to deliver the real cotton.

"I preferred the plan fixed in the senate bill of excluding all the business from the postoffice and telegraph wires of cotton exchanges which did not use this new contract. The house bill, however, undertook to reach the same result by a tax. It provided a tax of $5 a bale on all cotton sold for future delivery in any cotton exchange that did not use the prescribed contract.

Tax Is Prohibitive.

"We amended the house bill in a number of particulars, and finally agreed to double this tax which the house bill carried and to make the tax $10 a bale on every bale sold for future delivery in any cotton exchange which does not use the prescribed contract.

"The lowest sale on the New York cotton exchange is for 100 bales. Their transaction, run up in a single sale to much over a thousand bales. For one transaction of 100 bales they must pay a tax of $1,000, unless they use the contract prescribed in our bill. For a transaction of 1,000 bales they would be compelled to pay a tax of $10,000. The total sales on the New York cotton exchange run up annually to over 100,000,000 bales of cotton. This is done by selling and re-selling frequently, the cotton being sold a number of times, but the transactions, as I stated, run up over 100,000,000 bales. A tax of $10 a bale would make a tax for doing business upon the exchange of over a billion dollars a year.

"Many experts have claimed that a tax of $1 a bale would have stopped the sales. Nobody doubts that this tax of $10 a bale will stop the sales, unless the contract prescribed in this bill is used, so that the tax will force the use of the contract contained in the bill.

"The bill also puts cotton exchange settlements under the supervision of the department of agriculture.

Means Millions for South.

"The effect of the bill will be to put an end to the dishonest system which has been used on the New York cotton exchange, and compel them, after it goes into operation, to sell under a contract which will force the seller to deliver middling cotton, or its equivalent. He will be compelled to have the cotton in reach if he is called on for the cotton.

"It will force them, in my opinion, to build warehouses and accumulate spinnable cotton to deliver on their sales, and the prices on the New York cotton exchange will in consequence range from one to two cents a pound higher than they would range under the present system.

"This is why I say that the present bill will put $5 a bale, after it goes into effect, in the pocket of the farmer who sells a bale of cotton, and this would amount to $10,000,000 a year to the farmers of the state of Georgia.

"As I said before, the bill is not shaped just as I would have preferred, but I believe it will do the work. At any rate, it is a great step forward. If we find that it does not accomplish the purpose intended, we have a majority of the senate and the house committed to the principle, one having won this great victory over the New York cotton exchange, we will go further with the legislation until the result sought is accomplished.

"I believe, however, that this bill will accomplish the result I have stated."

It has been discovered that the leaf of the pineapple plant can be wrought into a serviceable colth.

WHEN YOUR OCULIST

Writes a prescription for glasses your one idea is to get it filled accurately. Jno. L. Moore & Sons' facilities for grinding special lenses are unexcelled. Bring your prescription to them at 42 N. Broad st., Grant Bldg.—(Adv.)

NEUTRALITY VIOLATED BY HEARST NEWSPAPER

San Francisco Examiner Sends Information to German Warship—Government Acts.

San Francisco, August 13.—According to the captain of the German cruiser Leipsig, now off this port, eight war vessels flying the flags of belligerent nations are on the Pacific coast, each daily expecting conflict with one or more of its adversaries. That he is optimistic concerning the outcome of engagements in which his command may be involved may be shown by his remark to Baron von Schaak, acting consul for Germany, who visited the Leipsig yesterday. The consul was accompanied by representatives of The San Francisco Examiner, which is owned by W. R. Hearst. The party went in a tug furnished by The Examiner.

German Captain Boastful.

"It would not take us long," he said. "I believe we could dispose of them at the rate of one a day."

Captain Huan announced his intention of entering this port soon for coal and said his duties might keep him in this vicinity for some time. He also said he is in constant communication with the German cruiser Nurnberg, which is hovering outside the port. When asked whether he would seize American coal if being transported in British vessels, he answered: "I cannot do that."

The Leipsig is stripped for action, all deck woodwork having been jettisoned. "We had many fine boats," Lieutenant Stanke said to newspaper men who visited the vessel. "They included a beautiful steam launch and a motor launch, the Leipsig's pride. But we decided that nothing should be left to encumber us when we engaged the enemy. We took all our boats and towed them out from the ship. We then loaded our four-inchers.

"It was a splendid target practice. Every shot took effect and our boats disappeared."

Hearst Violated Neutrality Order.

The following notification was served today on newspapers and press associations here by Rear Admiral Charles F. Pond, U. S. N., supervisor of the Twelfth naval district:

"The act of the San Francisco Examiner in sending out a tug, furnishing papers containing information of the whereabouts and of the movements of belligerent men of war, and conveying the German consul to the German cruiser Leipzig on the high seas off this port, is considered unneutral service and a violation of the president's proclamation of neutrality."

The American cruiser Raleigh at Mazatlan has been ordered to report here to prevent further violations of neutrality.

The Japanese cruiser Idzumo at Mazatlan, sent word by wireless today that she will arrive here soon to coal. The Tenyo Maru, of the Toyo Kisen Kaisha, has been taken off her run to Yokohama for repairs. She is a member of the Japanese naval reserve.

TO NEW YORK
VIA STEAMER
CHARLESTON and CLYDE LINE
JUST ENOUGH SEA VOYAGE
3-Weekly Sailings-3
Leave Atlanta 8:00 P. M.
Arrive Charleston 8:00 A. M.
Through Sleepers
Through Coaches
Low Round Trip Rates
TICKET OFFICES
Union Depot ½ Peachtree ON VIADUCT
GEORGIA RAILROAD

HOTELS AND RESORTS

Rent a Cottage at Delightful
WILDWOOD By the Sea
Many attractions, music, splendid boardwalk, theater piers, good bathing, fishing and boating. For beautiful booklet write
J. Whitesell, City Clerk, Wildwood, N. J.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS
WEST VIRGINIA
THE WHITE—
Owing to the large number of reservations this well-known hotel will remain open until October 1st.
No advance in rates—prices of former years prevail.
GOLF—A new 18-hole course has been added, making two complete courses.
THE GREENBRIER open all the year.
FRED STERRY, Managing Director.
J. H. SLOCUM, Manager.

A SAIL ON THE BILLOWY OCEAN
Begin with a trip in the large, well ventilated and electric fanned coaches, parlor and sleeping cars of the
CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY
to the port of Savannah, Ga. Then a delightful sea voyage on the matchless ocean going ships which ply between Savannah and the large cities and summer resorts of the East.
ROUND-TRIP FARES FROM ATLANTA
Including meals and berth on ship
New York.....$38.25 Baltimore.....$29.25
Boston..... 42.25 Philadelphia..... 34.05
Proportionately low fares from other points.
For all details, berth reservations, etc., ask the nearest Ticket Agent.
Warren H. Fogg, District Passenger Agent,
Cor. Peachtree and Marietta Sts., Atlanta, Ga.

AUGUST 24th, 1914
Last Excursion of Season
—VIA—
GEORGIA RAILROAD
—TO—
ISLE OF PALMS, S. C.
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C.
$6-ROUND TRIP-$6
SIX DAYS
Tickets good on all regular trains going and returning. Electric-lighted, steel drawing-room sleeping cars and first-class coaches.
Make your Pullman reservations early.
For further information and Pullman reservations, call at Georgia Railroad Ticket Office, ½ Peachtree, on the Viaduct.
Atlanta phone 153. Phone Main 169.

ANNUAL MOUNTAIN EXCURSION
Saturday, August 15th
Asheville
Waynesville
Hot Springs
Brevard
$6.00
Lake Toxaway
Hendersonville
Tate Spring
Tryon
Tickets Good for TWO Weeks
Three Trains From Atlanta
VIA
SOUTHERN RAILWAY
PREMIER CARRIER OF THE SOUTH

	Morning.	Noon.	Night.
Lv. Atlanta	7:00 a. m.	12:10 noon.	8:45 p. m.
Ar. Hendersonville	6:30 p. m.	8:20 p. m.	5:50 a. m.
Ar. Asheville	7:30 p. m.	10:00 p. m.	7:00 a. m.
Ar. Brevard	7:41 p. m.	.....	7:11 a. m.
Ar. Lake Toxaway	8:45 p. m.	.....	8:10 a. m.
Ar. Hot Springs	8:15 p. m.	.....	7:30 a. m.

Parlor and sleeping car accommodations on morning, noon and night trains. Through coaches on all trains.
Approximately low rates from Athens, Austell, Columbus, Dalton, Flovilla, Fort Valley, Griffin, Jackson, McDonough, Macon, Rockmart and Rome.
For further information, sleeping car reservations, call on any agent Southern Railway or City Ticket Office—No. 1 Peachtree St., Atlanta. Phones: Main 142-143—Atlanta 142.
J. C. BEAM, A. G. P. A. R. L. BAYLOR, Div. Pass. Agt.

ANSWERED

Through his co-conspirator—N. A. Morris—Thomas W. Hardwick has again violated all decencies in his charge of perjury as to the personal tax returns of Governor and Mrs. Slaton.

Responsibility for this dastardly eleventh-hour attack rests directly upon Mr. Hardwick.

Before they were so desperately driven, he knew of its insidious and surreptitious dissemination. He stood for it when this Morris (formerly for Felder, now for Hardwick) introduced him at Alpharetta. He countenanced its pronouncement from the same platform at Cumming. He failed to repudiate it when the opportunity came at his Auditorium meeting in Atlanta. But now at last in his one-page paid-for advertisement he is making a blundering effort to disavow. He sees the storm coming and wants to hide. He is trying the cuttle-fish act of disappearing.

It is not necessary to use adjectives or epithets. The whole vocabulary of synonyms for the short and ugly word could be exhausted and then not be sufficiently forcible. Georgia manhood has not only rebelled at this Hardwick-Morris effort to besmirch the name of the first lady of the State of Georgia, but is preparing to rise up and swat the "shoo fly" with crushing force.

As to the flagrancy of this Hardwick-Morris effort, witness the following correspondence:

THE QUESTION.

Atlanta, Ga., August 13, 1914.

A. P. Stewart,
Tax Collector, Fulton County, Atlanta, Ga.

My Dear Sir:

In The Atlanta Journal of August 12, I notice an advertisement headed as follows: "Morris reiterates his charge the Slatons paid no personal taxes in 1913."

Will you kindly let me know whether Mrs. Slaton paid any personal taxes in 1913?

Thanking you for this information, I am,

Very truly yours,
(Signed) ALFRED C. NEWELL.

THE ANSWER.

Atlanta, Ga., August 13, 1914.

Mr. Alfred C. Newell,
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sir:

The amount of tax paid the State and County by Mrs. John M. Slaton for the year 1913 on personal property was $154.24 on an assessment of $11,425.00.

Very truly,
(Signed) A. P. STEWART, T. C.

THE QUESTION.

Atlanta, Ga., August 13, 1914.

T. M. Armistead,
Tax Receiver, Fulton County, Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sir:

Kindly let me know as to the list of personal property returned by Mrs. John M. Slaton for the year 1914, together with the total assessed value of such property, as shown by your records.

Thanking you in advance for this information, I am,

Very truly yours,
(Signed) ALFRED C. NEWELL.

THE ANSWER.

Atlanta, Ga., August 13, 1914.

Mr. Alfred C. Newell,
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sir:

The records of my office show that Mrs. John M. Slaton returned the following personal property for taxes for 1914:

Stocks and bonds	$17,000
Automobiles	2,000
Household furniture	2,000
Live stock	125
Vehicles	75
Total	$21,200

(Signed) T. M. ARMISTEAD,
Tax Receiver, Fulton Co., Ga.

In this second installment of the Hardwick-Morris fabrication, it is to be noted that they switch from the returns of 1913 to 1914. If it were necessary to go into details in this latest campaign concoction it might be pointed out that the horse referred to is a one-eyed pensioner kept alive for sentimental reasons, in that he was a pet of Major W. F. Slaton, the Governor's revered father, a distinguished Confederate cavalryman; that the automobiles were "given in" at a fair valuation is proven by the fact that they would be well sold if the Governor could get $2,000 for them; that the carriage referred to is a hang-over of other days; that the mule is almost a centenarian.

However, the fly-specks of this Hardwick-Morris combination are blotted out by their malevolent move to attempt to open up the private affairs of the wife of the Governor and her mother, the beloved Mrs. W. D. Grant.

Such lack of the instincts of Southern manhood, no matter how acute the political condition, should and will overwhelm Mr. Hardwick.

These facts stand: The Slatons **DO** pay personal taxes.

The total taxes of Mrs. Slaton this year will amount to approximately $6,000.

It is no disgrace to pay simply a poll tax, but Mr. Hardwick, in spite of his $80,000 aggregate salaries from the national treasury, in spite of his staggering campaign fund, will pay this year into the State of Georgia only $1 as taxes.

His $10 professional fee is for license and is not a tax on property.

Therefore, because he is not a freeholder, Mr. Hardwick would not be able to qualify in Georgia as an election manager next Wednesday—although he is a candidate for the United States Senate.

It cannot possibly be true that Mr. Hardwick had no money—not a dollar, and no personal property of any kind. Yet his tax return so asserts, in legal effect.

The tax return of the Slatons is true in fact. If there has been any tax dodging, it is in Mr. Hardwick's return—**NOT** that of the Slatons.

As to the allegation in Mr. Hardwick's latest card, connecting the name of the writer with Tammany—this is equally untrue. The writer is Georgia-born and bred, a University of Georgia man, and for some years was engaged in New York City as a political writer. He had no connection with Tammany. For the last ten years he has resided in Atlanta, engaged in business entirely outside of the press or politics.

Georgia voters from Catoosa to Camden are prepared to repudiate such perfidious politics on the part of Mr. Hardwick.

Southern women must not be brought in to prop up the tottering campaign of any candidate.

ALFRED C. NEWELL, CHAIRMAN JOHN M. SLATON CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE

UNITED STATES NEEDS $100,000,000 REVENUE

Loss in Customs Receipts Due to War to Be Met by Internal Taxation.

Washington, August 13.—Congressional leaders today planned quick action to increase the country's internal revenue $100,000,000 to offset curtailment of customs revenue expected during the European war. Senator Simmons and Representative Underwood expressed gratification over the sound condition of the treasury. "There is no treasury deficit," said Senator Simmons, "but we do not want to wait until there is a deficit."

Mr. Underwood said the treasury surplus might be sufficient to cover the falling off in customs but it would take Europe a long time to recover normal business relations.

Cotton Rates Suspended.

Washington, August 13.—Proposed high freight rates on cotton from producing sections to Pensacola, Fla., suspended on April 27 until August 29, today were approved by the interstate commerce commission.

HON. JOHN R. COOPER

CANDIDATE FOR THE

UNITED STATES SENATE

WILL SPEAK AT

AUDITORIUM

AT 8 O'CLOCK

FRIDAY NIGHT, AUGUST 14

EVERYBODY INVITED

Come and hear the famous criminal lawyer who defended the Rawlings boys. He challenged all of his honorable opponents to meet him in joint debate, but they were afraid to meet this able speaker.

THE LABORING MAN'S FRIEND and THE PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE

LADIES ESPECIALLY INVITED

Music by Fifth Regiment Band

$50 REWARD IS OFFERED TO FIND VICTOR INNES

Mrs. John W. Nelms Anxious to Locate the Former Portland Lawyer.

Mrs. John W. Nelms last night offered, through The Constitution, an additional reward of $50 for information as to the whereabouts of Victor E. Innes, the Portland lawyer who is believed by the family to be responsible for the disappearance of Beatrice Nelms and Elois Dennis.

Innes was in Portland, Ore., until recently. An investigation has since revealed that he has mysteriously departed from that city. The first intimation of his absence was gained when investigators visited the building he had occupied, finding it stripped of everything except the telephone and bearing a "For Rent" placard.

Government authorities, who have taken charge of the case following the receipt of evidence unearthed by The Constitution's investigation in the west, are said to be searching for Innes. Washington authorities refuse to discuss this phase. An arrest is believed to be likely at any moment.

Basing their action in taking charge of the case on The Constitution's investigation in upper Mexico and the middle west, government secret service authorities, co-operating with Marshall Nelms, are daily piling up evidence against Victor Innes, the suspect in the Nelms disappearance mystery.

Recent developments throw important light upon the movements of Innes and his wife while they were in San Antonio, during which time they occupied a cottage at 120 Wilkins avenue, in which the brother and secret service officials believe the missing sisters were slain.

Investigators have found Miss Madaline Moseley, cashier in the Quillian confectionery shop at East Crockett street and Alamo plaza, who says that she met Mrs. Innes and another woman, and that Mrs. Innes was introduced to her under the name of Mims. On another occasion, she says, Mrs. Innes used the name of Hardeman, indicating that the mysterious Margaret Mims and Mrs. Hardeman, who figure in the case, are none other than Mrs. Innes, wife of the suspect.

She became acquainted with Mrs. Innes, she says, about June 23. Mrs. Innes was a customer of the confectionery shop in which Miss Moseley is employed. At one time, Miss Moseley told the investigators, Mrs. Innes had told her she had been mistreated by her husband. Miss Moseley has positively identified Mrs. Innes.

An examination of the sections of vertebrae found in the back yard of the address at 120 Wilkins avenue proved that they were not human. Physicians say they were pieces of vertebrae taken from a goat or sheep. No importance, however, was attached to them by the investigators.

The important discoveries in the rear of No. 120 Wilkins were the Atlanta medicine vials, the silk stockings, the shoe heel, the handkerchief bearing the initial "E," and various other clews that lead to the theory of murder.

San Antonio police, in an interview, stated that they had evidence to the effect that the missing girls were in hiding in Mexico, near Monterey. The Constitution sent a special man into Mexico who, at Monterey, established beyond doubt the fact that the two women in question were not the Nelms sisters. The police, however, upon getting news of the discovery of such startling clews at No. 120 Wilkins, offered to join in the search.

Senator Fletcher Sails.

Tampa, Fla., August 13.—A delayed cablegram received today at the Southern Commercial Congress, at Washington, said that the American Commission of Municipal Executives, headed by Senator Duncan U. Fletcher, had sailed from London last Sunday, and will arrive in New York Sunday next.

GRAVES APPOINTED ASSISTANT MANAGER AT PIEDMONT HOTEL

Manager William C. Royer, of the Piedmont, announces the appointment of Howard S. Graves as assistant manager. Mr. Graves was for a long time associated with the Hotel Hillman, Birmingham, Ala., and more recently with the Kimball House, Atlanta, and comes to the Piedmont from the Atkin hotel, Knoxville, where he has been manager for the past year.

Mr. Graves has many friends throughout the southland, who will welcome his return to Atlanta, and he will add strength to the efficient staff of the Piedmont.

FINE REPORTS MADE BY A. M. E. CHURCHES

The ministers and delegates of the Atlanta District Conference and Sunday School convention, in session at St. Philip's church, 44 Oliver street, Reynoldstown, Rev. J. A. Hadley, presiding elder, passed a busy day Thursday.

When the presiding elder asked that every charge pay its taxation, only Cobb Bethel, of which Rev. H. D. Gorman is pastor, failed to report in full. A few of the race leaders presented to the body were Rev. L. H. King, pastor of the Central Avenue M. E. church; Prof. W. A. Trent, secretary of the Y. M. C. A.; Rev. P. G. Simmons, presiding elder of the Griffin district; Principal W. E. Day, of Muscogee, Okla.; Rev. J. A. Rush, head of the People's church; Rev. J. H. Gardner, President M. M. Ponton, Dr. R. V. Branch, of Allen Temple; Presiding Elder F. L. Fleming, of the Newman district, and J. A. McIver, of Greenville, S. C.

The feature of the day was a speech by Bishop J. S. Flipper, who said the Methodist church was to humanity what a great hospital was to the people.

"The A. M. E. church in the state of Georgia has been a wonderful benediction to our people," he said. "The fathers who founded and have given the church to us, though uneducated, built wiser than they knew. The Methodist church in construction, regulation and method has a training influence like that of an army or military school. It has done wonders in giving insight to the proper moral Christian and economic life. I urge that you ministers and officers of the church shall do your full duty in permanently erecting and perpetuating the church for the good of the masses of our people."

Rev. E. L. Jackson preached at 11 o'clock. The convention voted to have its next session at New Bethel on the Stone Mountain circuit, Rev. H. J. Peeples, pastor.

Rev. C. M. Tanner, pastor of Big Bethel, read a resolution asking the convention to request its delegates to the next general conference to ask for the return of Bishop Flipper to Georgia to complete certain church work which the bishop understands better than any of his colleagues. It was signed by J. A. Hadley, P. W. Greatheart, R. W. Gibson and S. E. Perry.

J. H. Maddox and N. W. Nichols were elected delegates from the district conference to the annual conference. Rev. R. W. Gibson preached the missionary sermon last night.

MISS BRYCE IS WON BY GIFFORD PINCHOT

New York, August 13.—The engagement of Miss Cornelia E. Bryce, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd S. Bryce, of this city, and Gifford Pinchot, former chief forester of the United States, was announced this afternoon. The wedding will take place next Saturday morning at Roslyn, L. I., the country home of the bride's parents.

The wedding was not to have taken place until the late fall, after the conclusion of Mr. Pinchot's campaign for the United States senatorship in Pennsylvania, but because of the critical illness of Mr. Pinchot's mother and her desire to have the wedding take place at once, the date was advanced. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. Pinchot will take his bride to his mother's residence in Saugatuck, Conn.

Lloyd S. Bryce, father of the bride-elect, was minister to Holland during the administration of President Taft.

Printers Select Los Angeles.

Providence, R. I., August 13.—The International Typographical union convention voted today to hold its 1915 meeting at Los Angeles, Cal.

HEAD OF MAIL CLERKS PAYS VISIT TO ATLANTA

George H. Fair, of Topeka, Kan., president of the Railway Mail association, was entertained Thursday in Atlanta by a large number of railway mail clerks of this, the fourth, division. W. G. Travis, president of the Georgia division, assisted by Secretary F. W. Rooney and J. L. Hudson, was in charge of the special committee on arrangements for the program of the day.

An informal reception to Mr. Fair was held at the Hotel Ansley from 10 until 2 o'clock, the president having spent from 9 to 10 o'clock in the post-office meeting the employees.

During the afternoon he was taken through the federal prison, and at 4 o'clock he addressed the Ladies' Auxiliary of the association at the residence of Mrs. Hardy Avery, in College Park.

At 6:30 o'clock about forty of the clerks and their wives attended a dinner given Mr. Fair at the Ansley, and at 8 o'clock a much larger number attended his address. Other speakers on the program were Postmaster Bolling H. Jones and C. E. Knight, of Macon, president of the fourth division. Mr. Fair left last night for Washington.

NORDICA LEFT FORTUNE TO HER THREE SISTERS

New York, August 13.—A copy of the will of Lillian Nordica, the singer, who died in Java last May, filed today, provides that her entire estate, value not stated, except for bequests aggregating $36,000, be divided among her three sisters. To E. Romayne Simmons, described as "having been with me for sixteen years," is bequeathed $30,000.

A petition by one of the executors states that George W. Young, Madame Nordica's husband, declines to file the original will. The petition prays that he be forced to do so.

"In the distribution of my property," reads the will, "I am not forgetful of my husband, George W. Young, to whom I have advanced over $400,000 in cash, which I estimate as his full or more than full share to which he might be entitled in my estate. It is, however, my desire that my husband, George W. Young, shall receive his legal portion."

BLACK AND HIS PARTY ARE SAFE IN LONDON

Relatives in Atlanta of William Harmon Black, the well-known New York commissioner of accounts, said last night that Mr. Black is in London and that they have received three cablegrams from him during the past week. Prior to this time he was in Paris for two weeks and could forward no communication. With Mr. Black are his mother, Mrs. E. P. Black, and Miss Evelyn Orme. They will sail for New York September 9.

COTTON SITUATION WILL BE DISCUSSED

John D. Walker Calls Meeting of Bankers, Merchants, Warehouse Men, Farmers and Others.

John D. Walker, of Sparta, Ga., head of a chain of banks in Georgia, has called a meeting to be held at the state capitol at 10 o'clock, Monday, August 17. Bankers, merchants, warehouse men and others interested in the cotton situation have been urged to attend the meeting.

The meeting will be a sort of business men's conference at which all interested parties will have a splendid opportunity to discuss plans for taking care of the cotton situation.

It is expected that the meeting will be largely attended for the reason that invitations have been sent to all sections of the state to have representatives here.

ENROLLMENT FOR THE FALL TERM BEGINS AT THE POPULAR SOUTHERN BUSINESS COLLEGE

Successful Business Men, Who Received Their Business Training at the Southern Shorthand and Business University, Keep This Popular School of Commerce Filled With Pupils.

FRED A. HANSEN,

Who graduated at the age of 14 at the Southern Business College, and is now a large manufacturer in Atlanta.

Now, to the Southern for a business training!

This is the quickest and surest road to a good position and to business success.

The fall term of the Southern Shorthand and Business University will open in a short time, and already applications for enrollment are being received.

Those arranging now for entrance in September will be given the $25.00 Cost Accounting course absolutely free in connection with any of the other courses. A large number have made their arrangements to begin in September, and it is the request of the management that all who can possibly do so send in their applications right away, as it will greatly facilitate them in their preparation for the fall session.

Securing Positions.

Fifty pupils of the Southern have accepted positions during the past forty days.

This shows that the demand for the graduates of the Southern Business University is everlastingly and continually increasing. The business men **want the Southern's pupils**—they want stenographers **who can read** their notes, and bookkeepers who can keep an intricate set of books; that's why they prefer the graduates of the Southern.

Don't Confuse Systems.

Those who master the Graham-Pitmanic system of shorthand at the Southern are not barred from applying for positions, as some of those are who have learned trashy systems, as shown by the following "want advertisement," which appeared in the Atlanta papers:

"Wanted—Lady stenographer; work light; chance for advancement; must understand handling money. Intelligent beginner will answer. **No Charter writers need apply.** Answer in own handwriting. M. A., Box 204."

It behooves everybody, therefore, who desire to become an expert stenographer not to waste time on chop-hatchet systems, but to learn the **best** at first.

Mr. Fred Hansen, now one of Atlanta's important and progressive merchants, took a thorough course at the Southern Shorthand and Business University at the age of 13. He followed the instructions of his teachers, and, as a result, he is achieving great success in this city. The following complimentary newspaper article about Mr. Hansen appeared in The Constitution of August 9:

"Friends of Fred Hansen, who has built up a large importing and manufacturing establishment in the drug and spice business in this city, will be interested in knowing that he is now making additional changes and enlarging his plant in order to meet the heavy demand which is being made upon him for his goods.

"Mr. Hansen is probably the largest individual manufacturer in this line in the south, and his 'F. A.' brands of remedies, extracts and spices are sold not only in this country, but in Canada, Nova Scotia, Cuba and other countries.

"Mr. Hansen has been in the manufacturing business for the past sixteen years. At a very early age he entered a business university, after which he attended the Atlanta College of Pharmacy for the purpose of equipping himself with every detail from the office to the laboratory. He has also visited nearly all the largest drug, coffee and spice houses, as well as the large importing houses and exporting firms in the United States and Canada, which has enabled him to plan and work out the splendid success which he is achieving."

Ask Atlanta's business men about the business schools, and then you'll take your course at the Southern.

Call, phone or write for catalogue. Enter now or arrange at once for future entrance.

Address A. C. Briscoe, President, or L. W. Arnold, Vice President, 10 West Mitchell street, Atlanta, Ga.

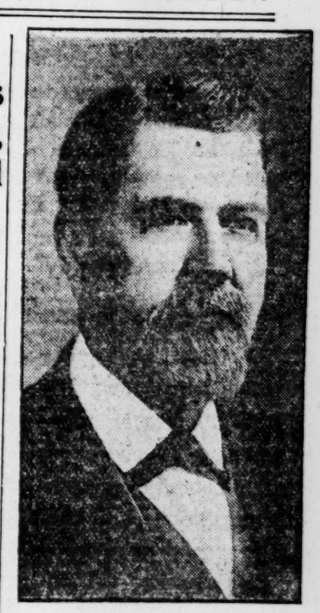
Professor Thos. L. Bryan, lecturer and special representative.—(adv.)

Is 35 Years Long Enough To Hold One Office?

If So, Vote For

G. M. Roberts

A Confederate Veteran, for Comptroller General



G. M. ROBERTS.

WHAT PEOPLE SAY

I have been intimately acquainted with Mr. G. M. Roberts, who is a candidate for the office of Comptroller General of Georgia, for the past thirty years. He is a good business man, having been quite successful in various enterprises to which he has given his attention. He is public-spirited and enterprising, but has not heretofore sought public office, but has been ready at all times to discharge the duties that fall to a private citizen, having been foreman of the Grand Jury of his county several times. Any statement made by Mr. Roberts, touching business or political matters, I feel sure may be relied on implicitly.

Very respectfully,
PRICE EDWARDS,
Judge Superior Courts, Tal. Cir.

Mr. G. M. Roberts, of Buchanan, Ga., has acted in various capacities on Grand Jury during my term as Solicitor General of Tallapoosa Circuit, and I regard him a business man of marked ability, fair, honest, capable, able, and I believe he would fill the office he seeks fairly and with ability. I have known him for thirty years.

J. R. HUTCHESON,
Sol. Gen. Tal. Circuit.

Having known Hon. Geo. M. Roberts, of this place, for the past twenty years, it is with pleasure I recommend him as being worthy of the confidence and support of the good people of the State. Mr. Roberts is an able business man, and if elected to the office of Comptroller General, will fill the office with a degree of credit to himself and the State.

W. O. STRICKLAND,
Ex-Clerk Superior Court.

We have known Mr. G. M. Roberts for 21 years, personally, served on Grand Jury when he was foreman, and find him a fair and impartial man, doing business between his fellow-man fairly, and believe the good people of Georgia will make no mistake in supporting him for the office he seeks.

JOEL PHILLIPS, Ex-Mayor.
R. H. PARKER, Sheriff.

I have known Mr. G. M. Roberts 25 years as a business man and a citizen. I find him a straightforward, businesslike man, worthy the support of the people of Georgia for the office he now seeks. He has lived in Buchanan 37 years. It is the talk of the town he will not lose a vote in it.

JOEL A. ROWELL,
Mgr. Buchanan Bldg. & Sup. Co.

OUR EMERGENCY YOUR OPPORTUNITY

PIANO SALE

COME QUICK BEFORE STOCK IS BROKEN

Never before has Atlanta known such prices, such crowds, such delighted buyers. Come seize this opportunity, but come quickly, for this is ONE Sale that will exhaust the stock BEFORE the advertised limit.

Over a hundred splendid Pianos and Player-Pianos at Emergency Prices, such as these:

$300 Kohler, Dark Oak	$ 98	$300 Weiler, Oak	$180
$325 Brewster, Mahogany	$135	$300 Kimball, Mahogany	$180
$325 Sheerwood, Mahogany	$128	$350 Ebersole, Mahogany	$210
$425 Mathushek, Mahogany	$255	$350 Cleveland-Manning, Mahogany	$210
$475 Haddorff, Mahogany	$285	$425 Story & Clark, Oak	$255
$300 Royal, Mahogany	$120	$450 Packard, Mahogany	$270
$225 Capen, Mahogany	$135	$450 Ivers & Pond, Mahogany	$270
$250 Adam Schaff, Walnut	$150		
$225 Kensington, Oak	$165		

Our Permanent Guarantee and unsurpassed service are given with every Piano and Player-Piano purchased at this Sale.

Store Open 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. Easy Payments if Desired

LUDDEN & BATES

Southern Music House
63 PEACHTREE ST.

GRAY & HALEY
Latest Creations In WALL PAPER
Twenty-four Luckie Street
Bell Ivy 736 Atlanta 322

Morrow Transfer & Storage Co.
We are booking orders for September moving. Give us yours. Don't delay.
26 W. Alabama St., Phone M. 4385 Atlanta 137

Society

Miss Arkwright's Luncheon.

Miss Dorothy Arkwright was hostess at a beautiful luncheon yesterday at her home, "Pine Bloom," in Druid Hills, in compliment to Miss Jane Young, of Lexington, Ky., the guest of Miss Anne Patterson. Lace mats covered the large round table in the dining room and about which the guests were seated. A large silver basket filled with snap dragons in shades of lilac, pink, yellow, through which were caught bows of tulle of the same shade as the flowers. Smaller baskets of the flowers were at each end of the table and the crystal candelabra had lavender shades.

The place cards were water color sketches of young girls carrying baskets of flowers.

Miss Arkwright was a charming hostess wearing white crepe embroidered in blue and combined with lace and chiffon. Miss Young wore white crepe de chine with white picture hat trimmed in pink roses.

Miss Patterson was gowned in ivory colored faille silk draped in lisse, and she wore a black picture hat. The guests included Miss Young, Miss Patterson, Miss Eloise Robinson, Miss Marion Dunson, Miss Blanche Divine, of Carters; Miss Caroline Blount, Miss Josephine Mobley, Miss Jennie Gwynn Hancock, Miss Nellie Dodd, Miss Mary Faith Yow, of Valdosta; Miss Madeline McCullough, Miss Frances Winship and Mrs. Walter Colquitt.

For Mrs. Warren.

Mrs. W. B. Seabrook entertained a small party at the East Lake Country club yesterday afternoon for Mrs. Alfred Warren, of Tampa.

Mrs. Stephenson Entertains.

Mrs. W. M. Stephenson's bridge party was a delightful occasion of yesterday afternoon in honor of Mrs. J. B. LaBonti.

Pink and white roses artistically decorated the apartments and a color scheme of pink and white was continued in the decorations. The prizes were pieces of white and gold china.

Mrs. Stephenson wore blue crepe and Mrs. LaBonti was gowned in white crepe de chine. The guests were Mrs. J. C. Gavan, Mrs. S. Cayce, Mrs. Jack Salmon, Mrs. Joseph Stewart, Miss Lillian Weiner, Miss Teresa Ershine, Mrs. Thad Blastock, Mrs. R. Milland, Mrs. Dealy, Mrs. Charles Rozetta.

Ward-Creighton.

The wedding of Mrs. Mary Craft Ward and Rev. John Creighton, of Bakerfield, Cal., took place Wednesday morning at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Eleanor G. Craft, in Hartwell, Ga., in the presence of relatives and a few intimate friends. The ceremony was performed by the bride's brother, Rev. James P. Craft, of the First Baptist church of Louisville, Ga. The bride was beautiful in her going-away gown of midnight blue serge with hat to match.

After an informal reception Reverend and Mrs. Craft left for Atlanta and are at the Ansley until Saturday, when they will leave for Arizona. They will visit the Grand Canyon and other points of interest in the west before going to Los Angeles, where they will be the guests of friends for a short while. They will reside in Bakerfield, where Mr. Creighton, a Canadian by birth, is pastor of the First Presbyterian church.

The bride has been prominent in musical circles and has made many friends since coming to Atlanta two years ago to make her home, after having spent several years in Europe pursuing her studies in music. She is a daughter of the late Hon. John F. Craft, for many years one of Hartwell's foremost citizens.

Luncheon For Visitor.

Mrs. S. J. Golden entertained at a pretty luncheon yesterday at her country home, "Golden Oak," in compliment to Miss Winnie Sharpe, of Cumming, the guest of Miss Annie Coleman. The guests included Miss Sharpe, Miss Coleman, Miss Beryl Roberts, Miss Owen Cook, Mrs. C. N. Cooper, Miss Fannie Blanch Coleman.

Ladies' Auxiliary.

The ladies' auxiliary of the Young Men's Christian association will hold its regular monthly meeting Friday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the Baptist Tabernacle. All members are urged to be present to discuss plans for the opening of the new building October 1. Refreshments will be served as usual.

Pharr-Webster.

Thursday afternoon, August 6, the marriage of Miss Lucile Pharr, of Lawrenceville, to Mr. J. Hampton Webster, of Eatonton, took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Pharr. The ceremony was followed by a reception, after which Mr. Webster and his bride left for Franklin, N. C.

The wedding was characterized by simplicity and taste, only relatives and intimate friends being present.

The bride entered with her sister, Miss Grace Pharr, meeting the groom and his brother, Mr. Hunt Webster, on the wide porch, which had been converted into a summer parlor with its decorations of foliage and roses. There the ceremony was read by Rev. George Tumlin. The wedding music was given by Miss Mary Alice Jones, of Madison. The bride was lovely in a toilet of white, and carried bride roses.

Bridge Party.

Among those entertaining at the subscription bridge party given Wednesday afternoon at Druid Hills Golf club by the Georgia Woman's Suffrage association were Mrs. Thomas M. Moody and Miss Ruth Moody, who had a party of twelve in compliment to Mrs. Ogden Johnston and Mrs. Barnett Kenimer, both of whom will soon leave Atlanta to reside, Mrs. Johnston to Canada and Mrs. Kenimer to Ohio.

Mrs. Anderson made top score, and was given a necklace.

Miss Eleanor Macy drew the consolation, a silver after dinner coffee spoon, and the honor guests were presented with necklaces.

Invited to meet them were Mrs. J. C. Beam, Mrs. Charles Gaynor Turner, Mrs. Luther Z. Rosser, Jr., Miss Katie May Arnold, of Athens; Mrs. Harry W. Anderson, Miss Eleanor Macy, Miss Madge Horne, Mrs. Joseph Bowen, Miss Helen Jones, Mr. W. E. Arnand and Miss Margaret Stillwell.

For Miss Brock.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. England will entertain at a dancing party Friday evening at their home in Druid Hills for their guest, Miss Lillian Brock, of Jefferson, Ga.

For Miss Tuller's Guests.

Mrs. W. F. Plane will entertain at bridge this morning at her home on Ponce de Leon avenue for Miss Elizabeth Tuller and her visitors, Miss Adelaide Wiseman, of Kentucky, and Miss Ruth Shippen, of Ellijay.

There will be four tables of bridge, and a few other guests will join the players for lunch.

For Visitors.

Miss Mary Murphey entertained informally Wednesday afternoon at her home on Jackson street for her guest, Miss Sarah Bell Bandy, of Montgomery, and for a number of attractive visitors and their hostesses. The guests were Miss Ann Patterson, Miss Jane Young of Lexington, Ky., Miss Grace Bloodworth, Miss Nell Cave of Paducah, Ky., Miss Carrie Blount, Miss Blanche Devine of Carters, Miss Evelyn Green and Miss Lucia Patten of Waco, Texas.

Stembridge-Hopkins.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Stembridge, of Milledgeville, announce the marriage of their daughter, Alma Howard, to Mr. Aubrey Otto Hopkins, of Atlanta. The marriage took place August 7.

For Visitor.

Miss Caro Spence entertained Tuesday evening in honor of Miss Kathleen Taylor, of Harrisburg, Ill., who is visiting Miss Alma Willoughby.

How to Absorb an Unlovely Complexion

(Phyllis Moore in Town Talk.)

The face which is admired for its beauty must have a satin-smooth skin, pink and white and youthful looking. The only thing I know of that can make such a complexion out of an aged, faded, or discolored one—I mean a natural, not a painted, complexion—is ordinary mercolized wax. This remarkable substance literally absorbs the unsightly cuticle, a little each day, the clear, healthy, girlish skin beneath gradually peeping out until within a week or so it is wholly in evidence. Of course such blemishes as freckles, moth patches, liver spots, blotches and pimples are discarded with the old skin. If you will procure an ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store, use like cold cream every night, washing this off mornings, you'll find it a veritable wonder-worker.

Another valuable natural treatment is a wash lotion to remove wrinkles which can be easily prepared. Dissolve 1 oz. powdered saxolite in ½ pt. witch hazel. Bathe the face in this and you'll find it "works like magic."—(adv.)

SOCIAL ITEMS

Miss Elsie Emery, of Baltimore, is the guest of Miss Anna Terhune.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Faires have taken possession of the residence they have leased at 314 Peachtree street.

***

Mrs. Ella Moring Chisholm, who is visiting friends in Chattanooga, will return home this week.

***

Miss Lillian Flynn will leave Sunday night for Asheville, where she will spend several days.

***

Miss Charlotte Hemmer left the past week for a visit to her aunt, Mrs. C. M. Fall, in Knoxville. She will visit relatives in Louisville, Indianapolis and Chicago and will make a trip of the great lakes before returning in September.

***

Mrs. E. F. Malone is ill with fever at her home on West Twelfth street.

***

Mr. S. Y. Tupper left Tuesday for New York.

***

Mrs. M. L. Pope, of Macon, is the guest for the week of her cousin, Mrs. M. F. Merriam, at the latter's lovely home, "The Pinery," in College Park.

***

Mrs. S. C. Dinkins and Miss Marie Dinkins will return this week from Gainesville, where they are visiting Mrs. Kimbrough and Miss Emily Kimbrough.

***

Miss Annie Sykes Rice is ill at St. Joseph's infirmary.

***

Dr. and Mrs. L. C. Clarke and Maurice Clarke have been enjoying an automobile trip through the mountains of north Georgia.

***

Mrs. H. F. West expects to leave soon for a visit to her mother, Mrs. Fred Scott, in Milwaukee.

***

Miss Wynette Walker is visiting Miss Janet Reeve in Calhoun, where she is being delightfully entertained. She has also been a member of the house party given by Miss Varima Shelor at Reeves.

***

Miss Emma Voght will have as her guest next week Miss Anna Becker, of New York.

***

Mrs. Carl Brown has returned to her home in Birmingham after a visit to her father, Mr. John Swift.

***

Mr. Bernard Nall leaves Saturday to spend two months with her mother in Cuthbert.

***

Mrs. John Fleming has returned to her home in Augusta, after a visit to Mrs. C. K. Ayer.

***

Mr. Robert L. Cooper is attending camp meeting this week in Lawrenceville and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John E. Craig.

***

Judge and Mrs. Read, recently of Palmetto, have taken possession of their handsome new home in Decatur.

***

Mrs. M. R. Appleton, of Boston, is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. S. Elkin, Jr.

***

Miss Genie West, of Los Angeles, Cal., who was the guest of her parents, General and Mrs. A. J. West, for a month, left last Thursday to visit friends in Arizona before returning to California.

***

Mrs. Lucy Eakin Hemmer will go to Birmingham next week to visit Mrs. Carl Brown. From there she will go to Knoxville, Tenn., to visit her sister, Mrs. C. M. Fall, and for a stay in the mountains of North Carolina.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Raine will move to their home on West Peachtree street the first of September.

***

Miss Ferol Humphries will entertain at bridge this morning at her home in the Ponce de Leon in honor of Miss Nell Cave, of Paducah, Ky., the guest of Miss Grace Bloodworth, and Miss Jane Young, of Lexington, Ky., the guest of Miss Ann Patterson.

***

Mrs. C. E. Murphey and Miss Mary Murphey have returned from Warm Springs, where they spent several weeks. They were accompanied by Miss Sarah Bell Bandy, of Montgomery, who is being delightfully entertained as Miss Murphey's guest.

***

Mr. Louis Mason left Atlanta yesterday for New York, where he goes to accept a place with a stock company for the winter season.

***

Miss Lillian Brock, of Jefferson, Ga., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. R. England in Druid Hills.

***

Miss Ferol Humphries will leave Monday for a visit to Mrs. Merrell Shadburn in Buford.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lee Avary, Robert Lee Avary, Jr., and Stephens Archer Avary have returned from St. Simons.

***

Mrs. Julia Blount Garlyck, who has been the guest of her son, Mr. McCleskey Garlyck, for several weeks, will return to her home in Waynesboro today.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Tilson and son leave today for Asheville.

***

Miss Lucia Patten, of Waco, Texas, is spending the week with Miss Evelyn Greene in Druid Hills.

Handsome Scarf Pins

We have just mounted up a lot of handsome scarf pins.

The styles are brand-new and remarkably handsome.

To give you an idea of their beauty, we have one diamond-shaped platinum scarf pin, set with a fairly good-sized diamond shape opaque Crystal. Each of the four corners has a diamond; the center has a large diamond, set flush in the Crystal. This center stone is surrounded by red enamel—diamond shape.

It is one of the finest and prettiest pins obtainable for anything like the price we ask—$90.00.

Call and see our new goods.

Write or call for booklet, "Facts About Diamonds," and 160-page illustrated catalogue.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.
Gold and Silversmiths
31 Whitehall Street
Established 1887

DAVISON-PAXON-STOKES CO.

A Reminder to Thrifty Women Buying Clothes

At this moment there is scarcely any sort of dress or suit a woman wants for the Summer or early Fall which she cannot buy for a half or a third, or sometimes even for a quarter, of what the same garment would have cost her early in the season.

Here is a group of

Stylish Wash Skirts at $1.50

They are regular $2.50 Skirts, have been so priced until now. All new and good style, a variety of models among linens, ratines, crepes and linenes. All sizes, too, from 24 to 36-inch waist.

You will recognize at a glance the real value of these Skirts, and the advantage in buying them at the special price we have put upon them for Friday and Saturday—$1.50.

All Women's

$6.00, $5.00, $4.00 and $3.50

White Slippers

AT

$1.98

Pumps, Colonials and Oxfords, Leather Soles and Rubber Soles.

Come Early.

60 Pairs Women's Black and Tan, Odds and End Slippers **69c**

Stewart — GOOD SHOES for EVERYBODY

Fred. S. Stewart Co., 25 Whitehall St.

Doctor Albert L. Fowler Weds Miss Achenbach

Miss Helen Achenbach, of Pennsylvania, and Dr. A. L. Fowler were married Wednesday morning, August 12, at Roslyn Ranch, near Rand, Colo., where both were visiting. They left at once for Denver, Chicago, New York, Quebec and Prince Edward's Island, and, returning, will be at home in Atlanta after September 1.

Miss Achenbach visited Atlanta in the winter and spring as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Moyer, when Dr. Fowler met her. Their engagement was an open secret when Dr. Fowler left for the west several weeks ago to join Miss Achenbach at a house party at Roslyn Ranch, where her aunt was the hostess.

The marriage took place there, witnessed by a group of relatives and friends.

Dr. Fowler is one of the leading members of his profession and specialty in the south. He is a native of Atlanta and a graduate of the Boys' High school. His first work was on the staff of The Atlanta Constitution. Subsequently he studied medicine in this country and in Europe, making a brilliant record.

He is one of the most popular men in Atlanta, a member of all the social clubs.

Representing French Alliance Atlanta Women Appeal for Aid

Mrs. E. M. Horine, Madame O. K. Slifer, Mrs. Jesse Draper, Mrs. Barbour Thompson and other members of the Atlanta branch of the Alliance Française Internationale, organized here last fall, hereby appeal to the members of the Alliance Francaise in Atlanta, and all those wishing to aid relief work in France and Belgium, to send their contributions to either of the ladies named or to any officer of the Atlanta organization.

The contributions will be sent by the branch here to the general secretary of the alliance in New York City, who will in turn send it to the center of distribution in Europe, where the agencies of the Alliance Internationale will work in direct co-operation with the Red Cross society.

The appeal made by the Atlanta sympathizers is timely and dramatic in import. Mrs. Horine was Louise DeGive, daughter of Atlanta's first Belgian consul, the late esteemed citizen, M. Laurens DeGive. She was educated in Belgium, has studied French and German thoroughly and speaks both languages fluently. Her brother, Mr. Henry DeGive, is the present Belgian consul in Atlanta. Madame Slifer, a woman of brilliant intellect and broad culture, is a native of France; was reared and educated there, and is a teacher and lecturer of note. She is active president of the Atlanta branch of the Alliance Internationale. Mrs. John Marshall Slaton is the honorary president. Other officers and leading spirits in the movement include Miss Mattie Slaton, Mrs. Jesse Draper, Miss Muse, Miss Raoul, Mrs. Percival Sneed, Mrs. Barbour Thompson, Mrs. Albert Howell, Mrs. Roby Robinson, Miss Dorothy Harman, Mrs. Albert Thornton, Jr., and Mrs. W. E. Foster.

An executive board meeting will be called in the next few days to determine further ways and means of rendering aid in the great emergency of the moment.

PEACHTREE RESIDENCE RANSACKED BY BURGLAR

Timely Arrival of Mrs. James P. Williams Prevents Valuable "Haul" by Thief.

The timely arrival yesterday afternoon of Mrs. James P. Williams at the home of her father, George E. King, of 925 Peachtree, prevented a valuable haul by a negro thief. It is supposed that the noise of her auto approaching through the lawn caused the thief to flee from the residence, leaving his rich spoil in a pile on the floor.

Mrs. Williams had just come from her residence, 155 Westminster drive, for her accustomed inspection of the house during the summer stay of her father and family at King Woods, Rabun county. When she reached the front entrance Mrs. Williams discovered in the open doorway a stone by which the thief had broken the plateglass to reach the latch within. Six rooms had been ransacked and the contents tossed about the floors. The doors were opened by the negro, who climbed over the transoms. Strings of precious stones, pins, diamond rings, brooches and other valuables were found collected in a heap upon a chamber floor. Mrs. Williams could not state that more than Mr. King's revolver had been removed.

The butler of J. K. Orr, whose residence adjoins, saw a ginger-cake negro fumbling at a side door of Mr. King's house, but he disappeared around the corner and was supposed to have left. No one was on the premises at the time of the attempted robbery. William Akers, who is temporarily stopping at the place at night, was also away attending to his lumber business.

H. W. QUINN NAMED HEAD OF MASONS IN EIGHTH

Washington, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—The following officers have been elected by the Eighth district Masons: Master, H. W. Quinn, Washington; S. W., R. L. Caldwell, Greensboro; J. W., Rev. Troy Beatty, Athens; chaplain, W. S. Dossett, Washington; treasurer, A. G. Dudley, Athens; secretary, W. A. Capps, Athens; S. C., F. C. Harper, Bogart; J. S., R. O. Barksdale, Washington.

OPERA LOVERS MAKE THEIR RESERVATIONS

Opera lovers from various parts of the south are already making their reservations for opera week of next year. Manager A. R. Keene, of the Georgian Terrace hotel, which is headquarters for the stars every season, states that he has received inquiries from people of Huntsville, Ala; Savannah, New Orleans and other southern points in regard to reservations.

T. W. HARDWICK SAYS HE'LL BE ELECTED ON FIRST BALLOT

Savannah, Ga., August 13.—(Special.) Thomas W. Hardwick, candidate for the United States senate, addressed a large crowd at the Liberty theater here tonight. He was enthusiastically received by members of the Hardwick club, who entertained him during the day.

Mr. Hardwick expressed the belief that he will be elected on the first ballot. He said he has not said anything that reflects upon Governor Slaton that everybody doesn't already know.

Replying to the assertion that Mr. Hardwick is a poor man, paying only $11 a year taxes, the speaker said if poverty is a disqualification for holding office in Georgia, then he is disqualified.

Mr. Hardwick discussed various features of the campaign covering practically the same ground that he has in his other talks.

AGRICULTURAL CLUB FORMED IN JEFFERSON

Louisville, Ga., August 13.—(Special.) A number of representative farmers of Jefferson county met here today in the courthouse and organized under the name of the Jefferson County Agricultural club.

Dr. Greene, of Columbia county, who is quite an enthusiast on such work, made a speech and helped to perfect a temporary organization. W. L. Phillips was made president; J. F. Comer, vice president; R. N. Whigham, secretary; B. H. Alexander, treasruer, with six prominent farmers directors.

The club will meet every month on the first Friday and discuss subjects on farming. A delightful barbecue was spread, and a big crowd enjoyed it.

WALLACE MILLER WILL MAKE SPEAKER'S RACE

Wallace Miller, of Macon, representative from Bibb county, has announced that he will make the race for speaker of the house next season, opposing W. H. Burwell, the incumbent.

For some weeks past there has been talk of opposition to Mr. Burwell and several caucuses have been held. However, the opposition did not agree on any candidate and the caucuses were without result.

Mr. Burwell's friends claim that he has been pledged over 100 votes.

Crisp Court Postponed.

Cordele Ga., August 14.—(Special.)—The August term of the superior court of Crisp county, which was to have convened Monday the 17th, will not convene until Monday the 24th. Judge W. F. George makes this change on account of the election of state officers in the week of the 17th.

Every Monday Is Our Bargain Day In Used PIANOS

Our immense business in Player-Pianos, covering the entire South, throws upon our Home Office, here, about one hundred used instruments per month. These are received from our customers throughout the South in part payment on new Player-Pianos and are shipped to our central repair shop in Atlanta where they are refinished, repaired or rebuilt as occasion requires.

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Our Monday Bargain Sale of Used Pianos has become famous in Atlanta and throughout the South. Call Monday and look them over, or write today for special list reserved for our out-of-town customers.

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GOVERNOR WILL SIGN TWO IMPORTANT BILLS

"Garnishment Measure" and "Fraudulent Check Bill" Will Soon Become Laws.

It is understood that in a few days Governor Slaton will sign two important bills that have passed the house—the garnishment law and the fraudulent check law. In attaching his signature, the bills become laws.

Reviewing these bills The Southern Merchant, edited by John Bratton, secretary of the Retail Merchants' association of Georgia, has the following editorial comment to make:

"Thus passes into history one of, if not the most, bitterly fought battles in Georgia's legislative halls. It is a most significant illustration of what the merchants of Georgia can do if they will lay aside their personal grievances and work unitedly. May it be a lesson that they can profit by in all things, and may it be one they will ever hold up before their eyes.

"The Southern Merchant has in season and out of season urged the merchants to make a united and determined fight for their just rights, and has always led the battle line—it rejoices with the merchants that the battle has finally been won."

The following are the bills in question:

Garnishment Law of Georgia.

Section 5298 of Vol. 1 of the Code of 1910, amended to read:

"All persons shall be exempt from the process and liabilities of garnishment on $1.25 per day of their daily, weekly or monthly wages, and on 50 per cent of the excess thereof, whether in the hands of their employers or others. All wages above the exemption herein provided for shall be subject to garnishment, and garnishee in making answer shall state specifically when the wages therein referred to were earned by defendant, and whether same were earned as daily, weekly or monthly wages."

Fraudulent Check Law.

"To be entitled an act declaring it a misdemeanor to draw and utter any check, draft, or order where the drawer has not at the time sufficient funds to meet the same, provided such drawer does not deposit with drawee sufficient funds to meet the same within thirty days, providing punishment therefor, and for other purposes.

"Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of Georgia, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same. That from and after the passage of this act, any person who shall draw and utter any check, draft, or order upon a bank, person, firm or corporation with which such drawee has not at the time sufficient funds to meet such check, draft or order, and shall thereby obtain from another money or other thing of value, or induce such person to postpone any remedy he may have against such drawer, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished as prescribed in section 1065 of the code.

"Provided, That if such drawer shall deposit with such drawee of such paper, within thirty days thereafter, funds sufficient to meet such check, draft or order, together with interest which may have accrued, there shall be no prosecution under the provision of this act."

HALL COUNTY VOTERS HEAR DR. L. G. HARDMAN

Gainesville, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Dr. L. G. Hardman, candidate for governor, spoke to a large audience in the courthouse at this place this afternoon. He was introduced by Judge J. B. Jones.

Dr. Hardman dealt at length upon his record while serving as senator from this district in the state senate. He had nothing to say of his opponents, Judge Harris and Mr. Anderson, saying that he would leave their records for the people to examine for themselves.

This is the first speech he has made in the ninth district since entering the race for governor.

HARRIS ADDRESSES GREENSBORO VOTERS

Greensboro, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Judge Nat Harris, candidate for governor, addressed a large number of citizens at the courthouse here today. The speaker was introduced by Judge H. G. Lewis, who paid a magnificent tribute to Judge Harris, giving him strong indorsement.

Harris' speech was a vote winner. He alluded to his opponents only in the most parliamentary way, and told of his campaign tour through the state, how the old soldiers were rallying to his support and the Daughters and Sons of the Confederacy were enthused over his candidacy.

Friends of Judge Harris are confident of carrying the county for him.

EIGHT BOY ROBBERS NABBED AT WAYCROSS

Waycross, Ga., August 13.—(Special.) Repeated mysterious robberies of J. S. Bailey's residence here were explained today when Policeman J. L. Cockfield arrested eight boys, seven of them negroes, all charged with robbing the home. The white boy involved is 7 years old, and with two of the negroes was caught in the house ransacking trunks. Much valuable booty was recovered by the officer and returned to the owner.

In the recorder's court all offenders were given a severe lecture by Judge A. B. Estes. After the boys were kept in jail a few hours, parents took charge of the youngsters and promised to administer punishment. The oldest of the bunch was 14 and one was under sentence in the city court for stealing a watch.

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CONGRESSMAN HARDWICK MAKES FINAL APPEAL TO GEORGIA VOTERS; GIVES ILLUMINATING REVIEW OF HIS OWN AND HIS OPPONENTS' RECORDS

SENATORIAL CANDIDATE ISSUES STATEMENT

Gives in Detail Grounds Upon Which He Seeks Election to United States Senate

TO THE DEMOCRATS OF GEORGIA:

The campaign for the Democratic nomination for the unexpired term of Senator Bacon is almost at an end. The day is rapidly approaching when its issues are to be settled at the ballot box. Before that day does arrive I wish to make a final appeal for the support of every Democrat in this state; hence this card.

I feel that I am entitled to present my cause to the Democratic voters of this state, and am entitled to some consideration at their hands, for I have fought for the Democratic party in Georgia and out of it, and have served the Democratic party in Georgia and out of it for a longer period than Jacob served, in the days of old, both for Leah and for Rachel.

There are five candidates for this nomination to succeed the late Senator Bacon. Mr. Felder, Mr. Hutchens, Mr. Cooper, Mr. Slaton and myself. Now if any man in our state, in any private business had to employ someone to work for him, and there were five applicants for the job, I am sure that he would consider, first of all, the experience and training of each of the applicants, his equipment and fitness for the particular work to be done. Why does not the same rule of common sense apply to the people, as a whole, when they come, acting collectively, to select the public officers and servants that each one of them employs, in a personal way, when he goes to hire a man to work for him, in any business undertaking or enterprise?

No fair-minded man can deny that exactly the same principles of common sense ought to be employed in both matters. If so, how stands this campaign? My friends throughout the state are urging in my behalf, and no man can truthfully dispute it, that I have had twelve years of training in the congress of the United States, twelve years of service there with its resulting friendships with the leaders of our party in every state of the republic, twelve years of study and consideration of all the great national problems and questions that during that momentous period have been before the American congress and people; that these things give me experience, training and equipment for this particular work such as is not possessd by any one of the honorable and distinguished gentlemen who are my opponents, no one of whom has had a single day of such training, experience and equipment. My friends throughout Georgia are urging in my behalf that the fact that I am on terms of close and intimate personal and political friendship with the president of the United States and this administration give to me power and influence with the administration that could and would be exerted in behalf of Georgia and her people, their rights and their interests, far greater than any power that could be exerted by any one of the four honorable and distinguished gentlemen who are my competitors in this contest, no one of whom possesses a single ounce of such influence.

It seems that there are many reasons of undeniable strength, why just at the present no Democratic state at least should send inexperienced and untrained men to Washington, particularly to the senate of the United States, where the power of the individual is greatest.

WOULD FORCE CRISIS.

First of all, we are facing a great crisis in the history of the world. Almost every great power of the earth, except our government, is either already at war, or about to be drawn into it. The world stands upon the brink of an awful chasm. The bloodiest war in modern times, if not in all times, seems imminent. Of all the great world powers the United States of America, true to its correct and traditional policy, is the only one that has entangling alliances with none of the combatants and friendly relations with all of them. To us the whole world must look for whatever mediation and peacemaking is possible, either now or later. While the actual warfare is in progress to a large degree we must feed and clothe the combatants. This ought to give tremendous impetus to many forms of American agriculture and industry, and will probably open up many new fields to American enterprise and commerce. Our government must remain true to its traditional policy of friendship for all and entangling alliances with none. It must keep on good terms with them all, both to be ready to perform the great mission that sooner or later will be ours, and to give to our people the full opportunity to make good use of the commercial opportunities that will open up to them. The situation will no doubt require some readjustment of our business, commercial and industrial, systems, particularly with reference to the marketing and manufacture of the great staple crop of the south, cotton. At this juncture, at this crisis, the administration of our national government, both in the executive and legislative branches of that government, has been intrusted to the Democratic party. Let me inquire then, is this a safe time, of all times, to put inexperienced, untrained and untried men in the senate of the United States?

It must be remembered also that the Democratic party and the south with it, faces a domestic and political crisis in this country scarcely less grave. Almost ever since the civil war the south has been the despised stepchild, the neglected Cinderella of the union. The Republican party has hardly seemed to care or to know whether the south was really a part of the country, except that once in four years, the contending factions of that party would engage in a disgraceful scramble to purchase the negro delegates from the south to the Republican national conventions.

PARTY IS ON TRIAL.

For years we have wandered in the wilderness, poor, neglected and despised, but loyal always to our party and its ideals. For years the south has simply been the Lazarus of the republic to whom was flung the crumbs that fell from the table of Dives. But after a long night of unbroken gloom the dawn of a bright and fairer day has broken for us. The Democratic party is in power once more. A Democratic president, southern born and southern bred, sits in the White House, and Democratic majorities control both houses of the national congress, with southern men high in place and power in both houses. But our party itself is on trial. If we measure up now to the responsibilities that power and opportunity impose on us, if we now manage the foreign and domestic affairs of the country successfully, if we now demonstrate to the American people our ability to conduct their affairs with sanity and with sense, and yet with fidelity to the rights of the masses, if we manage to avoid foreign complications and business troubles at home, to steer clear of commercial panics and business disasters during the time that must intervene between now and November, 1916, then it is my judgment that the Democratic party will remain entrenched in power at Washington for many years and many decades to come, and the south will remain a joint and equal inheritor with all the other sections, in prosperity and glory of the republic.

But, if we fail in any of these respects to make good now, then it is my deliberate judgment that the Democratic party will be turned out of power again, and the south will once more wonder in the wilderness, perhaps forty years more, as the children of Israel did in the days of old. What Democrat in all Georgia can doubt the truth of this statement? Not one, I believe. If not, then let me ask this question, is this critical period one in which the Democrats of Georgia can afford to take the risk of putting in the senate of the United States men who are absolutely without training, experience or equipment for the great work of national legislation, who may or may not make good?

Take the contest in which I am engaged. In twelve years, any one of the honorable and distinguished gentlemen who are my competitors might see the service in Washington that I have already seen. In twelve years any one of them might form the friendships with the great leaders of our party, from every state, that I have already formed. In twelve years any one of them might acquire the equipment that I already possess. In twelve years any one of them might learn the ropes I already know, but, in the meantime while they were doing so the state of Georgia, the south, the Democratic party and the country would have to hold the bag and pay the bill.

AS TO HIS QUALIFICATIONS.

In any business matter if there were five applicants for a job and it was perfectly apparent that one of the five had the advantage over the others in training, experience and equipment for the particular work in hand, preference would be given to the one with such experience and equipment, if he appeared to be all right in other respects, and the place would be given to him. If, however, the point was made by one of the other applicants or by any one else of responsibility and standing that the experienced applicant was not efficient and worthy and had not given satisfaction to previous employers, then before any one would hire the experienced man, he would make inquiry as to the truth of this charge. He would not take the word of the other applicant who wanted the job himself, nor that of the man with experience whose worth and fitness had been questioned. He would go to the persons who had previously employed that man. He would go to the men who knew him best and had worked by his side, and from them he would find out the truth. In my own case I ask for no more, and I am entitled to no less than that. Mr. Slaton, an applicant himself for the place I seek, has sought to question my worth and efficiency. I do not ask you to take my simple denial and it would be equally unreasonable for you to accept his bare and interested statement.

Go first, then, to the people of the Tenth district of Georgia, who sent me to the congress of the United States when I was twenty-nine years of age, the youngest man Georgia had sent there in many years, and who have sent me back year after year and term after term until I have represented that district on the floor of the American congress for a longer period of time than any man alive or dead ever represented it, except Alexander Hamilton Stephens. Would that district have done that for a man it regarded as unworthy or inefficient?

Go, next, to my associates and colleagues in the house of representatives. What answer do they give you? When the house went Democratic in 1910, for the first time in sixteen years, and they came to select the majority membership of the great committee on rules, the jurisdiction of which touches and embraces every subject and to some extent overlaps that of every other committee, because it determines, on account of the great pressure of business, what particular measures are to be singled out for special consideration and is thus the great political steering committee of the house, by unanimous vote my Democratic colleagues from every state in the union selected me as the second Democrat on that great committee. It must be remembered, too, that this selection came at a time when membership on this committee was of unusual importance, because we had to a large degree won the congressional election of 1910 on the issue of Cannon and Cannonism, on the revolt of the country from that arbitrary and despotic system, and on our promise to remove the shackles that it had bound about the limbs of the supposedly free representatives of a free people. The work of redeeming this pledge fell primarily on the new committee on rules, to whom was intrusted the task of re-writing the rules of the house and of so reforming them as to carry out this promise. Membership in this committee was, therefore, of especial importance at this particular time, and I think I violate none of the proprieties and do injustice to none of my colleagues on the committee when I say to you that I did a great part of this work and with my own hand wrote a large part of the new rules of the Democratic house.

HEADED BIG COMMITTEES.

My colleagues in the house also selected me, by unanimous vote, to be chairman of the standing committee of the house on coinage, weights and measures, a chairmanship last filled by a Democrat, before myself, Mr. Bland, of Missouri, and last held by Georgia in the person of Hon. Alexander H. Stephens.

My colleagues at that time also elected me, by unanimous vote, as chairman of one of the two special committees that they organized on taking over the house to investigate certain of the great trusts of the country, who had been oppressing both the producing and the consuming masses. The work intrusted to both of these committees was most important. The committee on sugar, which I headed, was not appointed to recommend tariff legislation, or to report bills to reduce or remove the duty on sugar, or to report any other bill. It was appointed to investigate the facts, discover the truth, and report them and it to the house. It did so, and freer sugar followed, based on the facts it uncovered. It is true that during the conduct of this legislation the price of sugar rose almost 2 cents a pound from the normal price, but this was not because of the investigation, but because of a great failure in the German beet sugar crop. It is to be recalled, however, that before the committee on sugar concluded its work the price on sugar fell about 3 cents a pound above the high price just referred to, and 1 cent a pound below the normal point. In like manner this decline in price was not occasioned by the investigation, but by the production of a bumper crop of cane sugar in Cuba. Both the rise and decline in price referred to occurred in obedience to the law of supply and demand, with which our cotton producers are well acquainted, and the committee is not entitled to either the blame or the credit, in one instances or the other, for the rise or decline. Would my colleagues in the house have imposed all of these duties upon a man they regarded as a failure?

Go, next, for your answer to a recent occurrence in the house of representatives. When the president sought to secure the repeal of the provision of law giving the special subsidy to persons and corporations engaged in the coastwise trade of this country by exempting them from the payment of tolls through the Panama canal and the regular constituted leaders of the Democratic party in the house, Speaker Clark and Representative Underwood, parted company with the administration and joined hands with the Republican leader, Mr. Mann, of Illinois, and the Progressive leader, Mr. Murdock, of Kansas, to whom did the president and his administration turn in its hour of crisis and peril to rally the panic-stricken and almost stampeded forces of the administration in the house to take the places that our regular leaders had left, to stand in the forefront of battle, bear its brunt and take its blows? To my able and distinguished colleague, Judge Adamson, and myself.

Do presidents and administrations turn to men, to take leadership and responsibility at times like that, whom they regard as failures?

My public record, my standing and position at Washington and in Georgia have been viciously assailed. Surely I have a right to defend them and to make this reply without justly laying myself open to the charge of self-praise. I have simply stated the facts, every Democrat in Georgia must judge for himself, but I do submit that it is just a little hard to have the charge of being a failure laid at the door of that Democratic representative from Georgia who has disfranchised the negro in Georgia, removed the tax on sugar, and licked Tom Watson out of his boots between jobs.

HUTCHEN'S CANDIDACY.

Mr. Hutchen's candidacy does not and can not appeal to any honest Democrat in Georgia, because Mr. Hutchens is simply the representative of Mr. Watson in this contest and receives nowhere any considerable support except such as he gets from and through Mr. Watson.

Whatever may be said for or against Mr. Watson, and the subject is indeed a rich one, not even his "friends" can seriously contend that he is entitled to an ounce of influence in a Democratic primary or that the candidate of his selection ought to get the vote of any good Democrat in all Georgia.

After his escapades in the nineties Mr. Watson in 1906 returned to the Democratic fold to participate in our state primary of that year. He did so with the profession on his lips that he intended to affiliate with the Democratic party and support its nominee, state and national. In spite of that profession he bolted again in 1908, endeavoring to advertise and exploit himself by a ridiculous and inexcusable candidacy for the presidency, confined to a few counties in one state—Georgia. He returned again to the Democratic fold, or professed to do so in 1910, to fight me for congress. I insisted then, and with reason, that before we let him in again we ought to require bond and security of him to guarantee the permanent character of his "Democracy." Losing his fight against me in the primary of 1910, he did not scruple, in violation of every principle of honor, honesty and decency, to bolt the primary in which he had participated and to run an independent against me in the general election. He bolted, in like manner, the nomination of Hoke Smith as governor.

AGAIN A TRAITOR.

In 1912 he again re-entered the Democratic primary in Georgia, again without giving bond, and by the use of every misrepresentation and slander that malice could suggest contributed to the defeat of President Wilson in our state primary. After that performance, although his hands were fresh with the blood of party treason in three successive bolts, he was taken up by a little coterie of Georgia politicians and made a Georgia Democratic delegate at large, heaven save the mark, to the Democratic national convention at Baltimore. Selected as an Underwood delegate, he prepared to bolt to Clark even before the convention met, and finding his appeals to both Underwood and Clark for special guards, special trains, and special graft as well ignored, he remained sulking in his tent, at least sparing the loyal Democrats of the country the insult of his presence at Baltimore. After the convention adjourned, with the nomination of Wilson achieved, Mr. Watson announced to the Kimball house lobby, in a speech from its stairs, his support of Wilson, but before election day came, he bolted Wilson, left the Democratic party again, and voted for Roosevelt. This man ought not to have and cannot have the slightest influence with any Democrat in Georgia. He has broken faith with us every time we forgave him and trusted him again. He has misrepresented, abused and slandered every leader of the Democratic party in state or nation, from President Wilson down. I wear his opposition as an ornament and his disapproval as the best evidence that I am worthy. I do not see how Mr. Hutchens or any other candidate who claims to be a Democrat can hope to command the vote of a single true Democrat in all Georgia with Tom Watson swung around his neck.

FELEDR'S CANDIDACY.

Mr. Felder's candidacy has not acquired the momentum and force that it seemed to promise at its inception. His performance at Griffin may be in part the cause of it, but I believe the real reasons are that the Democrats of Georgia realize that he is without that training, experience and equipment in national affairs, upon which any candidacy for the senate must, in some degree, rest. Successful as he was in the state legislature and as attorney general that alone does not supply the place of training in national affairs, of equipment for service at Washington, that is especially necessary in case of a candidate who is barely known outside of his own state. It seems to me also that in many sections of our state the people have realized that Mr. Felder does not possess the aggressiveness so absolutely necessary to conduct, with any hope of success, a candidacy backed by such powerful political and financial interests as those behind the candidacy of Mr. Slaton, and therefore refuse to divide their votes between Mr. Felder and myself, and thus elect Mr. Slaton. For that reason, Mr. Felder's candidacy is not, in my judgment, a serious factor in the contest except in about two congressional districts, and Mr. Slaton's only hope of even becoming a contestant in a convention fight rests on Mr. Felder's continuance in this race.

SLATON'S INCONSISTENCIES.

Mr. Slaton's candidacy suggests and raises many important issues. These deserve most careful consideration. In the first place, let me suggest that according to his previously expressed opinions Mr. Slaton has no right whatever to expect the Democrats of Georgia to elect him to the senate, thus creating a vacancy in the office of governor and putting the state to the trouble and expense of an extra election for governor.

On July 4, 1911, in giving his reasons why he could not, as a member of the legislature, support his own constituent, Mr. Hoke Smith, for the United States senate, Mr. Slaton said: "Further, I believe that when a man is elected to office he makes a contract with the people to fill the office during the provided term. His candidacy was based on the idea that he was needed in that office. Every supporter committed himself to that idea when he cast his vote."

Again, on December 8, 1911, while he was jubilating on the election of Mr. Joseph M. Brown to fill out the unexpired term of Governor Hoke Smith, Mr. Slaton said: "It (Brown's election) means that men in office have entered into a contract with the people that they shall retain the elective position without regard to the enticement of a more alluring prize."

SEEKS TO BREAK CONTRACT.

Now, after these public expressions of opinion, the people in 1912 nominated and elected Mr. Slaton governor of Georgia. Did not they have a right to believe that he would stand by the sentiments he had so strongly expressed? Could they dream that Mr. Slaton would not only consent, but seek to break the contract he had made to serve them as governor for a full term of two years? Could they even imagine that Mr. Slaton would not "retain the elective office (the governorship) without regard to the enticement of a more alluring prize" (the senatorship), if a vacancy in the senate occurred during his two years' term as governor? Did they not have a right to think and believe that at last they had elected a governor in the person of Mr. Slaton, who would not be induced by the enticement of a "more alluring prize" to throw up the contract he had made with them, to leave the plow standing in the middle of the furrow before it was more than about half finished, to strike for a bigger place and higher wages, and put them to the trouble and expense of an extra election?

Nor can Mr. Slaton escape this by any nonsense about the people having a right to amend te contract themselves. It seems to me that Mr. Slaton is making frantic efforts to induce them to do so, and has conducted the most expensive and widely advertised campaign ever conducted in Georgia, in order to persuade them to let him break his word. If what Mr. Slaton said was true in 1911 what makes it false in 1914? What right has he to seek to break his word, or to "persuade" the people to break it for him?

Again, Mr. Slaton has no right whatever, in morals or in decency, to conduct a campaign for the senate from the governor's chair. He both takes advantage of its powers and lowers its dignity when he, as governor, becomes a candidate for another office. While he is prosecuting his candidacy, the power to pardon criminals, the power over life and death, still inheres in him; the power to appoint officials of the state, including judges, is still invested in him. He has no right to exercise these powers during the active prosecution of his candidacy. It is unjust to the people, to his competitors and to himself. The governor cannot be separated from the candidate and the inevitable result is the abuse of power and the loss of dignity—by the governor.

SLATON'S LAW FIRM.

Again, I have and do criticise Mr. Slaton for forming and organizing the law firm of Rosser, Brandon, Slaton and Phillips just before he was inaugurated governor, and remaining, while governor, a member of that firm; his name upon its stationery, signed to its writs and pleadings, and attracting to that firm whatever business can be so attracted. It is unfair to his brother lawyers, but most unfair of all to himself and the state of Georgia. So long as his name remains in that firm, what a temptation, yea, what an invitation to every person in Georgia charged with crime to employ that firm on the idea that he will first try his case in the courts of the state, and then, finally, if need be, before one of his own lawyers, on a plea for executive clemency. For the governor of Georgia to be a member of a firm of attorneys actively engaged in the practice of law before the courts of the state is a manifest impropriety that no governor of Georgia ever committed from the day Oglethorpe founded the colony, until Mr. Slaton did it. The fact that he has done so is convincing proof that he s lacking in both judgment and sense of propriety so necessary in a senator of the United States.

Mr. Slaton insists, in his advertisements, that he is a "trained" statesman—the "best equipped man" for the place. None of his "training" relates to national affairs, and none of his "equipment" fits him for national legislation. His newspaper cards indicate a profound ignorance of national questions and national legislation. He would be infinitely better off if he had never had a day of such "training" as he has had, for it has been a training in dodging and sidestepping, in backing and filling, in pushing one way and pulling another, all his days.

SMITH CALLED TURN.

Mr. J. R. Smith, of Atlanta, called the turn on him, and gave the year and page of every House Journal to prove his statements. Mr. J. R. Smith's card remains unanswered to this day, because it is unanswerable.

The abolition of the convict lease system, the inheritance tax, the income tax, the disfranchisement of the negro, each and all he opposed as long as he could until public sentiment forced the passage of each measure—then, in each case, as the band wagon came by he jumped into a rear seat, exclaiming "me too." The motto of his public life is evidently "the people cannot change any faster than I can." He is the artful dodger of Georgia politics today, and, I believe, the champion political tight-rope artist of all America. If a rope were stretched across the raging and seething waters of Niagara, I believe he could walk it without a pole to balance himself with. The one thing in all his life he seems to have stuck to is his tax act, the new Slaton tax law. I really believe that the only reason he has stuck to this is because it has stuck to him, all over Georgia, and he can not get loose from it to save his life. Even now he is hedging as much as he can. He is going to Gainesville, Marietta, Fairburn, and all over Georgia "explaining" it—educating the poor ignorant people on the subject—pleading with tears in his voice, as he did at Fairburn, for the people not to strangle this lusty infant before it passes through its first attack of the whooping cough, admitting its imperfections and begging that they be remedied, rather than the law destroyed. Well, no man can deny that this child ought to be corrected, and at once, if its life is to continue.

I have, and do object to the Slaton tax law as it now stands and is now being enforced for three reasons. Before I give these reasons, let me say that the repeated statements made by Mr. Slaton and the Atlanta Constitution that I ever introduced a bill, in my life, that is subject to the criticism I now make of the Slaton tax law, are absolutely untrue. I challenge Mr. Slaton, with all his money, the Constitution with all its printing press, and its paper and its ink, to print any bill of that kind that I ever offered. I have challenged them both to do so ever since they first made this false and misleading statement, and neither of them will do so. There is no such bill. The bill I did offer was entirely free from the objections I urge to Slaton's law. He bitterly opposed it and knows just what the difference is. That bill was a real tax equalization bill, designed to get to the tax books the intangible and invisible property, and to simply raise the values of land and real estate and all other tangible and visible property, as the Slaton law does. That bill treated the railroads and other great public-service corporations just like it did the plain folks, and the Slaton law does not.

GROUNDS OF OBJECTION.

Now what are the grounds of my objection to the Slaton tax law?

1. I object to it first, because the purpose for which it was enacted, the motive of which it was born, was simply to evade, escape and dodge the force and effect of the constitutional limitation of five mills upon state taxation, a thoroughly Slaton-like scheme. He wanted more money to help pay the extravagant appropriations that he as a member of the legislature for seventeen years had helped pile up, and since he was unwilling to go after intagible property, largely in the cities, he had either to raise the tax rate, or simply increase the values of property now on the books, real estate everywhere in Georgia, and land, entirely in the country. He first thought of raising the tax rate, by constitutional amendment, and suggested that plan in his message of June 28, 1913 (House Journal, 1913, pp. 159, 160). Fearing the political effect of an increase in the tax rate, he adopted the alternative of raising tax values,—hence and wherefore the Slaton tax act.

2. I object, in the next place, to the Slaton tax law, as it now stands, and is now being enforced, because before we go, in this state, from the system of voluntary tax returns that we have had so long, to the system of assessment, there ought to be provided in the law that makes the change, specific, adequate, powerful and definite machinery for bringing to the tax books of the state intangible and invisible property, such as bonds, stocks, votes, accounts, money, etc., that now escapes and has always escaped taxation. Unless this be done the only effect of the change was bound to be as it has been, simply to increase the burdens of the owners of land and real estate. That such has been the result is shown by the fact that Oglethorpe county, in east Georgia, ninety-two and one-half per cent of all the increase in taxable values comes from land and real estate. This is a typical rural county of Georgia, and I believe the percentage will hold good throughout the states, in the rural counties.

DOES NOT APPLY EQUALLY.

3. I object, in the next place, to the Slaton tax law, because it does not apply equally and impartially to all citizens and classes of property of the state. When the plain people of Georgia were changed, by this law, to the assessment system, why was not this same assessment system applied to the railroads and other great and rich public service corporations? And yet this was not done. These corporations continue to make their voluntary returns, putting their own valuation, under oath, upon their property, to the comptroller general of Georgia, the state tax receiver, who has long occupied as to these corporations exactly the same position that the tax receiver of each county occupied to the individual tax-payers of his county—with exactly the same powers, rights and duties resting upon the comptroller general as to accepting, rejecting or arbitrating the tax returns of these corporations that rested, by the old law, on each tax receiver in Georgia. Why, then, when the change in the law as to the balance of the folks in Georgia was made was the law not also changed as to these corporations? Can it be seriously contended that these corporations ought to be fed out of a different spoon from the balance of the people? If all other folk in Georgia cannot be trusted to tell the truth about the values of their property, ought these corporations to be trusted to do so? If the assessment principle is right for the balance of us, why is it not right for them also? If it imposes an additional burden ought not these corporations to bear their part of it?

Now can Mr. Slaton, in this matter, hide behind some one else's skirts—his usual trick. He seeks to hide behind those of our beloved comptroller general, Mr. William A. Wright, saying that Mr. Wright will force these corporations to pay on just valuations. So he may. So might many of the honest tax receivers of this state, but we are dealing with a question of law now, not one of personality. How long is Mr. Wright to be spared to us? Many years, I hope, but who can tell? The law ought to be fair and equal, just and impartial, applying to all alike.

MORE OF HIS RECORD.

In this connection it is most interesting to recall that on November 4, 1901, when Representative Perry, of Gwinnett, offered in the house of representatives, in our general assembly a bill to establish a system of tax assessment of railroad properties in Georgia, Mr. Slaton (and Mr. Felder as well) voted against the bill, while I voted for it. (House Journal, 101, pp. 293, 294, 295.) In view of his positive position in opposition to applying the assessment system to the railroads, their omission from Mr. Slaton's new tax law is both interesting and significant.

I thought at first that Mr. Slaton wished to raise some real issue with me on the parcels post. It seems that he does not, or dares not, for he will not tell us whether he wishes to abandon the present system of charging according to the distance a parcel travels, or whether he wishes to raise the present weight limit on parcels, or, if so, to what weight limit he would go.

My own position is this: I supported and voted for the present parcels post system as it stands today, but am steadfastly opposed to any abandonment of the distance system of charging, or to any increase in the present weight limits on parcels.

What Mr. Slaton's position is neither he nor anyone else knows, or can find out.

When Senator Bacon died the opportunity came to Mr. Slaton to measure up to a high standard. The people of Georgia in spite of his negative and little known record, had trusted him and honored him highly. If he had fully appreciated their confidence and the high honor conferred on him, what he would have done would have been to have sought as Senator Bacon's successor, the biggest and brainiest Georgia Democrat he could find, preferably in south Georgia, and have appointed him senator for the honor and glory of the commonwealth. He ought to have done this without regard to petty partisan or factional politics, without condition or reservation, and filled out his own contract as governor—'Ah, Cromwell, I charge thee, fling away ambition."

DIDN'T MEASURE UP.

If Mr. Slaton had measured up to this standard, had successfully met this test, he would have shown to the people of Georgia that he was a bigger man than they had ever thought, and would have won their love and respect. He might have buried factionalism in Georgia and have been hailed as the "Peacemaker." If he could not rise that high in dealing with the situation he could at least have played square politics, as it is played in Georgia and elsewhere. Since Mr. Clark Howell simply would not have the appointment, he could have given it to Joseph M. Brown, the leader of a great faction in Georgia, that had stood behind Mr. Slaton in solid array and made him governor. He could have said to Mr. Brown, as Mr. Brown said to Mr. Terrell in 1911: "You are the bridge that carried me over. This appointment is due you, take it."

It is an open secret that Mr. Brown expected it, and that the plan was that Mr. Brown should fight it out, for one of the senate seats, from that seat, with all comers, while Mr. Slaton, the rich and apparently popular Governor of Georgia, should fight it out with Senator Hoke Smith for the other seat. The leaders of the old Brown faction groomed Mr. Slaton for this fight with Hoke Smith, for months and months. They wined him and they dined him, while they were getting ready for it; they barbecued him and were barbecued by him preparatory for it. Finally, they pitted (as the boys used to do when they fought chickens), spurred and gaffed, face to face with Hoke Smith. The hour for battle struck. It developed that Mr. Slaton's spurs were all feathers, and instead of being a game chicken he was a dominicker and turned and ran the other way, and laying down first on the state and then on his own crowd, tried to grab the other place, south Georgia's seat in the senate, for himself.

PLAYING BOTH ENDS.

In the effort to do so he threw Brown overboard, though strenuously endeavoring to avoid an open breach with him, advertising and publishing to the world repeated statements that "there was no breach between Brown and Slaton," and that they still "stood together," and yet at the same time cajoling and coaxing Hoke Smith's friends, begging them to support him, and urging that they ought to do so out of gratitude to him (Slaton), because he did not run against Hoke Smith. He urges upon the laboring men of this state the idea that he and Brown have broken, and upon the Brown faction that he still hates Hoke Smith and is still with Brown. He plays both ends against the middle, is false to all men, and true to none. He is for nobody on this earth except himself.

It will not work. Hoke Smith and Jack Slaton as teammates in the senate, would be a farce—a failure. They would oppose each other and nullify each other. Joe Brown and Jack Slaton in the senate would be just as bad, or worse.

My position on this matter is plain and straightforward. I have stood, every time, through adversity as well as prosperity, through storm as well as through sunshine, through defeat as well as victory, for Hoke Smith and the principles he advocated in Georgia, because I believe in both. I am there yet. I have spoken for both all over Georgia until my throat was sorer and my voice hoarser than it is in this campaign. I have no regret to express; no apology to offer. It was my right, as a free-born citizen of Georgia. At the same time, I have always conceded to every friend I had, to every citizen of Georgia, the same right to do his own thinking and his own voting that I have claimed and exercised for myself. I have always done this and I still do so, and for that reason I have thousands of friends in Georgia, many of them my ardent supporters in this contest, who do not agree with me on this and possibly on other questions.

Whatever else may be said, I do not search for fences to straddle. I do not play both ends against the middle. I do not say I am for Smith when the Smith men and for Brown when I am with Brown men. I am not hanging to Woodrow Wilson with one hand and to Hearst with the other. I have not lain down first on my state, second on my own record, then on my own town. I have not run away from joint debates, or anything else.

SLATON OPPOSED WILSON.

Mr. Slaton, whose opposition to Woodrow Wilson is well known, has assailed me as being untrue to this administration, both as to parcel post and the currency bill. This charge in somewhat milder form has been echoed from the Felder camp. Let me ask you to take the answer from the man who ought to know better than either Mr. Slaton or Mr. Felder—from Woodrow Wilson himself. Without my knowledge or request, direct or indirect, Mr. Wilson recently wrote the follwing letter:

"The White House,
"Washington, August 5, 1914.

"To the Editor of the Press:

"I am very glad to answer your letter of July 20. Mr. Hardwick has been an ardent and faithful friend of the administration from the outset, and I should be very sorry to hear of anything being said against him that would create a different impression.

"He has won my admiration and confidence. Sincerely yours,
(Signed) "WOODROW WILSON."

HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH MORRIS CONTROVERSY.

Mr. Slaton insists that I have been saying unkind things about him and his family affairs and family matters. He is entirely mistaken. Neither I nor my management have anything on earth to do with the controversy between himself and Judge Morris. I have made no reference whatever to the matter in any way. I have simply said about Mr. Slaton what everybody knows and his friends concede, that without the support of the enormous fortune that is behind him there would be nothing whatever to him or his campaign. Mr. Slaton has employed a campaign manager who came to us, advertised as "just from Tammany and its campaigns." Does Mr. Slaton propose to try Tammany methods on Georgia Democrats? Is that what it means? Does he believe that Georgia's Democracy is for sale and that a new Lorimer may hail from Georgia? I trust not. I warn him now, it is a dangerous game that he is reported to be playing. After making so many miserable insinuations that I had improper relations, pas, or present, with the express companies or some mysterious trust, when called down hard by me, Mr. Slaton finally, in his last card, says he has "indulged in no innuendo," and on yesterday permits his manager to publish to all the world the fact that I am poor, paying only $11 in taxes to the state. Is poverty a disqualification for holding public office in Georgia? If so, I admit my disqualification. Are only the rich, by marriage, eligible? If so, I guess he will have to be elected, for the balance of us are poor. But when he parades my poverty, after the twelve years of congressional service, he gives answer, full and complete, to his own vile insinuations of an earlier date. I only hope that, rich or poor, he will keep his hands as clean as mine.

Fellow Democrats of Georgia, I rest my cause. To your keeping and into your hands I commit it. I have fought the battles of our party, in Georgia and out of it, all my life. I live in south Georgia, which is entitled to one of these places. I am poor but clean. I have the advantage of all my competitors in training, experience, equipment, and preparation for this work. I have never trimmed my sails to catch the passing breeze. Whatever wounds my party's foes and my own have inflicted on me are on my breast, received as I faced them, and not on my back, received as I ran away from them. I am plain spoken and hard working. If elected, I shall do my best to make Georgia and the country a worthy senator. If honored with your support I shall be grateful to you far beyond my poor powers of expression.

THOMAS W. HARDWICK.
(Advertisement.)

AGREEMENT REACHED ON FOREIGN VESSELS

But Fight Is Coming Over Proposal to Admit Foreign-Built Ships to Coast Trade.

Washington, August 13.—Champions of American coastwise shipping in the house and senate today let it be known that they would oppose bitterly the adoption of the conference report on the emergency shipping bill, which would admit foreign-built ships to the coastwise trade if they take American registry within the next two years.

Senator Perkins and Representatives Mann and Green refused to sign the conference report, which was agreed to early in the day, and will lead a fight against its adoption.

The proposed legislation is the first in which it ever was seriously suggested that foreign-built ships be granted the right to participate in coastwise trade, which has been reserved exclusively for vessels built in American yards. The existing law was criticised repeatedly in the recent debate on the repeal of Panama tolls exemption, and the present action is regarded in some quarters as a continuation of the Panama canal tolls fight.

Senator O'Gorman submitted the conference report late today, but action on it was deferred until tomorrow.

Bill As Agreed To.

The bill as now agreed upon would admit to American registry all foreign built ships owned by American citizens or corporations regardless of the age of the ships. The Cummins amendment requiring Americans to own a majority of the stock of the owning corporation was stricken out.

Provisions empowering the president to suspend requirements for inspection and exclusive American officers and crews were retained in the bill, but the provision for repair of foreign built ships in navy yards and for retired naval officers to be employed was stricken out.

A new amendment providing that foreign built vessels may engage in the coastwise trade if registered pursuant to the provisions of this act within two years from its passage, was substituted for a senate amendment which would have permitted foreign built ships to engage in trade between the Atlantic and Pacific coast ports, from the gulf to the Atlantic and Pacific, and from the Great Lakes to ocean and gulf ports.

Senator Perkins refused to sign the conference report.

Government Liners Proposed.

Construction by the government of twelve passenger and freight liners of 10,000 tons each to be manned by officers and crews from the navy was proposed in a bill introduced today by Representative Humphrey, of Washington.

The plan contemplates three lines operating between ports of the United States and Central and South American cities. The ships would have a contract speed of sixteen knots and be available for service as transports in time of war.

GEORGIA APPLES MAKE SPLENDID IMPRESSION

J. Frank Beck, president of the Piedmont orchards, which owns an 1,800-acre apple orchard in Habersham county, near Clarksville, Ga., has just returned from Boston, where he attended the convention of the International Apple Shippers' association last week.

In connection with this convention was held an apple show, participated in by all sections of this country, the purpose of which was to show present condition of the coming winter apple crop of the country.

It was the first time that Georgia had ever exhibited at this convention, and the purpose of the exhibit was to show that this state has a permanent place on the national apple map.

Notable exhibits were made by the Yonah Fruit company, of Cornelia; the Shady View Orchards, of Demorest, and the Rabun Orchards, of Rabun Gap, of which Julian Field, of Atlanta, is the president. The Piedmont Orchards exhibited a number of varieties of apples grown this year on trees only three years old, which attracted much interest among the growers.

These exhibits included more than twenty varieties of apples, including most of the standard high-grade varieties of commercial fruit. This Georgia exhibit attracted the attention of the hundreds of prominent apple-growers from all sections of the country who were impressed by the advanced condition of Georgia fruit over that of other sections of the country.

Georgia's fame abroad for its peaches and watermelons will now be increased by the quality of its apple production.

ALLEGED CRACKSMAN EXONERATED BY JURY

Rexford P. Fields, alias "Texas Rex," of 89 Brookline street, the alleged cracksman, charged with blowing the Walker Brothers company's safe at Griffin, Ga., the night of March 16, when the safe was looted of $800, who has been on trial the last three days before a jury of Spalding county's superior court, at Griffin, Ga., was released Thursday afternoon.

When the verdict was returned by the jury freeing her husband, Fields' pretty wife rushed to the side of her husband and fondly embraced him. She then turned to the jury and thanked them.

Arthur O. Perry, alias "Missouri Slim," and James Gray, alias "Des Moines Billy," who lived with Fields on Brookline street, and were arrested at the same time by the Atlanta police, are still held prisoners in the Spalding county jail. They will probably be tried at the January term.

Fields, upon his release, returned to Atlanta, and informed Sergeant George Bullard, the Atlanta policeman who arrested him, that he would again take up his residence here. His two little children, a boy and girl, have been in a convent for several months. The alleged cracksman will now apply to the convent for the return of his children.

His acquittal was largely due to the testimony of Jerry Farlow, an Atlanta boy, now under arrest at Cedartown, Ga., charged with the murder of W. F. Freeman, former night watchman of the Aragon Cotton Mills, at Aragon, Ga., who was riddled with bullets when he flushed a gang of yeggmen attempting to rob the safe of the mills last March.

Farlow testified that he and Bob Cline, another Atlanta boy, went to Griffin March 16, and that night cracked the Walker Brothers' safe, securing $800. He denied that Fields was implicated.

HE KILLED HIS WIFE AND THEN KILLED SELF

Kansas City, Mo., August 13.—John Rolfe, a wealthy farmer of Randolph, Kans., today shot and killed his wife while she was preparing to undergo an operation for appendicitis at the Swedish hospital here. Rolfe then committed suicide.

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THE TAX ON EDUCATION.

The general assembly failed to submit the constitutional amendment exempting educational endowments from taxation.

The very fact, however, that on two calls the proposed amendment received a more than two-to-one vote in the house, indicates the strength of the appeal made by the proposition.

Under the law no constitutional amendment may be submitted without receiving first a vote of two-thirds of the full membership of both houses—not two-thirds of those voting.

Unfortunately this measure was introduced toward the closing of the session, coming up for final action only on the last day. The long session and the fact that the general assembly was in the throes of adjournment so depleted the attendance that it would have required practically a full vote of those in attendance to have given the necessary constitutional two-thirds of the house membership. So the measure was lost, though receiving a more than two-to-one vote of confidence.

This means, of course, that the measure will be introduced at the very beginning of the next legislative session, and that the amendment will be approved at that time and submitted to the people is already assured.

This amendment proposes to exempt from taxation only direct endowments of educational institutions, this not including real estate or other property not used exclusively for endowment purposes. It applies alike to educational institutions of all kinds, placing them all on the same footing as that of the state university. The measure was strongly advocated by the late Chancellor Hill, of the university, and is now as warmly approved by his successor, Chancellor Barrow.

This long delayed injustice in removing this levy on education in Georgia puts the white educational institutions of the state at fearful disadvantage compared with the practical exemption enjoyed by the institutions of higher learning for negroes, most of whose endowments come from other states.

It is of the utmost importance that the friends of this measure should take the matter in hand in ample time before the next meeting of the legislature, so that its members may understand the real merit of the proposition. If this is done, and if the matter is presented plainly to the representatives of the people, there will be no doubt of the approval of the amendment by the general assembly and at the ballot.

TWO-EDGED LEGISLATION.

The Atlanta Chamber of Commerce through its legislative committee has adopted resolutions, published today, protesting against those features of the Rayburn railroad securities bill now pending in congress, the effect of which would unquestionably be to halt, not only railroad, but industrial, mining and agricultural development in the south.

The alarming feature of this measure, as the committee sees it, is not only the fact that every brief railroad extension in the south as well as other sections of the country, even though it were but ten miles long and built to accommodate some new industry, would necessitate permission from the interstate commerce commission at Washington to enter into this expense, but that it would permit the railroads of other states to oppose, interfere with, and even prevent such development, perhaps through no other motive than a political or selfish one.

The danger of a law which would permit the railroad commission of North Carolina to block an industrial extension by the Southern railway in Georgia, simply because the Southern operates also in North Carolina, ought not to have to be argued. Outside of the question of delay involved in an appeal to the interstate commerce commission for permission to construct such an extension or connecting line, as the result of the numerous applications upon which that body would be called upon to act, the average railroad corporation will think a long time before it consents to let such a transaction as this go before half a dozen state railroad commissions, which really ought to have nothing to do with it.

It is just such proposed legislation as this to which President C. W. Pidcock, of the Georgia Northern, a well-known south Georgia short line, refers in a communication which The Constitution prints today, and in which he declares that there will be no more railroads, short or long, built in this section until there is a change in the attitude of legislative powers toward railroads in general. Mr. Pidcock had in mind, not only this dangerous feature of the Rayburn securities bill, but other legislation of a similar class, which, while it is aimed chiefly at those large eastern systems which are now and then the subjects of stock-jobbing deals, does not differentiate from them the smaller independent short lines which really have at times a hard struggle for existence. His reference is to laws which make no distinction whatever between the line that earns $10,000 a mile and that which earns only $1,000, or even less. Legislation which might be deemed necessary for the curbing of the big system would probably prove so great a hardship to the independent short line of 10 to 100 miles as to drive it to the verge of bankruptcy, if not beyond.

Just as there has been failure in much of the railroad legislation enacted to differentiate between the big system and the independent short line, so there is failure in the Rayburn bill to make any distinction between railroads operating in territory that is already developed practically to its limit, and those sections like the south, where some necessity for new railroad construction in the shape of mine, mill or new agricultural town, arises almost every day.

We believe that when the facts in the case are brought to their attention through the action of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce and other southern commercial bodies, southern representatives and senators in congress will act together for the protection of their section in the matter of its future development. They cannot afford to, and we are confident will not, let hasty legislation go to the extent of checking southern progress.

THE "MAN BEHIND THE GUN."

It is not so much the eastern banker or the national legislator upon whom the south must depend in the commercial exigency, brought on by the European war, though these will unquestionably do their part and render valuable assistance. When we get right down to it, it is the clear-headed, active and patriotic business man and banker in the small interior towns throughout the south in whom the greatest dependence must be placed, It is the business man and banker of those towns who must come into most intimate touch with the producer and render the actual assistance necessary to enable him to carry his crop and meet his obligations.

More specifically, it is men like S. B. Brown, of Albany, banker and business man, who will in their respective territories take hold of commercial problems raised in this country by the European war, and work them out to the best advantage of the people they serve.

Asked for telegraphic advice on the situation, while on his way home from New York, Mr. Brown sent to H. M. McIntosh, of Albany, the following telegram:

> We must co-operate and arrange to keep our cotton off the market until the foreign market is open. Any effort to sell means ruinous prices without subsequent relief. Sufficient money can be arranged for picking and baling cotton and by selling seed, enough money provided for to live on. The cotton should be warehoused and insured; the bankers and merchants should accept receipts and use them as collateral in renewing their indebtedness, the final adjustment to be made when the cotton is sold. I believe bankers in the large cities will co-operate with interior banks and merchants, and will accept this plan and carry their indebtedness until cotton can be moved at a fair price. It is very important that our banks in the various towns should co-operate; there should be no effort made by any of us to offer inducements to take cotton from other territory, and in mutual territory a spirit of co-operation should exist. The situation is not so serious but what with cool heads and co-operation the problem can be solved, particularly as the government and larger city banks will do their part. Had I known of your meeting today, I would have been with you.

Mr. Brown means every word he says. He is of the strong, constructive and progressive type of banker and business man found in the Georgia centers like Albany and many others of that class in Georgia and the south, who has always stood among the foremost of the state's developers.

It is the man of this type who, with a well-grounded understanding of conditions, not only gives good advice, but stands ready to lend assistance. When trouble comes it is the Sam Browns of Georgia and other southern towns who take hold of the situation and go to the utmost possible limit for the protection of their home people in the solution of such knotty commercial problems as the European crisis has raised. Eastern bankers may advise, and legislators may suggest, and perhaps provide a way for execution, but it is the Sam Browns who act in emergencies and bring relief speedily and directly home to those who stand in immediate need of it.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE COMMITTEE PROTESTS AGAINST RAYBURN BILL

The legislative committee of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce has unanimously adopted the following resolution apropos of the feature referred to of the Reyburn securities bill now before the United States senate.

Protest along the same line has been entered by commercial organizations and business men throughout the south:

"Resolved, by the legislative committee of the Atlanta Chamber of Comerce, That we view with apprehension and alarm certain provisions of the bill now pending in the United States senate known as the Rayburn securities bill. Under the terms of this bill as it now stands, should any railroad operating in the south desire, with new capital, to extend its main lines, double track or improve the same, to build short lines into adjacent territory or improve or add to its facilities or equipment, or even construct an extension to a factory or to a newly opened mine, or through a developing agricultural section, it must first apply to the interstate commerce commission at Washington for permission to incur the expense incident thereto and to issue the necessary securities for that purpose, and the interstate commerce commission at Washington would then have to notify the railroad commissions of every state in which such railroad operated, involving the consequent delay which would necessarily follow hearings thereon.

"Resolved, That we view with serious alarm any proposal which would permit, as does this proposed bill, the railroad commissions of other states to prevent, if so disposed, any proposed development, improvement or extension of a railroad or its facilities in our own state of Georgia. Such a law, in the judgment of this committee, would dangerously affect the fundamental democratic doctrine of state's rights and would at the same time leave to the final judgment of others beyond our borders and unacquainted with our needs and necessities, the development of our commerce and industries insofar as the same are aided or promoted by our transportation companies.

"Resolved, further, That the effect, in our judgment, of the enactment of such legislation will be to greatly retard development in Georgia and throughout the south. The south at this time needs the extension of her existing railroad lines and the construction of new lines for the development of large portions of our territory, and all proper encouragement ought to be extended our railroads to enable them to improve their existing facilities for the accommodation of the public and the shippers. In many sections of the south industrial plants are being constructed and mines opened. Such legislation would very greatly handicap, if it did not make impossible, such undertakings, and will prevent the natural extension and expansion of our existing railroad lines, through double tracking and otherwise, and very seriously hamper our railroads in the proper and orderly enhancement of their facilities. For these reasons, this committee is unalterably opposed to such provisions of the Rayburn bill and we call upon our senators and representatives in congress to use their best endeavors to see that no such blighting influence is laid upon southern development.

"Resolved, further, That a copy of these resolutions be mailed immediately to our representatives in congress and in the United States senate."

WHERE DEVELOPMENT MAY BE SERIOUSLY HURT BY LEGISLATION

Editor Constitution: I noted with a great deal of satisfaction the editorial in your issue of the 9th, headed "Where the People Pay," and in which you referred to the article I inserted in a recent issue of The Moultrie Observer. Your editorial hit the nail on the head and brings out forcibly the point that I want to impress upon the people. If you will keep agitating this matter through your valuable columns it will wake the people up to the vital issues confronting the railroads, especially the short lines of our own state. One thing is certain, there will not be any further small or big roads built in this section until there is a change in the attitude of the powers that be toward railroads in general, and the only way we can educate the people is through the press, presenting to them as often as is consistent just such sensible and truthful statements as contained in your very timely and able editorial.

C. W. PIDCOCK.

Moultrie, Ga., August 11.

LIFEBOATS

By GEORGE FITCH,
Author of "At Good Old Siwash."

A lifeboat is a small, uncomfortable craft which is all that is left to travel in after the $10,000,000 floating hotel has demonstrated the fallability of man.

Lifeboats are stoutly built and can float in the fiercest storm; but they are not popular as a means of transportation. After fifty people have crowded into a 30-foot lifeboat it is no more comfortable than a street car in the rush hours. Skillful seamen can row a lifeboat several hundred miles to shore if necessary, living upon an occasional biscuit, but in the hands of a few dining room stewards who do not know which end of the oar to grasp while rowing, the lifeboat is at best a perilous and uncertain affair.

For many years steamships have carried lifeboats hung from their upper decks, and these boats have added greatly to the peace of mind of nervous passengers who have put on life preservers every time a wave hit their stateroom portholes. In fact, the lifeboat was generally considered to be a very acceptable substitute for a steamship in case the latter sank—until about two years ago when it was suddenly demonstrated in a most distressing manner that the best lifeboat in the world is of no use whatever to the passengers who can't crowd into it.

Since that time ocean steamers have provided enough lifeboats to hold all of their passengers and crew. But as yet very few improvements have been made in the manner of launching a lifeboat in a heavy sea. Up to the present the bottom-side-up method has been used very extensively and has proven very satisfactory to those directors of navigation companies who have remained steadfastly at home focusing their well-trained intellects upon the matter of more speed and larger palm gardens.

The United States government has just ruled that during the summer season steamers on the American great lakes need only carry enough lifeboats for half their passengers. Whether the government considers summer excursionists as superfluous population—or whether it figures that half the travelers would be able to swim across the lake in case of trouble is unknown. We will discover the reason for this decision just after the first big steamer goes down leaving half of its passengers safe and sound in the water only 6 miles from shore.

The Irish Situation.

James Douglas, in London Opinion, reviews the Irish trouble, which he fears will break into civil war. This war would, he holds, be inevitably a religious conflict, the most terrible form of civil strife. "The English people," he says, "do not suspect that there is in the twentieth century in these islands a people far more inflexible, far more obstinate and far more suspicious than the Boers. Nor do they suspect that there is another people in Ireland—a people nurtured on bitter memories—a people for generations despised and outcast on their native soil—a people equally ready to die for their ideals and equally willing to go down fighting. These two peoples now stand face to face—embattled farmers, embattled artisans, embattled clerks, embattled clergy—pastor ranged against priest. As against these two forces what weapons are in the hands of the state? A disaffected army, whose officers are largely non-Irish and non-Catholic. Blood is thicker than water."

The Champion Metaphor.

(From Tit-Bits.)

There is no place like the house of commons for a "nice derangement of metaphor." It will be a long time before we have a "mixture" equal to the outburst of an effusive orator who said: "The British lion, whether it is roaming the deserts of India or climbing the forests of Canada, will not draw in its horns or retire into its shell."

Our New University.

By Sam W. Small.

Before it is too late to file suggestions relating to the new Methodist university that is to be built in Atlanta, permit me, as one of those who has always been ardently interested in the city and its advancement, to offer one that I believe worth consideration.

The "John Wesley University"—that is my idea of the name that would best fit the new institution.

It would memorialize the great, the immortal, founder of Methodism in a way that, singularly enough, has never yet been availed of by any of the Wesleyans either of England, America or elsewhere. Certainly no other name could be more fitting, and none other would so instantly and more comprehensively import the sponsorship, character and far-reaching purposes of the university. No one who ever saw or heard that name would think of the institution as possibly agnostic, secular or subservient to merely materialistic influences or "tainted money."

Again, it would be peculiarly appropriate that the great Methodist university, located in Georgia, should bear the name of John Wesley, because it was to Georgia that John Wesley came under the auspices of Oglethorpe, the founder of the colony, and it was on Georgia soil only on this hemisphere that the voice of the great religious reformer and "Apostle of Scriptural Holiness" was heard preaching that interpretation of the Gospel that has lived on after him, belting the world with its methods, and establishing a following that today numbers 19,000,000 souls, 7,000,000 of them in the United States.

The name would be neither odd-looking nor odd-sounding. It is easier upon the tongue than "Johns Hopkins University" and not so vocular and voluminous as the "Leland Stanford Junior University." The name "John Wesley University" would soon fix itself affectionately and familiarly upon the lips of millions of Methodists, at least throughout the south, and eventually over the nation and the missionized globe at large.

While on the subject I am hoping that the wise and capable men who are to found and fashion this university will make it of university scope in fact—a congress of colleges, as at Cambridge, Oxford and other institutions of similar character—and, doubtless they will do so.

In that case we might, with slight recourse to imagination, purview a "Whitfield College of Theology," seeing that the theological school is the first one to be set up and functioned. Rev. George Whitfield made his American advent also in the Georgia colony, and was the father of the public school idea in it. Before leaving England in 1737 he had conceived the plan of an orphan house, inspired to the project by an account, shortly before published in England, of such a house conducted by Dr. Franke at Halle. On his visit to Savannah in 1738 he saw the need of a school for poor and neglected children. Returning to England he collected funds for the school, obtained a grant of five hundred acres from the trustees of the colony, and on the 25th of March, 1770, about ten miles out of Savannah, he laid the first brick of the house, which he called Bethesda, or the "House of Mercy." He began school with forty children. The property still remains, I believe, in trust for the original purposes of its great originator.

Georgians subsequently honored this far-seeing good man by naming a county—Whitfield county—to commemorate his part in Georgia history, and it is the only county in the American states that was ever named to honor a minister of the gospel.

Why, then, would it not be most appropriate to name the college of theology in the new university after the great Whitfield?

I could go on with several other like notions that run in my head, but perhaps this is the place where I should stop.

"HOCH, DER KAISER!"

Der Kaiser of dis Fatherland
Und Gott on high all things command,
Ve two—ach; don't you understand?
Myself—und Gott.

Vile some men sing der power divine
Mein soldiers sing "Die Wacht am Rhine,"
Und drink der health in Rheinish wine
Of me—und Gott.

Dere's France, she swaggers all arount,
She's ausgespielt, of no account.
To much we think she don't amount;
Myself—und Gott.

She vill not dare to fight again,
But if she shouldt, I'll show her blain
Dot Elsass und (in French) Lorraine
Are mine—by Gott.

Dere's Grandma dinks she's nicht small beer,
Midt Boers und such she interfere.
She'll learn none owns dis hemisphere
But me—und Gott.

She dinks, good frau, some ships she's got
Und soldiers midt der scarlet goat.
Ach. We could knock dem. Pouf. Like dot,
Myself—und Gott.

In dimes of peace brebare for wars,
I bear der spear und helm of Mars,
Und care not for den thousandt Czars,
Myself—und Gott.

In fact, I humor efery vhim,
With aspect dark and visage grim;
Gott pulls mit Me und I mit Him,
Myself—und Gott.

—RODNEY BLAKE.

(Note.—The interference of the German warships at Manila after Admiral Dewey had sunk the Spanish fleet inspired the above poem by Rodney Blake. It will be remembered that Admiral Dewey was forced to use peremptory language in order to make the German admiral keep within bounds. At a banquet in New York months after the battle of Manila bay Captain Coghlan, of the United States navy, read Blake's poem and it was greeted with roars of applause. Some umbrage was taken by Germans and the navy department cautioned Captain Coghlan. The poem was republished in other countries and was very popular everywhere save in Germany.)

DEATH

(For The Constitution.)

My boatman comes. No stern expression
marks his face;
No war-like garment wraps his kingly
form,
But peaceful robe. He rescues me; in his
embrace
I fall asleep, and, sheltered from the
storm,
My life is wafted from the boisterous shore.
No pain; no grief; the heavy shadows
o'er me steal;
The night grows dark, and yet I question
not the morn.
Once in my mother's womb I slept; now,
as then, I feel
No fearful horrors, trembling to be born
Into a higher, brighter life when this is
gone.

—ERNEST NEAL.

DAILY GRIST from the STATE'S POLITICAL GRIND

JUDGE NEWT MORRIS' ATTACK WINS VOTES FOR GOV. SLATON

If there had been any doubt that the attacks which have been made upon Governor Slaton during the course of the campaign were causing the people to rally to his support, the paid-for cards of ex-Judge Newt Morris, in which he dragged in the name of the governor's wife, charging her with giving in false tax returns, would seem to have removed it.

It is the opinion of those in charge of the Slaton campaign that nothing has happened that will redound more to the governor's credit than this characteristic Newt Morris assault. Numerous letters and telegrams have been received from people all over the state, who were hitherto supporting Hardwick, but who now offer to take off their coats and work for the governor.

Several of the weekly press which had supported the congressman declare that they cannot countenance such politics and that from now on they will be active on the governor's side. Here is what The Greensboro Herald-Journal has to say:

"It strikes the Herald-Journal that Judge N. A. Morris hit Governor Slaton below the belt in bringing Mrs. Slaton into the discussion.

"Mrs. Slaton gives in as personal property about $11,000, whereas Judge Morris says she does not give in anything.

"Judge Morris isn't doing Mr. Hardwick's candidacy any good by such tactics. People usually resent such things.

"In the early part of the contest the editor of The Herald-Journal thought that he would vote for Mr. Hardwick. As the campaign progressed and we began to investigate, it has gradually dawned upon us that we were mistaken in our hasty conclusion.

"We were piqued and in our haste decided to support Mr. Hardwick for personal reasons. But we can't run with Newt Morris. Newt is the straw that has broken the camel's back.

"We can't resist the call. We must strike a blow in defense of Georgia womanhood—and especially one whom we admire and highly respect.

Mr. Hardwick must assume responsibility for the attack of Morris. He stood for it when Morris introduced him at Alpharetta. Evidently, it is Hardwick's attack.

"We don't want any South Carolina political methods in Georgia. We propose to repudiate it right now."

The Manchester Mercury comments as follows:

"Thomas W. Hardwick has hurt his cause in allowing the slanderous matter about Governor and Mrs. Slaton to be published. Every thinking man in Georgia will pay very little attention to what has been said about their not paying taxes on personal property, but will see to it that Mr. Hardwick is made to pay for this abuse at the polls next Wednesday.

"Whatever chances Mr. Hardwick had of being elected have gone glimmering in this unjust attack on the governor and his good wife. The people of Georgia want to sit down on such campaigning as this and nip it in the bud, that such things will hereafter not be resorted to."

C. E. Dunn, a prominent citizen of Ware county and a former Waycross alderman, gives the following reasons for his change from Hardwick to Slaton:

"It was my purpose to support Mr. Hardwick, but after considering all of the questions involved in the present campaign, I have come to the conclusion that it would be to the best interests of all to have Governor Slaton elected. Believing that there is a great amount of dirty politics being used in this campaign against Governor Slaton, and having investigated the charges that have been made against him and his record, and having found them to be untrue, I see no reason why he is not the best man to represent Georgia in the United States senate."

FRIENDS OF MR. ANDERSON URGED TO REDOUBLE EFFORTS

While, on account of the sudden death of his mother-in-law, Mrs. J. J. Wilder, and the injury to his wife, J. Randolph Anderson will personally be unable to do further work in his campaign for governor, his campaign will be conducted by his managers and friends from his headquarters in the Kimball house. The headquarters will be closed during the hours of the funeral.

The following statement was given out at Mr. Anderson's headquarters yesterday afternoon:

"To the people of Georgia: On account of the tragic sorrow that has fallen upon the family of Hon. J. Randolph Anderson, he will personally be unable to do any further work in his campaign for governor.

"All recognize that the closing hours of every campaign are of greatest importance to any candidate.

"For this reason, we urgently call upon all the friends of Hon. J. Randolph Anderson in Georgia to redouble their efforts and energy in his behalf, and endeavor by the increased effort of each friend in a measure to make up for the loss of Mr. Anderson's personal efforts at this time.

"Mr. Anderson's campaign is in a most excellent shape. He has steadily and rapidly grown stronger every day, and all the indications are that he will be successful in his race.

"In times like those now confronting Georgians when the war in Europe has disturbed the financial value of their main product, cotton—and the future is in darkness and uncertain—at such times we need at the helm to guide the ship of state a man who has experience, ability, wise business judgment, honest and honorable, and knows the affairs of state.

"Such a man we know Hon. J. Randolph Anderson to be, and we call upon his friends throughout the state of Georgia to rally to his support and aid.

"Very respectfully,
"W. W. OSBORNE.
"H. N. RANDOLPH,
"W. A. DODSON,
"M. F. AMOROUS,
"WALTER MANGUM."

HON. J. E. T. BOWDEN WILL SEEK TO ANSWER DORSEY

While Hugh Dorsey is stumping various localities for ex-Governor Brown in his race for the United States senate and is being received usually by large crowds, it appears that there are plenty of speakers who would not see him go without a joint debate. When Mr. Dorsey went to Albany to speak Hon. W. M. Smith appeared on the scene, but no crowd showed up for either to address. It is now said that when Mr. Dorsey speaks at LaGrange tonight, Hon. J. E. T. Bowden will be on hand to ask Mr. Dorsey to divide time with him. If Mr. Dorsey does not see fit to divide time, Mr. Bowden will speak when Mr. Dorsey has finished.

HON. G. R. HUTCHENS ANNOUNCES SPEAKING DATES UP TO PRIMARY

Hon. G. R. Hutchens, candidate for the short term of the United States senate, has announced the following speaking dates:

Warrenton, August 14, 10 a. m. Milledgeville, August 14, 3 p. m. Baxley, August 15, 2 p. m. Alpharetta, August 17, 12 noon. Calhoun, August 18, 11 a. m. LaFayette, Walker county, August 18, 3:45 p. m. Chickamauga, Walker county, August 18, 8 p. m. Acworth, August 17, 8 p. m. Rockmart, August 19, 9 a. m.

JOE BROWN FOLLOWERS EXPRESS GREAT CONFIDENCE

As the last days of campaigning approach the manager of "Little Joe's" campaign against Senator Hoke Smith appear very optimistic. J. R. Terrell, of the Brown headquarters, yesterday afternoon made the following statement, claiming that in the published reports of Smith clubs the Smith men have used names of Joe Brown men and men who do not even live in the same counties in which the clubs are said to be organized.

"We are now coming down the last quarter on the track with a full length ahead of our opponent. There is not a doubt in the world about Governor Brown's election. There is such a thing as feeling it in the air that one breathes, and it becomes all the more apparent when we look at the faces and the tactics of the Hoke Smith supporters.

"In line with their usual method of deception they are actually publishing club memberships that are taken from the ranks of Joe Brown supporters in the distant counties.

"In publishing the list of the alleged Taylor County Hoke Smith club several days ago, the Journal printed about one hundred and ten names. Of this number, according to Mr. T. F. Wright, a prominent business man of Commerce, Ga., fifty-five names are citizens of Commerce, and nearly all of these are Joe Brown men, who resent this effort on the part of Taylor county Smith men to use them in boosting their candidate.

"If this is true with the Taylor County Smith club, it may be that other clubs that are being advertised are also made up of fake memberships.

"Our speakers are being received enthusiastically all over the state. Hon. Hugh Dorsey will speak to a large crowd at LaGrange tomorrow, at Cartersville on Saturday and at Marietta on Monday.

"Judge John Ross, of Macon, one of the most brilliant speakers in the state, will speak at Dalton tomorrow, at Rome Saturday noon and at Cedartown Saturday night; at Greensboro on Monday, the 17th, and at Newnan on Tuesday, the 18th.

"Mr. S. J. Cowan is winding up the campaign with some vigorous speeches in South Georgia, while Hon. Joe James is shelling the woods in the ninth congressional district.

"Our office force is doing hard and enthusiastic work and all signs point to a glorious victory."

FRIENDS OF JUDGE NAT HARRIS WILL HOLD A MEETING TONIGHT

There will be a meeting of Judge Nat E. Harris' friends at the corner of Hunter and Grant streets tonight in a vacant store. The meeting will be presided over by James E. Warren, of the third ward. Speakers will be Eb. T. Williams, John Moore, St. Elmo Massengale and others.

Next Monday night there will be two meetings, one at the corner of Walker and Peters streets. Judge Nat E. Harris himself will spend Monday or Tuesday of next week in Atlanta among his friends, and will visit the rallies in his behalf.

A telegram received at Atlanta headquarters Thursday from F. M. Reeves, cashier of the Bank of Cherokee county, Canton, Ga., says: "Cherokee grand jury was polled today, every mother's son of them voting for Harris for governor."

T. Hicks Fort, of Columbus, spoke at Cusseta Thursday in Judge Harris' behalf. Threatt Moore spoke at Alamo, Wheeler county. DuPont Guerry spoke at Five Points, in Colquitt county. He speaks in Millen, Friday. Four Points, in Burke county, Saturday. Elworth Hall speaks at Cair Saturday, and at Hahira, Lake Park and Naylor today. Walter Harris spoke at Cuthbert Thursday and speaks at Shellman today.

Judge Worrill writes headquarters that Judge Harris will carry Randolph county. Judge C. W. Graves writes that Tift county is in the Harris column. Sheriff B. F. Joyner, of Screven, says that county is overwhelmingly for Harris, also that Burke is the same way.

J. E. Malcolm, tax receiver of Walton county, says Judge Harris will carry Walton by a large majority. John H. Jones, of Fitzgerald, writes that Ben Hill county is solid for the judge.

Atlanta headquarters are deluged with letters and telephone calls of congratulation upon the tremendous meeting at the Forsyth theater, Wednesday night. Despite the terrific downpour of rain, the house was packed, and hundreds of Atlanta's best citizens crowded around the judge after it was over, and it took him about thirty minutes to get to the hotel. A great many expressed the belief that it was the most eloquent and powerful speech ever delivered in Fulton county.

EMMETT SHAW CRACKS JOKES AT EXPENSE OF CANDIDATES

Homer, Ga., August 10.—(Special.)—Emmett R. Shaw unlimbered his political guns here in the presence of from 2,000 to 3,000 people.

He told several jokes at the expense of Hardwick, and said if the people of Banks county wanted to cast their votes for him that he could not stop them, but that it was his purpose to warn them against a man who has never failed the express companies or Wall street in an hour of need.

Mr. Shaw told his audience that there was a little fellow from Macon named Felder running around over an area about as big as a back yard in south Georgia, and asked if anybody in Banks had heard of him.

Shaw went after Hardwick fearlessly for having been elected by the R. F. D. vote and then deserting them at the hour that their second blessing was in order. Shaw spoke with much emphasis, and his crowd seemed to be with him.

CANDIDATES AND FOLLOWERS KEEP THINGS BUSY IN GAINESVILLE

Gainesville, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Gainesville is this week alive with candidates and henchmen. On every corner of the town square can be seen candidates and their henchmen and crowds of listeners. The south side of the square is shaded in the early morning, and here they congregate and "sling political dope" until the sun hits them, and then to center of the square, under the shade trees, they make a bee-line, remaining there until another side of the square gets shady.

The contest between Hon. W. A. Charters, candidate for congress, and Hon. T. M. Bell, the incumbent, is one of the warmest congressional contests ever known in the district. Each line-up congregates in bunches, and one or two fights have occurred, but without seriousness.

It is hard to get a line on the race for governor or United States senator—the Tom Bell and Bill Charters factions holding the ground.

There are ten aspirants to the lower house of the general assembly, and each candidate expresses himself as being sure of election.

WALKER'S FRIENDS ARE CONFIDENT AS DATE OF PRIMARY APPROACHES

Monroe, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Hon. Clifford Walker, of Monroe, candidate for attorney general, is winding up his campaign and reports received from every section make him and his friends confident of success.

Colonel Walker has gone into a large majority of the counties of the state, met the voters face to face, presented his claims in a straightforward manner and made many friends. He is a man of much personal magnetism, clever and congenial, and as a campaigner has rarely had an equal in this state.

In addition to his personal work, Mr. Walker has maintained headquarters in Monroe for the past four months, with a large force of assistants sending out letters and literature to every county in Georgia. The responses from every section have been most assuring and enthusiastic, and men close to Mr. Walker's campaign claim that he will carry 125 counties.

Mr. Walker is one of the best-known lawyers in Georgia and is in every way splendidly equipped for the position to which he aspires.

Mr. Walker has recently opened up headquarters at the Kimball House, in Atlanta, and will keep actively behind his campaign until election day. Traveling men and candidates who have been all over the state during the present campaign openly state that there is no doubt of Mr. Walker's election. Mr. Charles W. Felker, representative for the southern part of the state for a large house, states that he has been in every county from Washington to Chatham and from Chatham to Decatur, and that Mr. Walker will carry every one of them without doubt.

CONGRESSMAN ADAMSON'S FRIENDS OPTIMISTIC OVER THE RESULT

Columbus, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—The friends of Judge W. C. Adamson, the present congressman for the fourth district, and of Hon. W. C. Wright, of Newnan, Ga., his opponent, are busily engaged just now in shaping their campaigns.

It is very interesting to note that in this fight old political lines are wholly obliterated. In the years gone by it was the "above-the-mountain" faction against the "below-the-mountain" contingent, and many historic fights were made on this basis. When Judge Adamson was elected, however, the mountain lines were obliterated, inasmuch as he set out from the beginning to represent the entire district and all its interests, and in this campaign he has no more loyal and enthusiastic support than that given by his friends in the southern end of the district. It is the belief here that Muscogee county will go for Judge Adamson by a large majority and that he will easily carry all the counties in this end of the district.

The campaign, so far, has been on a high plane, no personalities whatever being engaged in, and the high ability of both the candidates is recognized.

HARDMAN CLUB FORMED IN FULTON COUNTY

Col. James W. Austin Is Elected President and Amos Braselton Secretary.

Friends of Dr. L. G. Hardman, candidate for governor, yesterday completed their organization of a Fulton county club for his support. The officers and central committee contain names of some of the most influential business and professional men of Atlanta.

At Dr. Hardman's headquarters in the Kimball house yesterday, his managers were enthusiastic over the prospects in Fulton county. They declare that they have every reason to believe that they will carry Fulton county and have started out with a strong and well organized campaign to that end.

The county organization is divided into a central campaign and an executive committee, and the organization is further subdivided into ward organizations.

The officers of the Hardman Fulton County club are as follows:

Colonel James W. Austin, president; W. S. Witham, vice president; W. A. Parker, vice president; Dr. R. R. Kime, vice president; Dr. Joseph Jacobs, vice president; Dr. T. D. Longino, vice president; Captain C. A. Stokes, vice president; Amos W. Braselton, secretary and treasurer.

The officers of the central campaign committee are as follows:

W. S. Witham, president; W. A. Parker, vice president; Dr. Joseph Jacobs, secretary and treasurer.

The executive committee is as follows:

Dr. T. D. Longino, chairman; Captain C. A. Stokes, vice chairman; Dr. W. F. Jones, secretary and treasurer; Dr. Charles F. Benson, J. W. Austin, Amos W. Braselton, Charles F. Hoke, Dr. Archibald Smith, J. D. Whaley, Harry Alexander, Dr. A. E. Wheeler, E. A. Davison, A. B. Christopher, Dr. Dunbar Roy, D. L. Nichols, B. W. Torrence, E. C. Lyle, Frank Sands, A. C. Hill, Dr. F. C. Davison, Dr. C. G. McCoy, R. D. Smith, W. D. Parker, Dr. Joe Broughton, Dr. W. A. Griffin, Horace Barnett, J. B. Richards, Dr. E. C. Cartledge, S. C. Dinkins, G. E. Knott, W. E. Richards, R. L. Hardman, C. M. Copeland, T. F. Vickey and A. E. White.

German Reservist Pleads For Freedom To Serve His Country

On the plea that if he does not answer the call for all German reservists that he will be slain for desertion upon returning to his native shore, William Blossfield, a prisoner serving six months in Fulton county jail on charge of misdemeanor, is seeking a pardon from Governor Slaton.

The pardon request is being prepared by Attorneys Sim and Ven Nunes, and will be based in the precedent of German reservists in three states of America who were pardoned to serve their country during the Franco-Prussian war.

G. R. HUTCHENS SPEAKS TO VOTERS AT TIFTON

Tifton, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Hon. G. R. Hutchens spoke in Tifton today at noon. Over half of his speech was devoted to the records of his opponents, Mr. Hardwick coming in for the severest criticism. Mr. Hutchens declared himself in favor of the county unit plan, and an explanation he gave of this system was the best that has been heard here.

Mr. Hutchens said he was the only man in the race who will carry every county in his own congressional district. He went from here to Warrenton, where he also spoke today.

RUFE HUTCHENS SPEAKS IN THOMAS COURTHOUSE

Thomasville, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Hon. Rufus Hutchens spoke here at the court house last night in the interest of his candidacy for the United States senate. While the audience was not a very large one they seemed interested in the speech and he received a respectful hearing.

LEM PARK PAYS VISIT TO LOUISVILLE VOTERS

Louisville, Ga., August 13.—(Special.) Hon. Lem M. Park, candidate for state treasurer against W. J. Speer, was here today in the interest of his campaign. He was making a personal canvass and distributing cards to the voters.

First Sewing Machine.

The first successful sewing machine was the invention of Elias Howe, who was born at Spencer, Mass., 94 years ago, says The St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

After a meager country school education he became a mechanic, and he was only a youth when he began his efforts to invent a method of sewing by machine. English, French and American inventors held similar ambitions, but their machines were not successful.

A machine that would really sew was completed by Howe in 1845 and patented the next year. Royalties from his invention made him a multimillionaire before he died in 1867. Plans for honoring Howe on the occasion of the centenary of his birth, six years hence, are already being considered.

Exquisite Pieces in New Jewelry

Every day we are getting in new and pretty goods.

There is quite a demand for Cameo jewelry. We have really a most wonderful lot of Cameos. Every kind of shell and stone is included, and the styles of mountings are absolutely new.

Handsome Cameo pieces range from $5.00 up.

Moonstone and Crystal.

Moonstone and Opaque Crystal are two popular stones in the new jewelry we are getting.

For instance, we have a round Moonstone, engraved, with a diamond set flush in the stone—the Moonstone being set in a platinum circle, daintily marked with black enamel. This scarf pin is a beauty, and a splendid value at $45.00.

Come and let us show you some of our new goods.

Call or write for 160-page illustrated catalogue and diamond booklet.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.
Gold and Silversmiths
31 Whitehall Street
Established 1887

NAVAL STORES MEN ASK FEDERAL HELP DURING WAR CRISIS

Bainbridge, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Turpentine men of Decatur county, assembled in Bainbridge for the purpose of devising ways and means for their protection during the present war crisis, sent the following letter to Senator West, Congressman Park, Congressman Edwards and Senator Smith:

"Dear Sir: Face to face with a certain and sudden stagnation of our business, and realizing the large percentage of your constituency affected by this commercial panic, we hereby ask that you and your colleagues in congress take some immediate and important step toward the alleviation of our condition.

"We note in the press that steps are being made by you toward expediting the movement of certain commodities. However, we note with concern that naval stores, so far, has received no mention or consideration.

"In convention assembled, we, naval stores operators of Decatur county, Georgia, hereby beg that you include in your consideration and legislation this important commodity which we manufacture. Respectfully, W. B. Fleming, W. E. McDougal, C. E. C. Ausley, W. C. Underwood."

CHARGE OF WOODWARD DENIED BY L. B. JONES

Contractor Says He Never Hauled Ashes Containing Coal or Coke to Crematory.

L. B. Jones, a hauling contractor, who was employed by the agents of the New York Destructor company to move ashes from the plant of the Atlanta Ice and Brewing company to the new crematory, denies, in an affidavit, the charge made by Mayor Woodward that the ashes were delivered to the crematory for test purposes.

The affidavit made by Jones is sworn to before G. Starr Peck, a notary, and it states that the firm with which Jones is connected hauled all the cinders and ashes to the crematory plant for the Destructor company, except a few loads which were hauled from a hotel.

Jones further swears that he hauled five loads of ashes from the Atlanta Ice and Brewing company on August 6 and 7, and delivered each load at the crematory. Jones also swears that he never hauled ashes which contained coal or coke to the plant.

In his affidavit, Jones charges that Mayor Woodward personally appeared at the plant on Friday, August 7, and that he ordered the teams sent away.

Mayor Woodward explained Thursday night that the information he received was to the effect that the ashes collected by the city for the test had been hauled away from the brewery plant, and that the pile was afterwards discovered at the plant hidden beneath other rubbish.

Mayor Woodward further stated that the ashes were accumulated for the benefit of the company. He says that he asked the construction department of the city to haul the ashes from the brewery to the crematory.

"Engineer Hurt, of the city construction department, promised me that he would have at least fifteen carts to haul the ashes to the plant," said the mayor. "The hauling would not have cost the company a cent, but it sent its own wagons after the cinders and paid 75 cents a yard to have them hauled. What I cannot understand is why the company should have gone to the expense of hauling when that part of the job was assumed by the city."

TWO MORE PLAGUE CASES FOUND AT NEW ORLEANS

New Orleans, August 13.—Two more cases of bubonic plague, making seventeen since the first case was discovered June 27, was diagnosed here today, according to announcement of Dr. W. C. Rucker, assistant surgeon general in charge of the plague fight here.

Today's victims were Herman Schulz, a 17-year-old boy, who resides at 1836 Iberville street. He became ill thirteen days ago, but his trouble was not diagnosed as plague until today. His sister, Mrs. J. Bua, was taken from the same house yesterday after her illness had been diagnosed as plague.

The other victim was Anthony Gurovich, aged 52. He was employed at the French market, the largest market in the city. He resides at 1817 Carondelet walk.

Two plague-infected rats were reported today. One was caught August 8 and the other today.

THREE OF FAMILY DIE OF FEVER IN ONE MONTH

Buckhead, Ga., August 13.—(Special.) Mrs. W. H. Rice, a widow, living 2 miles west of here, buried her third child within three weeks from typhoid today. The first child, Hazel, 5 years old, died Friday, July 31. The second death was that of May, aged 13, which occurred August 13, and the last death was that of Maude, aged 17, which occurred last night. The family, who moved here from North Carolina, two years ago, has decreased in numbers from seven to three, as Mr. W. H. Rice died a year ago last January. The family is held in highest esteem by the people of this community, and though not wealthy, are prominently connected in North Carolina. Those who remain of the once large family are: Mrs. W. H. Rice; Vincent, a son, aged 21 years, and Elsie, a daughter of 19.

SOUTHERN CATTLEMEN SELECT BIRMINGHAM

Meridian, Miss., August 13.—The Southern Cattlemen's convention today selected Birmingham for the next meeting, elected officers and adjourned. The convention city selection was made after a spirited fight, in which Atlanta and Shreveport participated with Birmingham.

F. J. Derby, of Alabama, was elected president; Dr. Tait Butler, of Memphis, secretary, and these vice presidents were named: Mississippi, Q. W. Evans; Alabama, R. D. Quisenberry; Tennessee, R. T. Parker; Georgia, R. T. Northcutt; South Carolina, Dr. M. R. Powers; North Carolina, D. T. Gray; Florida, W. M. Edwards; Arkansas, M. W. Rutherford; Louisiana, R. K. Bony; Kentucky, W. R. Moreman; Virginia, Henry Steward; Texas, Frank Schofield.

BITTEN BY RATTLER, EUFAULA MAN DIES

Eufaula, Ala. August 13.—(Special.) As the result of being bitten by a rattlesnake while he was at work in the woods, Reuben Proctor, whose home is near Eufaula, died today. He killed the snake, then bound up his leg and sought medical attention. But the doctor arrived too late to offset the effects of the poison.

Clayton Anti-Trust Bill.

Washington, August 13.—Debate on the Clayton anti-trust bill, the second measure on the anti-trust program, was begun in the senate late today by Senator Ashurst, who made an hour's speech defending the labor clauses of the measure. He declared that labor could maintain its liberty and independence only by organization.

EAT-'EM-ALIVE COOPER MAKES SPEECH TONIGHT

Fiery Address Is to Be Uncorked at the Auditorium at 8 O'Clock.

Hon. John R. Cooper, of Macon, candidate for the short term senatorial place, will speak tonight at the Auditorium.

Mr. Cooper is one of those "hell for sartin" orators who literally eats his opponents alive. He calls a spade a spade and he does not mince words in the least. He has a voice which will

HON. JOHN R. COOPER,
Of Macon, who speaks at the Auditorium tonight.

carry from here to Stone Mountain, and cause that mighty mass of growth to tremble.

Mr. Cooper is one of the most entertaining speakers in the state of Georgia, and everywhere he has gone he has attracted large audiences.

He is known from one end of the state of Georgia to the other as Eat-'Em-Alive Cooper and his speeches bear out his nickname.

For tonight's speech Mr. Cooper says he intends to pay particular attention to Congressman T. W. Hardwick. He had Mr. Hardwick's recent speech at the Auditorium taken down stenographically and is prepared to reply to it in detail. It will be recalled that Mr. Hardwick declined to meet Mr. Cooper in joint debate some time ago, although Mr. Cooper used every effort to get him on the stump.

A record crowd is expected to turn out tonight to hear Mr. Cooper.

FIST FIGHT ON VIADUCT ENTERTAINS BIG CROWD

Escort of Two Young Women Is Suddenly Attacked by an Unknown Man.

N. A. Ledbetter, an automobile salesman, of Jacksonville, Fla., who is in Atlanta on a visit during a vacation, was the principal in a sensational fist fight which took place Thursday afternoon on the Peachtree street viaduct, in the presence of a large crowd.

Mr. Ledbetter, according to his story, was walking on Whitehall street, on the viaduct, with two young women who are old friends of Mr. Ledbetter, having known them several years ago when he lived in Atlanta.

Suddenly, he stated, a man accosted them, and asked the young women why they were walking with him. One of them replied that it was none of his business, that they had a right to walk with whomever they wished. Ledbetter stated that the man then, declaring with an oath that they would not walk with him, put his hand on his hip pocket, as though reaching for a gun.

"One of the women screamed then, and said the man was going to kill me," said Ledbetter. "I didn't wait on ceremonies, but sailed into him, knocking him flat with my fist. He got up and ran.

"I saw a policeman running up the street to me, and I walked toward him and surrendered myself to him. I had a gun in my pocket, which I handed to the policeman, knowing that it would be found on me, if arrested. When I turned around again the women, evidently frightened, had disappeared."

Ledbetter was carried to police station and held under a $100 bond, charged with carrying firearms.

The mysterious man who accosted him on the streets has not been located yet, though the police are now looking for him. Ledbetter would not disclose the names of his young women conpanions.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT TO RUN FOR U. S. SENATE

Washington, August 13.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, today announced his candidacy for the democratic nomination for United States senator from New York.

In his statement Mr. Roosevelt said he believed the coming campaign in New York would determine whether the state "is to be found on the side of reactionary politics and politicians, or on the side of intelligent progress and home administration of government."

Mr. Roosevelt has been in close touch with the president on many New York political matters, but it is not believed the president will announce himself in favor of his primary campaign.

The younger element of New York democrats frequently have mentioned Mr. Roosevelt for the democratic nomination for governor.

DIXIE FURNITURE MEN SEND TRADE TO SOUTH

Hickory, N. C., August 13.—Furniture manufacturers of the south believe they see in the European war an opportunity to develop their trade with South American countries as exports of funiture from Germany, Austria and France have almost entirely stopped. The Southern Furniture Manufacturers' association has just decided to send a representative to South American countries at once to try to divert the furniture trade to American factories in the south.

Auto Thieves Sentenced.

LaGrange, Ga., August 13.—(Special.) Two negroes, Barney Hachels and Rufus Brown, stole the automobile of Bedford Heard and attempted to make a get-away from LaGrange. On account of inexperience in handling a car the negroes succeeded in getting only a mile from the principal section of LaGrange, where the machine balked on account of a crippled engine. The negroes were caught, arraigned before Mayor Edmundson and received a sentence of six months in the pen.

KRYPTOK GLASSES

Like gems, are priceless, near and far vision in one solid lens without seam. Most comfortable and dressy glasses on the market. Made in Atlanta by Jno. L. Moore & Sons, 42 N. Broad st., Grant Bldg.

MACON TROLLEYS CRASH AND TWO ARE INJURED

Car Runs Wild on Edgewood Avenue Hill When Brakes Refuse to Work.

Macon, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Two people were injured and considerable damage was done when two East street cars collided this afternoon on the Edgewood avenue hill. The air brakes refused to work on a car coming down hill and it collided head-on with another car at South College street, the two cars coming together with a crash that was heard for blocks.

Motorman J. W. Burdens' face was cut by flying glass and Everett Hargrove, a passenger, had his nose mashed.

The collision was similar to that of several weeks ago on Forsyth street, when seven people were injured.

Athens Beavers Organize.

Athens, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—A big dam of the Independent Order of Beavers was organized here last night with the following officers: T. K. Crane, president; R. O. Emory, vice president; W. H. Thompson, past president; W. A. Harsha, chaplain; P. M. B. Young Davis, secretary; S. Coullott, treasurer; T. A. Cochran, guardian; M. F. McKinney, sentinel; O. C. Jones, guide; J. M. Burch, W. Evans and J. R. Pitner, board of trustees.

W. A. Dozier, Oglethorpe Co.

Athens, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—W. A. Dozier, aged 66, the only brother of Captain T. H. Dozier, of this city, died late yesterday at the old Dozier homestead in lower Oglethorpe county. He is survived by the Athens brotner and by two sisters, Misses Victoria and Ellen Dozier. The burial occurred at the family cemetery this afternoon, many from Athens going to attend the funeral exercises.

BOY OF 8 LOSES EYE WHILE PLAYING "WAR"

Brother Uses Umbrella Rib For Bayonet in Charging on a Coal House.

While playing at "war" in the back yard of their home, 153 Venable street, Gerald Cobble, 8 years old, had his right eye accidentally put out by his brother, Robert, 10 years old.

The two little boys had been excited by the discussions they had heard of the European conflict, and soon after breakfast yesterday morning began to put their ideas into action.

The coal house was the fort from which Robert, the older, was attempting to dislodge Gerald. Using an old umbrella rib for a bayonet, he made a sudden thrust through a crack of the wall. The interior was dark and he did not see Gerald peering out at the same place. The point of the weapon pierced the retina of the eye.

Gerald was hastily taken to Grady hospital.

JOINER LUNACY TRIAL IS STOPPED BY WRIT

Thomasville, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—The trial for lunacy of L. D. Joiner, of Waycross, in jail here under charge of bigamy, was not held here this week as was scheduled, being stopped by a writ of prohibition from Judge W. K. Thomas, of the superior court.

The jury for trying Joiner was empaneled when Solicitor Wilkes appeared for the state and stated that he had secured a writ of prohibition from Judge Thomas which arrived a few hours later and the trial was stopped. Joiner will be held in jail here until the fall term of Thomas superior court, when he will be tried for marrying a young lady at Pavo when he had a wife and children at Waycross. If he still exhibits signs of insanity at the time of his trial it will be passed upon by a regular jury.

EISEMAN BROS., Inc.

MEN'S SUITS

EXTRA SPECIAL PRICES

WE HAVE ASSEMBLED ALL BROKEN LINES OF MEN'S SUITS INTO THREE LOTS

Lot No. 1—Were $20, $22.50, $25 — $13.50

Lot No. 2—Were $27.50, $28.50, $30 — $16.50

Lot No. 3—Were $32.50, $35, $40 — $19.50

ALL THIS SEASON'S STYLES

EISEMAN BROS., Inc.
11-13-15-17 Whitehall
THE SOUTH'S LARGEST CLOTHING STORE

EVIDENCE IN THE CASE

If you were to see the boxes full of membership cards in the Fulton County Harris club, you'd realize there are several thousand voters in this county who will praise Judge Harris if you ask them and who are going to cast their vote for him next Wednesday.

But we can't quote them all. Listen to just what a few of them say. Stacks of letters daily like these:

Says Colonel Edgar E. Pomeroy, former commander of the Fifth Infantry, lawyer: "He is brainy, courageous, a gentleman of the old school, in full possession of all his physical and mental vigor. There is no better equipped man in the state for this high office. He has always been faithful to the cause of the people and fearless in the performance of his duty."

Says Ivan E. Allen, of Fielder & Allen, office outfitters: "Georgia needs and will have another strong, conservative, constructive, progressive, patriotic southern gentleman for governor. She will choose Judge Harris. He will serve all alike."

Says Donald M. Bain, president of the Burns Club: "Judge Harris is a man of unquestioned purity, the soul of honor and pre-eminent ability. The establishment of the Georgia School of Technology, if nothing more, should place him in the gubernatorial chair without opposition. In honoring Nat Harris, Georgia honors herself."

Says Judge James K. Hines, the lawyer, attorney of the state railroad commission: "Judge Harris is a gentleman of ability and large experience in public affairs of the state. He is a gentleman of high character and will make a faithful public servant. He has had long and extensive legislative experience. He is the chief founder of the Georgia School of Technology. This was true constructive statesmanship of vast and permanent benefit to the people of this state and the south. He has worked long and well for the general educational interests of Georgia. In connection with others, he strove for the creation of the southeastern Methodist university and its establishment in Atlanta. He was one of the chief workers for the $1,200,000 appropriation with which the capitol was built in Atlanta. He is a Confederate veteran, a Christian gentleman of sweet and lovable disposition."

Says Marcellus M. Anderson, president of the American Investment and Loan Company: "He is a man of sterling character, of unusual ability. His great motive seems to be the benefit of humanity and service to his fellowmen. He stands on the right side of all moral questions."

Says General Andrew J. West, real estate: "He has been tested and proved through war and peace. He is a polished gentleman and a dependable friend; just and honest, courageous and firm, considerate and fair. As governor he will keep an open door to the humble and poor as well as to the rich and strong. He is progressive and a builder; industrious, upright, patriotic and worthy."

Says E. F. Childress, the lawyer: "Judge Harris stood between home and the invaders in the trying days of the '60s. He founded the Georgia School of Technology. These facts impel me to vote for him, and to urge all my friends to cast their ballots likewise."

Says J. H. Andrews, the T. P. A. official: "Judge Harris was a Confederate soldier. He has worked constantly through the past 30 years for education in Georgia. I am the son of a Confederate soldier who died in the service. In that regard, Judge Harris has a claim upon me that I don't even try to shirk. I have two sons and a daughter whom I expect to receive the benefits of the far-sighted and intelligent work of Judge Harris in the cause of education."

Says Alvin L. Richards, the lawyer: "Judge Harris is peculiarly fitted for the position on account of his signal ability as a statesman, his purity of mind and character, and the great service of love he has rendered the state along educational and other lines."

Says J. M. Hewitt: "I feel that he is the last Confederate soldier Georgia will have opportunity of honoring thus."

Eb T. Williams, attorney, and former member of Georgia Legislature and Presidential Elector, says: "Judge Harris is one of the great men of Georgia, and but for his modesty would have long since been in the U. S. Senate. He is the biggest Gubernatorial and Senatorial timber in Georgia out of the Senate. He is a man of spotless, public and private character, and will adorn any place he fills, and he will fill it brim full with honesty, integrity and ability. A grand old Roman is Judge Harris, our next Governor!"

P. M. Edwards, State Department of Agriculture, State Capitol: "I am a member of the legislative board of the Order of Railway Conductors, and am glad to say that a very large per cent of the conductors and other labor organizations in this state will cast their vote for Judge Harris."

H. M. Wood, Clerk Fulton County Commissioners of Roads and Revenues: "I want to say that I have known Mr. Harris since I was a child, and I have been and am now working every man I can get hold of for him. We will carry this county for him sure."

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1403 4th National Bank Building

Extra Reductions Today

On Certain Lines in All Departments

For a quick clearance we have assembled certain lines in each department---and have made extra reductions, such as will move them out in a few hours---

STRAW HATS
$1.00
Choice of any Straw Hat in the house—including all children's fine straws—
Values up to $5.00.

Boys' Wash Suits
$1.00
Big lot to close—
$1.50 and $2.00 values.

MEN'S SUITS
$15.00
For choice of a big lot of Suits in best models—Suits that sold for
$20.00, $22.50 and $25.00.

Men's Shirts
One lot Shirts—most all are $1.50 values; to close at
70c
All "Onyx" 50c silk and lisle Sox to close, 3 pairs, $1.00.

UNDERWEAR
1/2 PRICE
Big lot two-piece Underwear—all sizes, to close at HALF-PRICE.

30c
All 50c fancy Neckwear in all shapes.

MEN'S OXFORDS One Lot Men's $4.00 Oxfords, to close at **$1.75**

SEE WINDOW EXHIBIT OF THESE SEVERAL LINES

Parks-Chambers-Hardwick Company

37-39 Peachtree Atlanta, Ga.

Sports

Kavanaugh Grants the Kircher Petition

Edited By Dick Jemison

HARRY WELCHONCE HAS CONSUMPTION

Doctors Make That Diagnosis of His Illness After Consultation on Thursday Morning.

Captain Harry Welchonce, of the Crackers, has consumption. This is the diagnosis of the four physicians, Drs. Thrasher, Mitchell, Hancock and Jarnigan, who held a consultation over Welchonce yesterday morning.

Welchonce will be treated here for the next week or so by the attending physicians, in an effort to build up his system, so that he can stand the trip to Asheville, N. C., where he will go in one of the famous sanitariums there in the hopes of effecting a cure.

The local club has asked unanimous consent of the entire league to suspend Welchonce on full pay for the remainder of the season, and they expect favorable answers.

It is more than likely that one day next week will be set aside as Welchonce day at the ball pak, at which time a certain percentage of the gate receipts will be given to Welchonce.

His illness has cast a damper over the team and over all Atlanta fandom. Every one sympathizes with Welchohce and with Mrs. Welchonce. The benefit day will be a big one.

HOLLANDER RELEASED BY MONTGOMERY CLUB

Montgomery, Ala., August 13.—(Special.)—William Hollander, who was turned over to Montgomery, Southern league team, by the St. Louis Americans all this season was today turned back to the Browns by President Wilcox.

Mr. Wilcox stated this afternoon that Hollander had refused to accompany the Montgomery team to New Orleans, saying that he would report to them in Mobile Sunday. Instead of arguing the matter with Hollander, Wilcox presented him with his contract and told him that he didn't care to have any further dealings with him.

Hollander was the property of the St. Louis Browns, and was with Montgomery for this season under an optional agreement. Should this agreement prevent Montgomery from turning Hollander back to the Browns at this season's close, Mr. Wilcox states that he will pay Hollander's salary out of his pocket rather than to allow him to play in a Montgomery uniform again.

It is a well known fact, locally, that Hollander doesn't like Bill Elwert, who has temporary charge of the team while Gilbert is in the Georgia state league looking over players for the Montgomery 1915 team, and it is thought that this is why Hollander refused to go with the team to New Orleans last night.

President Wilcox announced the purchase of Third Baseman Champlin, of the Thomasville, Ga., club, of the Georgia State league. He will report to Montgomery on August 18.

CITY TENNIS PLAY TO START AGAIN

After about three weeks of delay, owing to various reasons chief among which was the weather, the remainder of the tennis matches in the city tournament will be played off at Piedmont Park, as rapidly as possible from now on.

The finals in the doubles round for the cup between Rhett and Hunt and Collins and Hull will be played off Tuesday.

The following maches in the consolation round are scheduled for today and unless the players named report to the referee, they will be defaulted.

E. W. von Maurer v. C. Q. Trimble.
R. A. Martin v. H. J. Hall.

PITCHER FILLINGEM TO JOIN CRACKERS

Pitcher Fillingem, the former Gordon Institute star and now a member of the Cordele team of the Georgia State league, will join the Crackers in a few days.

Manager Smith stated last night that the twirler was offered to him and that he had accepted the offer. He will wire the Cordele club to send Fillingem on today and the chances are that he will report here in time to make his debut against Chattanooga.

Fillingem follows his teammate, Bankston, whom the Crackers purchased yesterday and who will be here today in time to play against the Vols.

When Fillingem twirls his first game for the Crackers, it is more than likely that Bankston will be seen behind the wood, as this battery is at its best only when working together.

AL O'DELL BREAKS HIS FIELDING STREAK

Al O'Dell, third baseman of the Mobile Gulls, broke his fielding streak Thursday. Until Thursday O'Dell had failed to make an error at the hot corner in forty consecutive games.

In these four games, Al handled 57 put-outs and 91 assists without the sign of a bobble. Thursday's would have been his forty-first game.

83 Consecutive Games Without an Error Is Speedy Jantzen's Mark

When Outfielder Jantzen, of the Montgomery team, made two errors in the first game of the double-header with the Birmingham Barons Wednesday, he made only his third error of the season of 1914.

But he brought to an end one of the best fielding marks ever hung up by an outfielder in any league.

Jantzen went from April 14 to May 17 without making an error. On the latter date he made one. Wednesday he made two.

Between May 17 and August 12, he played in eighty-three consecutive games without the sign of a miscue, handling 194 put-outs and making 11 assist. This season, Jantzen has handled 254 put-outs and 14 assists with but three errors.

BASEBALL Today
Atlanta vs. Nashville
PONCE DE LEON PARK
Game Called at 2:30 O'Clock

Vols Outplay the Crackers And Win Double-Header; Only One Game Today; 2:30

By Dick Jemison.

The Crackers' pennant chances were given a severe setback Thursday afternoon, when Bill Schwartz's Nashville Vols copped both ends of the double bill, the first 11 to 1 and the second 1 to 0.

The Vols deserved to win both games. They outplayed the Crackers in every department of play in both contests.

There was good, bad and indifferent ball playing in both games, with the good far outshining the bad after the first inning of the first game, and before the tenth inning of the second.

But the bad and indifferent playing was of sufficient moment in these two innings to spell double defeat for the Crackers and place our brave lads with their backs to the wall, so to speak, in their fight for the pennant.

Only one game will be played today, starting at 2:30 o'clock, this arrangement being necessary to permit the Vols to catch a train for Memphis, where they play Saturday. Berger will probably oppose Browning.

The First Game.

The first game was a farce in the first inning, then developed into as pretty a game as one would care to see. But that first inning was the limit.

The Vols tallied ten runs in their opening round, on seven hits, two stolen bases, three Cracker errors and two bases on balls, Manager Smith using Browning, Collier and Perryman in that order, before the side was finally retired.

Browning lasted one-third of an inning, the Vols collecting five runs in that time and duplicating this from Collier's delivery.

Perryman then went to the mound and the next twenty-four men that faced him went to the bench and sat down in order, three up and three down. Not until after two men were out in the ninth did the Vols get a man to first base, when Dodge walked.

Forest More, the Vols' veteran right-hander, worked for the Vols and after Long had tripled and Bisland scored him with a sacrifice fly in the first inning, the Crackers were never dangerous.

This was the first victory that More has been able to register over the Crackers in two seasons.

Sensational fielding by Callahan and Long in the rival left fields and wonderful stops and throws by Bisland and Dodge featured the game.

Thrown Out on Single.

It remained for Kircher to pull the real feature of the game, however, when in the sixth inning he threw More out at first base when the Nashville pitcher singled to right field. The last time this was done at Ponce de Leon was when Doc Wiseman, of Nashville, threw out Otto Jordan.

After Dunn had made a pretty play on Callahan's bunt to start the game, Dodge singled. He went to third on King's single. Paulet hit to Bisland, who fired home, but Dodge got safely back to third, when Holland dropped Dunn's throw in tagging Dodge.

Burns then dropped a Texas leaguer in left, and Dodge tallied. Hemingway singled, and King and Paulet tallied. Williams hit to Browning, who threw wild to first and the bases were filled again. Smith then singled to right, and Burns and Hemingway counted.

Browning was yanked here, and Collier went in, fanning More and then walking Callahan. Dodge then cleaned the bases with a triple. King walked, and on the double steal, Dodge tallied. Paulet tallied King with a double to left, and Collier was yanked, Perryman going in and stopping the slaughter.

The Official Score.

FIRST GAME.

NASHVILLE—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Callahan, lf	4	1	0	4	0	0
Dodge, 3b	4	3	2	2	4	0
King, rf	4	2	2	1	0	0
Paulet, 1b	5	1	1	9	0	0
Burns, lf	4	1	1	4	0	0
Hemingway, ss	4	1	1	0	2	0
Williams, 2b	4	1	0	1	4	0
Smith, c	4	1	1	6	0	0
More, p	4	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	37	11	8	27	11	0

ATLANTA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Long, lf	4	1	1	5	0	0
Bisland, ss	3	0	1	0	6	0
Jennings, cf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Kircher, rf	4	0	0	2	1	0
McConnell, 2b	3	0	1	1	4	0
Holland, 3b	4	0	0	2	2	1
Eibel, 1b	3	0	0	14	0	0
Dunn, c	3	0	2	1	2	0
Browning, p	0	0	0	0	0	1
Collier, p	0	0	0	0	0	1
Perryman, p	3	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	31	1	6	27	16	3

Score by innings: R.
Nashville ..... 10 00 000 001—11
Atlanta ..... 1 00 000 000— 1

Summary—Two-base hits, Paulet, Dunn; three-base hits, Dodge, Long; double plays, Hemingway to Williams to Paulet; innings pitched by Browning 1-3 with 5 hits, 5 runs, by Collier 1-2 with 2 hits, 5 runs; struck out, by Collier 1, by More 6; bases on balls, off Collier 2, off Perryman 1, off More 1; sacrifice hit, Bisland; stolen bases, Dodge 2, King. Time, 1:53. Umpires, Pfenninger and Chestnutt.

The Second Game.

The second game was a pretty pitchers' battle between Williams and Boland, with the honors about even, it being a tough game for either twirler to have to lose.

The "breaks" shifted from one team to the other throughout the game, finally settling with the Vols in the ninth inning and spelling victory for them.

Williams allowed four hits, Boland one. Williams fanned six, Boland eight. Williams walked two, Boland five, and with errorless support, mentally and otherwise, the big Cracker right-hander would still be breezing them by.

Dodge and Bisland again featured this game with their fielding, and Long and Callahan made some nice catches again in left field.

Jennings pegged a would-be Vol score out at the plate in the fifth inning when he grabbed Gibson's single and killed Hemingway sliding in.

Paulet saved the Vols in the same inning when he speared Eibel's line drive, converting a sure triple into an unassisted double play.

The Crackers had a fine chance in the eighth, when they got two men on on free tickets, but Tyree fanned in the pinch and King snagged Williams' vicious liner.

Paulet hit to McConnell in the Vols' tenth. Mac made a nice stop, then dropped the ball attempting to throw. Tyree picked Paulet off of first, but Gene lit out for second, and while Eibel was slapping the ball in the dirt at first, Paulet was sliding safely into second.

Burns bunted, and Paulet was safe at third when Tyree's throw was a little late. Paulet tallied the winning run on Hemingway's sacrifice fly to center.

The Official Score.

SECOND GAME.

NASHVILLE—	ab.	r.	h	po.	a.	e.
Callahan, lf	4	0	0	4	0	0
Dodge, 3b	3	0	0	2	3	0
King, rf	3	0	1	2	0	1
Paulet, 1b	4	1	0	9	1	0
Burns, cf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Hemingway, ss	3	0	1	1	2	0
Williams, 2b	4	0	0	3	2	0
Gibson, c	4	0	0	8	1	0
Boland, p	3	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	31	1	4	30	10	1

ATLANTA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Long, lf	4	0	0	4	0	0
Bisland, ss	4	0	0	1	3	0
Jennings, cf	4	0	1	1	1	0
Kircher, rf	3	0	0	1	1	0
McConnell, 2b	1	0	0	1	2	1
Holland, 3b	3	0	0	1	0	0
Eibel, 1b	2	0	0	12	1	0
Tyree, c	3	0	0	7	2	0
Williams, p	3	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	27	0	1	30	14	1

Score by innings: R.
Nashville ..... 000 000 000 1—1
Atlanta ..... 000 000 000 0—0

Summary — Two-base hit, Burns; double plays, Paulet (unassisted), Hemingway to Williams to Paulet; struck out, by Williams 6, by Bisland 9; bases on balls, off Williams 2, off Boland 5; sacrifice hits, Holland, Burns, Hemingway; stolen bases, Hemingway, Paulet; wild pitch, Williams; Time 1:58. Umpires, Chestnutt and Pfenninger.

Barons 4, Gulls 1.

Birmingham, Ala., August 13.—Birmingham captured the first game from Mobile when Roth, backed by sensational fielding, bested Keeley, 4 to 1. McDonald virtually won the struggle by driving in the first two runs. Roth yielded but five hits, two of which were scratches. Lord secured three. While Keeley yielded six hits, he was inclined towards wildness, giving six bases on balls. McBride, Carroll, Ellam and Marcan fielded in wonderful form, while Miller starred for Mobile.

MOB.	ab.	r.	h	po.	a.	BIRM.	ab.	r.	h	po.	a.
Nor'n,rf	3	0	0	0	0	Mar'n,2b	1	1	0	5	4
Miller,lf	3	0	0	5	0	M'D'd,3b	3	0	2	0	2
Perry,1b	4	0	0	2	4	Car'll,cf	4	0	0	4	0
Lord,cf	4	1	3	3	1	Stew't,rf	3	1	1	0	0
Cal'n,1b	2	0	0	10	0	M'Br'e,lf	3	0	0	2	0
O'D'll,3b	3	0	0	2	1	Cov'n,1b	3	1	2	7	1
Dob'd,ss	3	0	1	0	1	Ellam,ss	2	1	1	6	4
Sch'd'r,c	3	0	0	2	1	Trag'r,c	3	0	1	1	2
Keeley,p	3	0	0	0	3	Roth,p	4	0	0	1	1
Totals	28	1	5	24	13	Totals	26	4	6	27	14

Score by innings: R.
Mobile ..... 000 010 000—1
Birmingham ..... 001 011 01x—4

Summary—Errors, O'Dell 1, Covington 1, two-base hit, Covington; sacrifice hit, Ellam, McBride, Tragessor, Calhoun; stolen bases, Marcan, Ellam; double plays, McDonald, Marcan to Covington, Marcan, Ellam to Covington; struck out by Roth 1, by Keeley 2; bases on balls, by Keeley 6, by Roth 1; hit by pitched ball (McDonald) by Keeley, (Northern) by Roth. Time, 2:05. Umpires, O'Toole and Kellum.

Chicks Win Two.

Chattanooga, Tenn., August 13.—Memphis batsmen hit Chattanooga pitchers hard today and won both games of a double-header, by 8 to 7 and 5 to 1. A great catch by W. McCormick and Jacobsen's five hits out of six tiems at bat, featured.

The Box Score.

FIRST GAME.

MEM.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	CHAT.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.
Clot'er,ss	5	1	2	3	2	John'n,lf	5	2	1	2	0
Mer'tt,cf	5	0	0	0	0	Ens,ss	5	1	3	2	2
Stark,ss,c	4	1	2	2	1	Jac'n,cf	3	0	3	1	0
M'Co'k,lf	2	3	2	0	0	M'C'k,rf	5	0	1	0	0
Mul'n,2b	2	1	1	6	3	Coyle,1b	2	1	0	12	2
Dun'l,1b	3	0	1	8	1	Flick,2b	4	1	1	1	5
M'D't,3b	3	1	0	1	0	Graff,3b	4	1	3	2	3
Lieb't,p	3	0	0	0	4	Grah'm,c	4	0	0	4	2
Wat'rs,c	2	0	0	4	2	Hard'g,p	2	0	0	0	2
*Allison	1	0	1	0	0	Howell,p	0	0	0	0	0
Karr,rf	1	1	1	0	0	**Street	1	1	1	0	0
						Ross,p	0	0	0	0	0
						Lyle,p	1	0	0	0	1
Totals	31	8	10	24	13	Totals	36	7	13	24	17

*Hit for Watters in seventh.
**Batted for Harding in sixth.

Score by innings: R.
Memphis ..... 010 202 21—8
Chattanooga ..... 002 005 00—7
(Eight innings by agreement.)

Summary: Errors, Stark 1, Dunckel 1; two-base hits, Stark, Karr and Ens; three-base hits, W. McCormick, Dunckel; stolen bases, Clotheir, Stark, W. McCormick, Dunckel and Coyle; double play, Graff to Coyle to Flick to Grahma; sacrifice hit, Mullen; bases on balls, off Harding 3, off Ross 2, off Lyle 1, off Liebhardt 3; hit by pitched ball, by Liebhardt (Coyle); hits, off Harding 5 in six innings, off Howell 3 in 2-3 inning, off Lyle 0 in 1 1-3 innings; struck out, by Harding 1, by Howell 1, by Leibhardt 4. Time, 2:10. Umpires, Fifield and Rudderham.

SECOND GAME.

MEM.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	CHAT.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.
Clot'er,cf	3	0	2	3	0	John'n,lf	3	0	0	0	0
Mer'tt,rf	4	1	1	0	0	Ens,ss	3	1	0	1	5
Stark,ss	3	2	2	1	2	Jac'n,cf	3	0	2	2	1
M'C'k,lf	2	1	1	4	0	M'C'k,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Mul'n,2b	2	0	2	4	0	Coyle,1b	3	0	0	11	0
Dun'l,1b	3	0	1	8	0	Flick,2b	3	0	0	2	2
M'D't,3b	3	1	1	0	2	Graff,3b	3	0	0	2	1
Mer'tt,p	3	0	1	0	1	Street,c	3	0	2	2	4
Wat'rs,c	3	0	0	2	1	M'Fa'd,p	2	0	0	0	1
Totals	26	6	10	21	10	Totals	26	1	4	21	15

Score by innings: R.
Memphis ..... 202 100 0—5
Chattanooga ..... 100 000 0—1
(Seven innings by agreement.)

Summary: Errors, Merritt 1, Jacobsen 1, McFarland 1; two-base hits, Stark, H. Merritt; stolen base, Jacobsen; sacrifice hits, W. McCormick, Mullen; base on balls, off McFarland 1; struck out, by McFarland 2, by H. Merritt 3. Time, 1:10. Umpires, Fifield and Rudderham.

Montgomery-New Orleans; rain.

AMATEURS

Carrollton 8, Atlanta 0.

Carrollton, Ga., August 13.—(Special.—Carrollton defeated the All Star team of Atlanta 8 to 0 in a five-inning game. Batteries: Carrollton, Rabun and Stewart; All Stars, Carry, Shockley and Cantrell. This makes twenty-four games won and five lost for Carrollton.

Madison 10, Monroe 1.

Madison, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Madison and Monroe began a series of two ball games here today, Madison winning the first game this afternoon by a score of 10 to 1. In the fifth inning Madison caught on to Camps' curves and pounded the pitcher to all corners, making eight runs in this inning. Batteries: Madison, Sasseenet and Nicholson; Monroe, Camp and Nunnally.

Dawson 8, Wrightsville 2.

Dawson, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Dawson defeated Wrightsville in a one-sided game this afternoon. Dawson, runs 8, hits 10, errors 4; Wrightsville, runs 2, hits 8, errors 12. Wrightsville got a home run in the sixth inning. Batteries: Wrightsville, Wray, Larrisey and Riley; Dawson, Tillman and Monahan.

Washington 1, Waynesboro 0.

Waynesboro, Ga., August 13.—(Special.) Washington won the last game of the series with Waynesboro in another startling game, the score of yesterday being reversed in favor of the visitors. It was a snappy and fast game, the only run being scored in the first inning.

Neal, for Washington, gave up no hits in the seven innings he pitched and his successor only gave up one.

Daniels, for Waynesboro, was touched up for seven hits, but they did not count for much. He pitched a steady and superb game against his two opponents.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Washington ..... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 7 3
Waynesboro ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 1 0
Batteries: Neal, Perryman and Stone; Daniels and Jonannessen. Umpire, Perkins.

Change in Game.

The game between Brisbine Park and Grant Park teams, in the Park Board league, will be played at Brisbine instead of Grant park diamond.

Players on these teams will please take notice of the change, which change has become necessary on account of the calling off of the scheduled game between the Brisbine and National Union teams in the city championship series.

DIRECTORS OF LEAGUE MEET IN BIRMINGHAM

Little Rock, Ark., August 13.—President W. M. Kavanaugh, of the Southern Baseball association, tonight announced that the meeting of league directors which was to have been held tomorrow has been postponed until next Wednesday. The meeting will be held at Birmingham. President Kavanaugh said that only routine matters are to be considered.

ONE MATCH EACH IN DAVIS SINGLES

Wilding, of Challengers, Defeats Williams — McLoughlin, of Defenders, Downs Brookes.

Forest Hills, August 13.—The United States and Australasia broke even here today in the first tennis matches of the challenge round for the Davis cup. Anthony F. Wilding, Australasia, defeated R. Norris Williams II, 7-5; 6-3. Maurice E. McLoughlin, United States, defeated Norman E. Brookes, 17-15; 6-3; 6-3. The doubles will be played tomorrow, McLoughlin and Bundy representing the United States against Brookes and Wilding.

SOUTH ATLANTIC

Indians 11, Gulls 3.

Charleston, S. C., August 13.—Batting Spade and Cates for seventeen hits, for a total of twenty-five bases, Savannah easily defeated Charleston here today in the first game of the series, 11 to 3. Catches by Brown and Hamilton and the hitting of the visitors featured.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Savannah ..... 000 224 201—11 17 0
Charleston ..... 002 000 100— 3 10 2
Batteries—Llewellyn and Smith; Spade, Cates and Marshall.

Gamecocks 3, Tourists 1.

Augusta, Ga., August 13.—The locals could not hit Gardin, while the visitors went almost as they pleased with Snyder, who was easy from the start. Liberal errors offered the locals chances which they failed to develop. The game was fast, but entirely featureless.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Columbia ..... 300 000 000—3 9 4
Augusta ..... 100 000 000—1 3 0
Batteries—Gardin and Stewart; Snyder and Berger. Time 1:21. Umpire, Lauzon.

Scouts 4, Foxes 1.

Columbus, Ga., August 13.—With two men on bases in the tenth inning, Melchoir knocked a line drive to the extreme right field for three bags, and he scored later on a single by Callahan, breaking up a very pretty game. Final score was 4 to 1 in favor of Jacksonville. It was a pitchers' battle up until the tenth inning, when Camnitz weakened. A feature of the game was a circus catch in the seventh inning by Thompson. He stabbed a hard line drive with one hand and knocked the ball into the other, squeezing it in his glove and holding it. Today was annual field day, in which both of the teams participated. Columbus won all but one event out of the program of six.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Jacksonville ..... 000 001 000 3—4 6 0
Columbus ..... 000 001 000 0—1 9 1
Batteries—Burmeister and Chalker; Camnitz and Krebs.

Babies 6, Peaches 6.

Albany, Ga., August 13.—Albany and Macon played each other to a nine-inning tie today, Albany using three pitchers. The local aggregation put up a bad article of ball during the early stages of the game. Williams worked the last two innings. There were twenty-four men on the sacks between the two teams. The hitting of Erwin, who got a home run and two doubles, and the fielding of Bell featured.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Albany ..... 013 100 100—6 11 6
Macon ..... 100 201 200—6 11 3
Batteries—Morrow, South, Williams and Wells; Lewis and Bashan.

Georgia-Alabama League

Opelika 12, Gadsden 6.

Opelika, Ala., August 13.—(Special.) After the Orphans had scored five runs in the first and second innings, Opelika counted seven in the third, taking the lead, which Gadsden could not overcome, by the score of 7 to 6. Errors, hits and runs featured. The two remaining games of the present series have been transferred to West Point, Ga. Both teams return to Opelika Monday to open the last series on the local diamond. Friday and Saturday's results will be reported from West Point.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Gadsden ..... 320 000 001— 6 7 6
Opelika ..... 007 220 01x—12 10 5
Batteries—Woods and Askew; Hawkins and W. Williams.

Newnan 11, Talladega 0.

Talladega, Ala., August 13.—(Special.)—Newnan easily defeated Talladega here today by the fine pitching of Peddy. He only gave up one clean hit and a scratch. Talladega never attempted to score. The features of the game were the hitting of Long and Kimbrell for Newnan.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Newnan ..... 010 145 000—11 13 3
Talladega ..... 000 000 000— 0 2 4
Batteries—Peddy and Kimbrell; Decatur and Knox and Baker and Wilson. Umpire, White.

Selma 6, Rome 4.

Selma, Ala., August 13.—(Special.)—Rome suffered another defeat today, Selma winning the second game of the series by the score of 6 to 4. Flowers worked well for Rome, but in the sixth after Burke and Farmer had hit safe and Vasterling drove one over the left field fence he was relieved by Barclay. Morrison was wild throughout the game and was relieved in the eighth by Brooks.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Rome ..... 000 030 100—4 5 1
Selma ..... 100 003 20x—6 10 1
Batteries—Flowers, Barclay and Taylor; Morrison, Brooks and Guiterez.

LaGrange 10, Anniston 9.

LaGrange, Ga., August 13.—(Special.) In a rocky game filled with errors and free passes LaGrange defeated Anniston this afternoon by the large score of 10 to 9.

Weston began the game for LaGrange, but was relieved by Head after he had made one wild pitch and given four free passes when only four men had faced him. Head pitched a good game, but received poor support. LaGrange won the game with two runs in the ninth inning with two out and two strikes on the batter.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Anniston ..... 400 002 030— 9 4 4
LaGrange ..... 003 005 002—10 12 4
Batteries: Killingsworth, Batson and Tisdale; Weston, Head and Lafitte. Umpire, Blackburn.

OTHER RESULTS

North Carolina League.

Wins'n 14, Ral'gh 2; Durh'm 4, Charlotte 3.
Durh'm 5, Char'e 2; Greensb'o 4, Ashe'lle 3.

International League.

Roch'ter 6, Jer. City 1; New'k 7, Buffalo 2.
Prov'ce 9, Montreal 1; Prov'ce 8, Montr'l 2.

American Association.

Milw'ke 11, St. P. 2; Minn'lis 6, Kan. C. 5.
Col'bus 8, Louis'lle 0; Louis'lle 6, Col'bus 2.
Indianapolis 7, Cleveland 4.

Texas League.

Galves'n 6, Waco 1; Austin 6, San Ant'o 2.
Dallas 6, Houston 2; Ft. W.-Beaum't rain.

Virginia League.

Norf'k 5, N. News 1; Portsm'h 1, Peters'g 1.
Richmond 4, Roanoke 4.

Kircher on Lines Saturday; Kavanaugh Grants Petition; More Liberal Interpretation

Saturday, August 15, will be "Kircher day" at Ponce de Leon park, and the largest crowd of the season will be on hand to witness their favorite cut up on the coaching lines.

Judge W. M. Kavanaugh, president of the Southern league, has granted the petition of Atlanta fandom, and has instructed his umpires to make a more liberal interpretation of the rules concerning the antics of coachers for the rest of the season.

In a letter to President Frank E. Callaway, of the local club, received Thursday, President Kavanaugh advises that he has written Umpires Chestnutt and Pfenninger, inclosing the petition from Atlanta fans.

In this letter he suggested that Major Callaway see the umpires and have a talk with them looking to an amicable adjustment of the squabble that had arisen.

Select Umpires.

Scott Chestnutt and Dan Pfenninger, the umpires in charge of the games here now, were selected at the request of the local club and sent here by President Kavanaugh.

They were selected, as the local club deems that their position in Kicher's case has been more liberal all season than any of the other judges at play.

President Callaway held a conference with the umpires Thursday morning. He announces that they take a most liberal view of Kircher's coaching. This is not to be construed, however, that they will let Kircher run riot on the lines. They'll permit him to go as far as the rules will permit. That's as liberal as anyone could ask.

Neither umpire finds anything objectionable to Kircher, and in this they are due the commendation of every fan in Atlanta. And in taking such a position they prove our contention all season that they are the best judges of play in the league.

This decision of Kavanaugh means that for the rest of the season coachers will be allowed more latitude than they have been to date.

We doubt if the umpires will permit Kircher to leave his feet, even with the more liberal construction of the rule, but he'll be given a freer rein than Kellum and Rudderham allowed him the last time we were home.

It's now up to you, fans. Go out tomorrow in a body. Show Kircher, the umpires, Judge Kavanaugh, President Callaway and the local sport writers that you appreciate their efforts in your behalf.

Let's make Saturday the banner attendance day of the season.

STANDING OF CLUBS

Southern League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
N. O.	64	48	.571
Mobile	65	51	.560
B'ham	65	52	.556
ATLANTA	57	53	.518
Nashville	60	57	.513
Chatta	58	59	.496
Memphis	50	67	.427
Montgom'y	43	75	.364

National League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	58	41	.586
Boston	52	46	.531
Chicago	54	49	.524
St. Louis	52	51	.522
Phila'phia	47	54	.465
Cincinnati	47	54	.465
Brooklyn	45	53	.459
Pittsburg	45	56	.446

Federal League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	59	46	.562
Baltimore	55	46	.550
India'lis	55	47	.539
Brooklyn	52	45	.536
Buffalo	51	50	.505
St. Louis	46	59	.438
Kan. City	46	59	.438
Pittsburg	43	56	.434

South Atlantic.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Albany	31	17	.646
Charleston	27	20	.574
Columbus	27	22	.551
Augusta	24	25	.490
Savannah	22	23	.489
Columbia	23	25	.476
Macon	19	25	.413
Jack'ville	16	32	.333

American League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Phila'phia	68	34	.667
Boston	58	46	.558
Washing'n	55	48	.534
Detroit	53	52	.505
Chicago	53	54	.495
St. Louis	50	52	.490
New York	47	58	.448
Cleveland	35	75	.318

Georgia State League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Americus	32	15	.681
B'wick	29	18	.617
Cordele	27	19	.587

Ga.-Ala. League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Selma	54	32	.628
Newnan	51	36	.586
LaGrange	49	37	.570
Rome	49	38	.564
Opelika	46	41	.529
Talladega	42	55	.483
Anniston	37	49	.430
Gadsden	37	58	.318

Georgia League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Thom'ville	33	26	.469
Waycross	33	26	.469
Valdosta	9	39	.188

TODAY'S GAMES

Southern League.

Nashville in Atlanta; Memphis in Chatta. Mobile in B'ham; Montgomery in N. O.

South Atlantic League.

Col'bia in Augusta; Savan'h in Charleston. Macon in Albany; Jack'ville in Columbus.

American League.

Chicago in St. Louis; Detroit in Cleveland. Washing'n in Philadelphia; N. Y. in Boston.

National League.

Philadelphia in Brooklyn; Boston in N. Y. Cincinnati in Pittsburg.

Federal League.

Baltimore in Kan. City; Brooklyn in St. L.

Georgia State League.

Waycross in Americus; B'wick in Cordele. Thomasville in Valdosta.

Georgia-Alabama League.

Newnan in Talladega; Rome in Selma. Gadsden in Opelika; Anniston in LaGrange.

GEORGIA LEAGUE

Americus 3, Brunswick 0.

Americus, Ga., August 13.—(Special.) With Bob Geary pitching the best game of his career and the Muckalees backing him up with snappy fielding and timely hitting, Americus took the second game of the series from Otto Jordan's Pilots 3 to 0.

At no time did Brunswick have a look-in to win the game. Hartner, who worked for the visitors, got in several pinches but managed to wiggle out of most of them.

Americus scored one in the first on a hit batter, a wild pitch and two infield hits. In the sixth with the bases full and two men down, West rapped out a clean single that scored two.

Selgfried in centerfield was the sensation for Brunswick and robbed Americus batters of not less than three clean hits.

Pierre behind the bat for the Muckalees caught a pretty game and some of the credit for the win must go to the Frenchman.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Brunswick ..... 000 000 000—0 7 0
Americus ..... 000 002 00x—3 7 0
Batteries: Hartner and Reynolds; Geary and Pierre. Umpire, Gentle.

Waycross 3, Valdosta 0.

Waycross, Ga., August 13.—(Special.) Pierce Wilder's pitching and sensational fielding by Doc Benton in center enabled Waycross to shut out Valdosta today, 3 to 0.

The visitors got but three scattered hits from Wilder and he was never in danger.

Ten Valdosta men were fanned. Until the seventh Anderson held Waycross to one hit, but after Charlie Anderson stole home as Coveney swiped second three successive hits gave Waycross the game.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Valdosta ..... 000 000 000—0 3 2
Waycross ..... 000 000 30x—3 7 0
Batteries: Anderson and Lowe; Wilder and Shuman. Time, 1:25. Umpires, Verner and Miller.

Thomasville 3, Cordele 1.

Thomasville, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Thomasville eliminated Cordele from the pennant contest by defeating the club 3 to 1 this afternoon.

Roth's timely bingle in the eighth with the bases full scored two runs and broke a tie that had existed since the first inning. Elliott was in good form and allowed but four hits, two coming in the eighth.

Cordele batters failed to get on bases except in two rounds and only two hits were given up by Roth.

COTTON CONTRACTS TO BE TRANSFERRED

New York Exchange Committee Advises That All Contracts Be Transferred Into December Deliveries.

New York, August 13.—The New York cotton exchange committee on voluntary liquidation, in a statement issued late today, urged members of the exchange to obtain the consent of their clients to transfer all their contracts into December deliveries. Taking into consideration all the circumstances, the committee suggested that contracts should be transferred to December, based on the following differences:

September, 45 points discount; October, 35; November, 25; January, 5 points premium; February, 10; March, 15 April, 40; May, 45.

The committee thinks no commission should be charged for such transfer, but the usual commission must be charged for closing transfer.

Today's cables from Liverpool reported light sales in the spot market, and said that quotations would remain nominally unchanged at 6.50 for American middling on spot and 6.12 for January-February contracts until further notice. Some further business is reported for early new crop shipments from the southwest. The problem of financing and holding the new crop, however, is still engaging the attention of all concerned.

Spot Cotton.

New York, August 13.—Cotton, spot, 11; sales 1,667 bales.

Liverpool, August 13.—Fourteen hundred bales of American spot cotton were sold here today on the basis of 6.50 for middling. Receipts 5,000 bales, all American.

Cottonn Movement.

Atlanta, August 13.—Cotton nominal.

New York—Middling 11; exports 1,261; sales 1,667; stock 101,272.

New Orleans—Receipts 720; stock 52,360.

Galveston—Receipts 493; exports 750; stock 27,711.

Mobile—Receipts 2; exports 1; stock 4,728.

Savannah—Receipts 6; stock 9,023.

Charleston—Exports 20; stock 1,158.

Wilmington—Exports 78; stock 7,843.

Norfolk—Stock 15,250.

Baltimore—Stock 3,649.

Boston—Stock 5,700.

Minor ports—Stock 2,179.

Total receipts Thursday 1,221; exports 2,107; stock 232,496.

Total for week—Receipts 5,056; exports 14,460.

Total for the season—Receipts 10,435,484; exports 8,885,716.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Receipts 718; shipments 1,177; stock 26,295.

Memphis—Receipts 86; shipments 28; stock 16,067.

Augusta—Middling 11½; receipts 2; stock 10,326.

St. Louis—Receipts 190; shipments 160; stock 14,685.

Cincinnati—Receipts 598; shipments 549; stock 12,837.

Little Rock—Shipments 332; stock 6,174.

Total for day—Receipts 1,534; shipments 2,246; stock 86,384.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

Atlanta, Ga.—For the 24 hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, August 13, 1914.

Stations of ATLANTA, GA. District.	Highest*	Lowest**	Precipitation Inch 8—100ths
	Temper'e.		
ATLANTA, pt. cldy.	87	68	.41
xChattanooga, clear.	86	68	.18
Columbus, clear	93	72	.00
Gainesville, cloudy.	89	66	.65
Greenville S. C., pt. cld.	92	68	.75
Griffin, clear	93	68	.00
xMacon, clear	90	70	.00
Monticello, clear	91	67	.00
Newnan, cloudy	90	67	1.29
Rome, cloudy	90	68	.70
Spartanburg, cloudy	94	70	.00
Tallapoosa, foggy.	89	66	.40
Toccoa, pt. cldy.	93	67	1.12
West Point, cloudy	86	68	1.30
Late Report—			
Monticello, 12th, clear.	87	70	.00

Heavy Rains.

Louisiana—Minden, 1.80.

Mississippi—Brookhaven, 1.00; Jackson, 1.00; Jackson, 1.10; Lake, 2.00; Batesville, 2.80; Columbus, 1.40; Holly Springs, 2.70; Waynesboro, 1.60.

Arkansas—Malvern, 2.00; Prescott, 1.00.

Alabama—Tuscumbia, 2.00; Birmingham, 1.10.

Georgia—Greensboro, 1.20; Washington, 2.00.

Oklahoma—Ada, 2.00; Ardmore, 1.20; Durant, 1.60; McAlester, 1.20.

Texas Rainfall.

Dallas, .02; Bellinger, 3.78; Brenham, .46; Brownwood, 2.00; Clarendon, 1.16; Corsicana, .24; Haskell, .34; Henrietta, 1.60; Paris, .56; Sherman, 1.70; Snyder, .24; Weatherford, 1.64.

Missing—Dublin, Eastland, Llano, Longlake, Marble Falls, Mexia.

CENTRAL STATIONS.	Number of stations in district.	District Average Temp.	Highest.*	Lowest.**	Precip'n. No. stations reporting .10 inches or more.	Av. stations reporting 0.10 inches or more.
Wilmington	10	92	72	4	.20	
Charleston	5	92	72	1	.50	
Augusta	11	92	70	3	1.30	
Savannah	20	94	74	2	.10	
ATLANTA	14	90	68	9	.80	
Montgomery	14	92	70	9	.60	
Mobile	12	90	70	7	1.30	
Memphis	14	90	70	11	1.30	
Vicksburg	14	90	70	11		
New Orleans	16	92	72	11		
Little Rock	17	83	68	9	.70	
Houston	59	90	72	12	1.20	
Oklahoma	21	84	66	10	.80	

*Highest yesterday. **Lowest for 24 hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, except where otherwise indicated.

Note—The average highest and lowest temperatures are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received, and the average precipitation from the number of stations reporting 0.1 inch or more. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at the time of the observation.

xMinimum temperatures are for 12-hour period ending at 8 a. m. this date.

Remarks.

Rain has been general throughout the belt, heavy at many places in Texas, Oklahoma, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Georgia. Temperatures continue about stationary in all sections.

C. F. vonn HERRMANN.
Section Director.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, August 12.—Cotton seed oil was firm on covering, part of which was rumored to be for European account, together with local professional buying and an absence of offerings. The south refused to base its crude on the present level of refined despite the fact that seed is quoted as low as $12 per ton. Final prices were 8 to 12 points net higher. Sales, 7,900 barrels. The market closed steady. Spot, 6.30@6.50. Futures ranged as follows:

	Opening.	Closing.
August	6.25@6.28	6.34@6.40
September	6.25@6.28	6.35@6.37
October	6.25@6.28	6.35@6.37
November	6.14@6.20	6.22@6.24
December	6.13@6.17	6.26@6.28
January	6.18@6.23	6.28@6.30
February	6.22@6.30	6.30@6.33
March	6.28@6.35	6.33@6.35

Dry Goods.

New York, August 13.—Cotton goods markets and dress goods markets today were more active. Yarns were quiet and easy. Linens were bought freely. Burlaps were higher and unchanged. Cotton linings advanced.

Atlanta Bank Clearings.

Thursday, August 13	$1,830,012.95
Same day last year	1,692,757.57
Increase for day	$ 137,255.38

Paper and Exchange.

New York, August 13.—Mercantile paper @7.

Exchanges $165,801,004; balanc[illegible] $9,208,-[illegible].

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS

ATLANTA LIVE STOCK.

(By W. H. White, Jr., of the White Provision Company.)

Good to choice steers, 1,000 to 1,200 pounds, $6.50 to $7.50.

Good steers, 800 to 1,000 pounds, $6.25 to $6.75.

Medium to good steers, 700 to 850 pounds, $6.00 to $6.25.

Good to choice beef cows, 800 to 900 pounds, $5.75 to $6.25.

Medium to good cows, 700 to 750 pounds, $5.00 to $5.50.

Medium to choice heifers, 750 to 850 pounds, $5.50 to $6.25.

Medium to good heifers, 650 to 750 pounds, $5.00 to $5.25.

The above represents ruling prices of good quality beef cattle; inferior grades and dairy types selling lower.

Medium to common steers, if fat, 800 to 900 pounds, $5.50 to $6.00.

Medium to common cows, if fat, 700 to 800 pounds, $4.25 to $5.25.

Mixed common, $3.50 to $4.50.

Good butcher bulls, $4.00 to $4.75.

Choice Tennessee lambs, 70 to 80 pounds, $6.50 to $7.50.

Medium lambs, $4.50 to $5.00.

Sheep, $3.25 to $4.25.

Prime hogs, 160 to 200 pounds, $8.85 to $9.10.

Good butcher hogs, 140 to 160 pounds, $8.50 to $8.80.

Good butcher pigs, 100 to 140 pounds, $8.30 to $8.50.

Light pigs, 80 to 100 pounds, $7.75 to $8.00.

Heavy and rough hogs, 200 to 300 pounds, $7.50 to $8.50.

Above quotations apply to corn-fed hogs; mast and peanut-fattened, 1½ to 2 cents under.

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS.

(Corrected by the Fidelity Fruit and Produce Company.)

EGG PLANT.....$1.50@2.00
PINEAPPLES—Red Squash.....$2.50@3.00
Ababkas.....$1.50@2.00
ORANGES—Fancy.....$4.00@4.50
Choice.....$2.00@2.25
GRAPEFRUIT—Fancy.....$2.50@3.00
Choice.....$1.50
GEORGIA BEANS.....50c
CABBAGE—Barrel.....$2.50@3.00
ONIONS—Per bag.....$3.00
CELERY—Fancy, doz.....60@75c
POTATOES—New:
White, No. 1, barrel.....$3.00@3.25
No. 2.....$2.00@2.50
PEACHES—Georgia stock.....$1.00@2.00
OKRA—Tender, crate.....$1.50@1.75
TOMATOES—Fancy.....$1.50@1.75
Choice.....75c@$1.00
Culls.....No sale
LETTUCE—Drum, fancy.....$2.00@2.25
SQUASH:
Georgia, small.....$1.00
White.....No sale
PEPPER—Fancy.....$1.25@1.50
Small.....75c@$1.00
CORN—Roasting ears, doz.....10c
CANTALOUPES.....$1.50@2.00
Market firm.

POULTRY AND EGGS.

Hens, live, pound.....14c
Friers, pounds.....16@17c
Ducks, apiece.....40@50c
Eggs, dozen.....20@21c

GROCERIES.

(Corrected by Oglesby Grocery Company.)

Axle Grease—Diamond, $1.75; No. 1 Mica, $3.25; No. 2 Mica, $4.25.

Cheese—Alderney, 18½c.

Red Rock Ginger Ale—Quarts, $9; pints, $10; Red Rock Syrup, $1.60 per gallon.

Candy—Stick, 6½; mixed, 6½; chocolates, 13c.

Canned Goods—Pork and Beans, 1s, 2s and 3s, $1.90 to $4.20. Corn, $1.75 to $2.40. Peas, $1.90 to $4.20. String Beans, 1s, 2s and 3s, $1.90 to $4.50. Salmon, red, $6.50; pink, $4.25. Veal Loaf, one-half, $2.80. Asparagus Tips, $4.50 to $5.00. Tuna Fish, 1s, $8.50; ½s, $5.75. Condensed Milk, $3.85 to $6.60. Evaporated Milk, $2.75 to $3.85. Oysters, pearl, $1.90; other, $1.80.

Salt—100-lb. bags, 50c; ice cream, 50c; Granocrystal, 50c; No. 3 barrels, $3.25.

Arm and Hammer Soda, $3.05; keg soda, 7½; Royal Baking Powder, 1-lb., $4.80; ½-lb., $2.60; Horsford's, $4.50; Good Luck, $3.75; Success, $1.80; Rough Rider, $1.80.

Beans—Lima, 8¼c; navy, 5c; pink, 6¾c.

Ink—Per crate, $3.20.

Jelly—30-lb. pails, $1.35; 8-oz., $2.70.

Spaghetti—$1.90.

Leather—Diamond oak, 46c.

Pepper—Grain, 16c; ground, 18c.

Flour—Elegant, $6.50; Diamond, $5.85; Best Self-Rising, $5.60; Monogram, $5.35; Carnation, $5.20; Golden Grain, $4.85; Pancake, per case, $3.00.

Lard and Compound—Cottolene, 75; Snowdrift, cases, $5.75; Flake White, 8; Sun Gherkins—Per crate, $4.80; keg $6.50@8.00; sweet, mixed, kegs, $12.50; olives, 90c to $4.50 per dozen.

Sugar—Granulated, 7½c; powdered, 8¼c; cubes, 8½c; domino, 10c.

PROVISIONS.

(Corrected by White Provision Company.)

Cornfield hams, 10 to 12-lb. average, 21½
Cornfield hams, 12 to 14-lb. average, 21½
Cornfield skinned hams, 16 to 18-lb. average.....22
Cornfield picnic hams, 6 to 8-lb. average.....14½@15½
Cornfield breakfast bacon.....29
Cornfield sliced bacon, 1-lb. boxes, 12 to case, per case.....3.60
Cornfield bacon, wide and narrow.....21
Cornfield fresh pork sausage, link and bulk, 25-lb. buckets.....14½
Cornfield Frankforts, 10-lb. cartons...15
Cornfield Bologna sausage, 25-lb. boxes 15
Cornfield luncheon ham, 25-lb. boxes 16½
Cornfield smoked link sausage, 25-lb. boxes.....11
Cornfield Frankforts in pickle, kits..2.25
Cornfield lard, tierce basis.....12
Country style lard, 50-lb. tins.....11¾
Compound lard, tierce basis.....9¾
D. S. extra ribs.....16½
D. S. bellies, medium average.....16¼
D. S. bellies, light average.....16½

FLOUR, GRAIN AND FEED.

Flour Sacked Per Bbl.—Victory, (in towel baks, patent) $6; Victory, (our finest patent) $5.85; Quality, (in 48 lb. towel bags) $6.00; Quality, (our finest patent) $5.85; Gloria, (self rising) $5.75. White Lily, (self rising) $5.25; Puritan, (highest patent) $5.10; White Cloud, (high patent) $4.90; Ocean Spray, (patent) $4.65; King Cotton, (patent) $4.50; Angel Food, (fancy patent) $6.25; Perfect Biscuit, (self rising) $5.50; Electricit, (self rising) $5.50; Swans Down, (highest patent) $5.00; Diadem, (high patent) $5.00.

Meal Sacked Per Bu.—Meal plain, 144 lb. sacks, $1.01; meal plain, 96 lb. sacks, $1.02; meal plain, 48 lb. sacks, $1.04; meal plain, 24 lb. sacks, $1.06; cracked corn, 96 lb. sacks, $1.08.

Grain Sacked Per Bu.—Corn, No. 2 white, $1.07; corn, yellow or mixed, $1.05; oats, fancy white clipped, 58c; oats, No. 2 white clipped, 56c; oats, fancy white, 54c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 50c.

Seeds Sacked Per Bu.—Georgia seed rye, $1.35; Tennessee seed rye, $1.20; seed barley, $1.20.

Hay, Etc.—Alfalfa, choice pea-green, $1.35; timothy, choice large bales, $1.35; timothy, No. 1 small bales, $1.30; large light clover-mixed hay, $1.25; small light clover-mixed hay, $1.25; straw, 65c; C. S. L. harper, $29.50; C. S. hulls, square sacks, $11.50; C. S. hulls, round sacks, $11.00.

Chicken Feed, Per Cwt.—Aunt Patsy Mash, 4 25-lb. sacks, $2.50; Aunt Patsy mash, 100-lb. sack, $2.35; Purina pigeon feed, 100-lb. sack, $2.50; Purina chowder, 12-pkg. bales, $2.60; Purina chowder, 100-lb. sacks, $2.40; Purina scratch, 12-pkg. bales, $2.40; Purina scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.15; Victory scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.15; Victoria scratch, 50-lb. sacks, $2.25; oyster shell, 100-lb. sacks, $75c; beef scraps, 100-lb. sacks, $3.35; beef scraps, 50-lb. sacks, $5.60; charcoal, per cwt., 50-lb. sacks, $2.00; cracked wheat, per bu., $1.20.

Compound Feed, Per Cwt.—Arab Horse Feed, $1.80; King Corn horse feed, $1.80; Nuhorse feed, $1.75; Victory horse feed, $1.70; A. B. C. feed, $1.65; Sucrene horse and mule feed, $1.45; Sucrene dairy feed, $1.50; alfalfa meal, 100-lb. sacks, $1.45; beet pulp, per cwt., $1.70.

Shorts, Bran and Mill Feed—Dandy Red Dog middlings, 75-lb. sacks, $2.00; Dandy Red Dog middlings, 100-lb. sacks, $1.95; shorts, fancy mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.90; shorts, P. W. mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.85; shorts, P. W. brown, 100-lb. sacks, $1.75; Georgia feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.80; Germ meal, 100-lb. sacks, $1.80; Germ meal, 75-lb. sacks, $1.85; bran, P. W., 100-lb. sacks, $1.45; bran, P. W. 75-lb. sacks, $1.45.

Salt—Salt brick (medium), per case, $5.10; salt brick (plain), per case, $2.35; salt, Red Rock, per cwt., $1.10; salt, Ozone, per case 30 pkgs, $1.00; salt, 100-lb. sacks Chippewa, 54c; salt, 50-lb. sacks Chippewa, 32c; salt, 100-lb. sacks V. P., 52c; salt, 50-lb. sacks V. P., 31c; salt, 25-lb. sacks V. P., 19c.

These prices are f. o. b. Atlanta, subject to market changes. Special prices on mixed and solid cars.

Coffee.

New York, August 13.—A much less active demand was reported for coffee in the local coffee market today, and the reactionary tendency of prices was more in evidence. Local brokers said the buying movement of last week probably had supplied urgent needs and, while uncertainty was still more or less generally expressed as to the probable cost of replacing domestic stocks, there seemed more of a disposition to await developments.

Little business was reported on the curb. September contracts were offered for sale at 7.55 in the afternoon or a little more than a cent a pound below the high level of last week. Spot quotations showed similar reactions from the recent high point. Rio sevens being quoted at 8½ and Santos fours at 13½.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Ga., August 13.—Turpentine nominal at 45½; no sales; receipts 440; shipments 723; stocks 31,976. Rosin nominal; no sales; receipts 1,514; shipments 516; stocks 119,434. A, B, $3.50; C, D, $3.52½; E, F, G, H, I, $3.55; K, $4.15; M, $4.50; N, $6.00; window glass, $6.25; waterwhite, $6.35.

ALL GRAIN LOWER; CLOSE WAS HEAVY

Cancellation of Export Contracts Was the Main Factor in the Decline--Provisions Market Dull.

Chicago, August 13.—Accumulating domestic stocks and the cancelling of export contracts today depressed the price of wheat. The market closed heavy at ¾c to 1¼c net decline. Corn showed a loss of ½c to 1¼c compared with last night, and oats of ⅛c to ⅛@¼c. In provisions the outcome was the same as last night to 10c off.

Prospective difficulties in regard to financing wheat supplies that can find no outlet to Europe began to tell distinctly today against values. Dealers in the pit constantly were made aware that seaboard exporters were trying to resell here.

Additional rains over Nebraska and other big producing states tended to lower the price of corn. The September option held relatively firm.

Oats were sustained partly by rumors of export sales.

Trade in provisions today was the smallest since the outbreak of war. At intervals the pit was nearly deserted. Weakness of grain acted as more than an offset to the fact that hog receipts were less numerous than looked for.

Chicago Quotations.

Following were quotations on Chicago board of trade today:

	Open.	High	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
WHEAT—					
Sept.	.98	98⅜	92	92⅞	93⅝
Dec.	.99	99⅝	97⅜	98⅝	99⅝
May	.106⅜			105⅜	107
CORN—					
Sept.	.79½	80	78¾	79½	80
Dec.	.70⅝	70¾	68⅝	69⅜	70⅝
May	.71⅝			71⅜	72¼
OATS—					
Sept.	.42	42¼	41½	42	42⅛
Dec.	.46¼	45½	44⅝	45⅜	45⅝
May	.48⅜			48⅝	48⅝
PORK—					
Sept.		22.25	22.20	22.25	22.25
Jan.		31.60	21.50	21.60	
LARD—					
Sept.	9.60	9.62	9.50	9.52	9.60
Oct.	9.82	9.82	9.70	9.75	9.80
RIBS—					
Sept.		12.72	12.62	12.65	12.72
Oct.	12.50	12.50	12.37	12.37	12.45

Grain.

Chicago, August 13.—Cash: Wheat, No. 2 red 93½@94½; No. 3 hard 92¼@94¾; No. 2 northern $1.16@1.18.

Corn, No. 2 yellow 86¼@86¾.

Oats, standard, 41¾@41½.

Rye, No. 2, 80.

Barley, 60@70.

Timothy, $5.15@5.75.

Clover, nominal.

St. Louis, August 13.—Cash:

WHEAT—	Open.	High	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
No. 2 red			90	@94½	92 @95
No. 2 hard			90	@97	91 @96
CORN—					
No. 2			84½		84½
No. 2 white			84½@85		85
OATS—					
No. 2			41	@42	40½@41
No. 2 white			42½		42

Kansas City, August 13.—Cash: Wheat, No. 2 hard 87@94. No. 2 red 86@86¾.

Corn, No. 2 mixed 84½@85; No. 2 white 84.

Oats, No. 2 white 42; No. 2 mixed 39½@40.

Live Stock.

Chicago, August 13.—Hogs—Receipts 17,000; higher; bulk of sales $9.00@9.30; light $8.95@9.45; mixed $8.70@9.45; heavy $8.45@9.30; rough $8.45@8.65; pigs $8.75@8.50.

Cattle—Receipts 5,500; steady; beeves $7.25@10.50; steers $6.40@9.30; stockers $5.50@8.10; cows and heifers $3.75@9.30; calves $8.50@11.75.

Sheep—Receipts 14,000; steady; sheep $5.30@6.15; yearlings $6.00@7.10; lambs $5.60@8.65.

Kansas City, August 13.—Hogs—Receipts 7,000; strong; bulk $9.00@9.40; heavy $9.20@; packers and butchers $9.10@9.45; lights $9.00@9.30; pigs $8.00@8.50.

Cattle—Receipts 3,200; steady; prime fed steers $9.50@10.25; dressed beef steers $8.00@9.40; southern steers $5.50@8.50; cows $4.25@7.25; heifers $6.25@9.60; stockers $5.00@8.10.

Sheep—Receipts 2,800; steady; lambs $8.00@8.50; yearlings $6.00@6.65; wethers $5.25@5.85; ewes $5.00@6.50.

St. Louis, August 13.—Hogs—Receipts 8,600; higher; mixed and lights $7.00@9.60; mixed and butchers $9.25@9.60; good heavy $9.40@9.55.

Cattle—Receipts 3,600; steady; native Indian steers $6.00@8.25; cows and heifers $5.00@9.50; stockers $5.00@7.50; Texas and Indian steers $½.00@8.25; cows and heifers $4.00@6.50; native calves $6.00@11.00.

Sheep—Receipts 3,300; steady; native muttons $4.00@5.25; lambs $7.00@8.60.

Country Produce.

New York, August 13.—Butter steady, unchanged; receipts 8,500.

Cheese steady; receipts 4,500; state whole milk fresh daisies 16c.

Eggs steady, unchanged; receipts 16,000.

Poultry, dressed dull and weak; western chickens, broilers, fresh, 16@22; fowls, fresh, 12½@13½; turkeys 17@26. Live steady; western chickens, broilers, 17½; fowls 15¾@16; turkeys 13@14.

Chicago, August 13.—Butter higher; creameries 23½@28¾.

Eggs lower; receipts 9,427; at mark, cases included, 15@20½; ordinary firsts 18@18½; firsts 20@21.

Potatoes unsettled; receipts 55 cars; Jersey, sacks, 90; Jersey, bulk, 85; Minnesota Ohios 70@73; Virginia, barrels, $2.40@2.50.

Poultry, alive, lower; fowls 14; springs 16@17.

St. Louis, August 13.—Poultry, butter, eggs unchanged.

Rice.

New Orleans, August 13.—Rough Honduras rice is active and strong, while the clean grade is very strong and active. Quote: Rough Honduras 4.00@5.00; clean Honduras 4½@6½; Japan 4x@4¾. Rice polish, per ton, $27.00@28.00; bran, per ton, $18.00@20.00. Receipts: Rough, 11,146; millers 1,496. Sales: 9,518 sacks rough Honduras at 4.00@5.00; 3,264 pockets clean Honduras at 2¾@6¾; 275 pockets Japan at 2¾@4¾.

New York, August 13.—Dan Talmage & Co. says that it is somewhat difficult to give at the present time a clear review of the past week or even a vague forecast of the possible future movement of the market. Conditions in Europe are so strained between the powers that values are being disturbed all over the world in every kind of commodity or merchandise and the situation points toward very high prices for all our home products. If the various foreign markets are ordered closed against exports it will plainly be seen that the demand for rice will be enormously increased, which must naturally force a high range of values for the home product. Of course the present strained conditions may be adjusted in a few days, which is devoutly hoped for. In this case we must look for saner conditions and a fairly prompt return to a normal situation. It is plainly evident, therefore, that any tendency towards speculation would be most unwise, as with every rise the antithesis must surely follow and all that was gained under an advance would be dissipated with a sharper slump in values and a consequent heavier loss to operators. At the moment the demand is fairly active and prices strong, with no immediate outlook for other than a still stronger range.

Advices from the south along the Atlantic coast report the market very strong on Japans and the better grades of Honduras and indications point to renewed interest on all grades. At New Orleans the market is exceptionally strong, due to active local demand which is absorbing all available supplies of new crop. Harvesting is progressing slowly, as heavy rains have delayed cutting and threshing. Central and South America are taking all available offering and we are going into the new crop with practically no carry-over.

Foreign, in view of the bad conditions abroad, has improved in demand and prices are being toned up.

In the interior, southwest Louisiana, Texas and Arkansas advices are that the crop is progressing satisfactorily and all indications point to a large yield.

Sugar.

New York, August 13.—Sugar soared to new high levels today. The market was strong, owing to active bids from Great Britain as well as buying by local refiners in order to supply raw sugar to meet the increased demand for refined. Holders of raw sugar in Cuba are very firm in their attitude and the raw market early today was quoted on the basis of 5.02 for centrifugal, 96 test, while refined was quoted at 6¾c to 7c for fine granulated, representing new high records.

Raw sugar strong; molasses 5.37; centrifugal 6.02. Refined strong, 25 points higher; cut loaf 7.65; crushed 7.55; mould A 7.20; cubes 7.00; XXXX powdered 6.90; powdered 6.85; fine granulated 6.75; diamond A 6.75; confectioners' A 6.65; No. 1 6.55.

Later in the day the market advanced to 6.53 for centrifugal and 5.88 for molasses.

Every man was born at a very early age, but some of them never seem to get over it.

ATLANTA'S STRIDES FROM DAY TO DAY

Another lease on Peachtree street was announced on Thursday.

Fitzhugh Knox has leased to the Keystone Rubber company No. 215 Peachtree street, a store space adjoining the Troy laundry's place at the corner of Cain street. The lease is for three years, but the consideration was not disclosed.

This is the third lease that has been announced on Peachtree street this week.

Business Good Despite War.

The European war seems to be having but little effect on the Atlanta real estate market. This week has held its own well with any previous week of the last several months in the number and the size of the deals announced, and agents do not appear to be at all discouraged. Several leading agents report that inquiries are quite as good now as before the war scare came up. Several good sized deals are now in the contract stage.

PROPERTY TRANSFERS.

Warranty Deeds.

$6,500—Anna Rosa to Mary Rivers, lot on the north side of Highland avenue, 217 feet east of Sampson street, 54x138; also lot on the east side of Central avenue, 237 feet north of Dodd avenue, 33x135. August 12.

$450—Mrs. Georgia Echols to D. M. Aarons, lot on the east side of Tumlin street, 175 feet south of West Fourteenth street, 150x190. August 3.

$1,100—W. L. Norman to J. H. McCord, No. 13 Middle street, 52x98. December 19, 1913.

$450—Loyd H. Mitchell to E. E. Sands, No. 381 South McDaniel street, 25x100. December 10, 1913.

$4,000—John A. Smith to Standard Oil company, Nos. 93, 95, 97 and 99 Means street, 120x137. August 6.

$500—Miss Saran Huff et al. to Mrs. Rosa Lee Edwards, lot on the north side of Huff road, 462 feet east of Ellsworth avenue, 50x252. August 11.

$650—D. A. Cohen to P. B. Byrd lot on the east side of Abbott street, 249 feet north of Sells avenue, 48x149. June 20.

$125—College Park Land company to Ben Wood, lot on the south side of Harvard avenue, 150 feet east of Atlanta street, 50x190. November 13, 1913.

$250—Austin and Emma Bialock to Solomon Bradley, lot on the west side of Wilson street, 150 feet north of Arthur street, 25x100. July 11.

$175—H. P. Brotherton to P. G. Keeney, lot on the north side of Dorsey street, 350 feet west of Semms avenue, 50x147. August 11.

$1,000—Traders' company of Atlanta, Ga., to Frank J. Graham, No. 406 South Pryor street, 50x150. August, 1914.

Love and affection—C. Arrowood to Mr. and Mrs. D. Arrowood, lot 200, block E, Hollywood cemetery. September 24, 1913.

Bonds for Title.

$5,000—Mrs. J. V. Stanley to Mrs. Celia Price, lot east side Richardson street, 210 feet east of Capitol avenue, 50x105 feet. August 3.

$5,500—Nathan Sinkovitz et al. to J. Hillman, lot southwest corner Vine and Parsons streets, 50x100 feet. August 12.

$12,000—Mrs. Willie B. Kelley to Jesse A. Blakely et al., lot south side South Gordon street, 260 feet east of Ontario avenue, 60x170 feet. August 7.

$4,500—C. D. Arrowood to J. R. Jones, 141 Venable street, 45x100. September 22, 1910. Transferred to Mrs. D. P. Arrowood, February 21.

Loan Deeds.

$1,500—W. H. Lowe to Morris Hirsch (by executors), lot north side Morrison avenue, 270 feet east of Boulevard, 40x100 feet. August 1.

$2,250—Hubbard H. Voyles to Daniel Sabel (by executors), 166 Sinclair avenue, 60x180 feet. August 10.

$2,500—Benjamin S. Price to Georgia Savings Bank and Trust company, lot northeast corner Argard and Copenhill avenues. August 11.

$4,500—James Stokes to Dickinson Trust company, trustees, 1 East North avenue, 72x202 feet. August 11.

$1,600—Mrs. Willie S. Daniel et al. to Alice Goldsmith, lot west side Hill street, 178 feet north of Milledge avenue, 90x210 feet. July 27.

$800—C. P. Ventress to Central Bank and Trust corporation, lot west side Howell Mill road, 80 feet north of Morris street, 33x151 feet. August 7.

$2,000—James T. Williams et al. to Abe Cohen, lot southeast corner Gartrell street and North Boulevard, 62x73 feet. August 7.

$500—Mrs. Elizabeth E. Goree et al. to Mrs. Daisy M. Cohen, lot north side Virginia circle, 100 feet east of Barnett street, 50x149 feet. August 12.

$400—Mrs. Jessie Gleason Cuttee to Mrs. Freddie R. Strauss, lot northwest corner Stewart avenue and Brookline street, 50x150 feet. August 12.

$150—B. R. Holmes to John H. McCord, lot west side Fort street, 50 feet south of Clifton street, 25x85 feet. May 4.

$150,000—Brown & Randolph company to State Mutual Life Assurance company of Worcester, Mass., lot west corner Marietta and Forsyth streets, 150x100 feet. August 10.

Liens.

$301—Woodward Lumber company v. Miss Beatrice Nelms, No. 21 Albemarle avenue. August 12.

Quit-Claim Deeds.

$1—Miss Dallia Connally to R. E. Betterton, lot on west side Mildred avenue, 416 feet north of Oakland avenue, 54x157 feet. August 7.

$1—M. Anderson et al. to Frank J. Graham, No. 406 South Pryor street, 50x150 feet. August, 1914.

Building Permits.

$70—Charles P. Glover, 1110 Piedmont avenue, chimney. Day work.

$50—J. B. Richards, 24 Oliver street, bathroom. Day work.

DEBTS DUE TO EUROPE WORRYING NEW YORK

Jacob Schiff Says Gold Must Be Sent or United States Will Be Disgraced.

New York, August 13.—Jacob H. Schiff, head of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., defended today the proposal advanced yesterday that congress empower national banks to hold bank notes as reserve, thus freeing gold for shipment abroad in settlement of international debts.

Mr. Schiff said that it was almost impossible to satisfy American debts in Europe because the banks had concluded not to let go of anything which could be utilized for the shipment of gold abroad. He referred to the fact that large payments would gradually fall due in Europe, and he declared these debts must be met or American debtors would be in default.

"It is said that those responsible for this state of affairs should suffer for it. I do not believe many honest men will agree with that view," he said.

"We have more gold than any country in the world—something like $1,-500,000,000," Mr. Schiff said. "We are not short of gold. I tell you what we are short of. We are short of money to pay our debts," he added, with a touch of satire.

"We wave the American flag and say we want to help the world, but we cannot pay our debts. We want to stand back. Do we care to do it? Do we dare to attach a stigma upon generations yet unborn?

"It is probable that congress may deny us the legislation to enable banks to let the gold go. If that is so we must bow to the law. But we must not do it voluntarily. The old proverb that 'honesty is the best policy,' still holds good."

McAdoo Considers Situation.

Washington, August 13.—Plans of New York bankers to get some action under which they may facilitate gold exports without lowering bank reserves were discussed today at a conference between Secretary McAdoo, the federal reserve board and H. R. Heidge, of the National City bank of New York. No conclusion was reached, but the necessity of upholding the credit of the United States and the banks in every way was emphasized.

It was suggested that the board has ample authority to reduce reserves held by the banks in order to help out the financial situation.

Secretary McAdoo had nothing to say regarding the question of gold shipments, merely vouchsafing the statement that the question of gold was discussed. During the conference he talked with the white house.

EVERYTHING IS READY FOR OPENING CANAL

Washington, August 13.—The first first steamship to pass through the Panama canal—the Cristobal—made the trip from the Atlantic to the Pacific in eleven and a half hours.

The return trip, however, was made in eight and a half hours, which probably marks the average time that will be consumed by merchantmen, when all of the machinery of the canal is in smooth operation.

It is reported that everything is in perfect order for the formal opening of the canal next Saturday when the Ancon, sister ship of the Cristobal, belonging to the Panama Canal Railway company, and of 9,606 tons, will make the official trial trip.

Accident to the Louisiana.

Washington, August 13.—The battleship Louisiana, en route to Guantanamo from Vera Cruz, has broken her port propeller shaft. The battleship Texas will convoy her to the Norfolk navy yard, after which the Texas will go to New York. The battleships Virginia and New Jersey have been ordered to Guantanamo from Vera Cruz, and will stand by awaiting developments in the Dominican republic and Haiti.

Foreign Finances.

London, August 13.—The wekely statement of the Bank of England:

Total reserve increased £5,663,000.
Circulation decreased £171,000.
Bullion increased £5,492,560.
Other securities increased £5,435,000.
Public deposits decreased £3,610,000.
Other deposits increased £26,576,000.
Notes reserve increased £6,372,000.
Government securities increased £12,000,-000.

The proportion of reserve to liability this week is 17.00 per cent; last week it was 14.60 per cent.

Rate of discount 5 per cent.

TRUST COMPANY OF GEORGIA

WILL BUY	WILL SE[illegible]
State of Georgia Bonds	Fulton Bag & Cotton [illegible] Bonds
City of Atlanta Bonds	Fulton National Bank
Lowry National Bank	Ga. Ry. & Electric, 2nd Pfd.
Central Bank & Tr. Corp'n	Ga. Ry. & Electric Common
Fourth National Bank	Realty Trust Company
Atlantic Ice & Coal Corp'n Com.	Atlanta Trust Company
Empire Cotton Oil Co. Pfd.	Atlanta Home Insurance Co.
Southern Ice Company Pfd.	Georgia R. R. & Banking Co.
Ga. Ry. & Electric Common	City of Augusta Bonds
Third National Bank	Exposition Cotton Mills

HUBBARD BROS. & CO., Cotton Merchants

HANOVER SQUARE, NEW YORK

Members New York Cotton Exchange, New Orleans Cotton Exchange, New York Produce Exchange; associate members Liverpool Cotton Association. Orders solicited for the purchase and sale of cotton and cotton seed oil for future delivery. Special attention and liberal terms given for

THE MATTER OF FINDING BUYER OR SELLER IS AN EASY PROPOSITION WITH THE CONSTITUTION WANT AD PAGES BEFORE YOU

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COST OF LOCAL WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

1 Insertion 10c a line
3 Insertions 6c a line
7 Insertions 5c a line

1c per word flat for classified advertising from outside of Atlanta.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count six ordinary words to each line.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

If you can't bring or send your Want Ad, phone Main 5000, or Atlanta 5001.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classifications, will give you complete information. And, if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Other want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon publication, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day printed.

EVERY HOME HAS USE FOR CONSTITUTION WANT ADS.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST articles sometimes are never found; often they are stolen with no chance of recovery, but when picked up by honest persons they will get back to the owner if advertised in this column.

LOST or strayed, from Walter Beerman farm, roanish brown German birddog, with long hair around mouth and bob-tail. Name Marsh. Reward for return. Notify J. B. Thompson, R. F. D. No. 6, Atlanta, or Box 654, Atlanta.

LOST—Wednesday night, August 5, brown leather purse and small case containing identification and business cards (no money). If finder, to whom same is of no value, will advise me will be glad to forward return postage for same. P. J. Mullen, Rome, Ga.

TO MRS. P.: Ring and button received. Please return pin and all investigations will be stopped. J. K. McDonald, Trust Co. of Georgia, Equitable building.

LOST—Tuesday afternoon, pearl and diamond brooch in or near Ansley Hotel or on South Pryor street car; reward if found. Ivy 8285.

MAN who took dog from rear of 400 Spring st. is known. To save further trouble, had better return to 400 Spring.

LOST—About 5 p. m., August 10, pair eyeglasses in case. Finder please return to 402 Realty Trust building. Phone Ivy 532.

BLACK AND WHITE setter pup, 6 months old; answers to the name of Tony; strayed from 400 Spring st. Reward.

LOST—Silver handled umbrella; monogram top. Reward. Return to 510 Candler Building.

LOST—Between 49 E. Merritts and 300 E. Linden, Friday, gold pin, form of bee. Reward. 49 E. Merritts. Ivy 1332.

PERSONAL

ATLANTA SCHOOL OF
PRACTICAL MILLINERY

THE original and only regular millinery training school in Atlanta. Begin now and finish in time for fall season. Miss Rainwater, 40½ Whitehall street.

THE BARCLEY CUSTOM CORSET is made for you to your exact measurements; boned with firm, flexible, woven wire so as to cling to and support your figure perfectly and give freedom of motion. Mrs. E. K. Wilcox. Ivy 2856-L. 19 Forrest Ave.

MATERNITY SANITARIUM—Private, refined, home-like; limited number of patients cared for. Homes provided for infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 2c Windsor street.

MANUSCRIPTS, speeches, etc., corrected and transcribed on typewriter, in proper shape for publication; English and German translations a specialty. Luise D. Brown, 393 Central avenue.

THOUSANDS of families enjoy their beer at home. Why not you? Order a case today at wholesale price. Delivered in city and suburbs. Phones: Atlanta 2438, Main 3250. P. O. Box 85.

LET US re-tire your baby carriage wheels. We send for and deliver work. Phone Atlanta 23 or Bell Ivy 4372. The Minute Repair Shop.

JUST beyond gas office, on Marietta st., at No. 97, is Miller's Millinery Shop, the place to buy stylish millinery on easy payments. Watch for opening date.

SEE Dr. Elligan, surgeon-chiropodist, for bad feet, and Turkish bath; scientific treatment with baths. 8 Candler Bldg.

MRS. W. E. WINTERS has opened up fashionable dressmarking parlors at 69 Luckie street; satisfaction guaranteed. Main 4055.

WE MAKE switches from combings, $1 each. Mrs. Aille Gallaher, 70½ Peachtree street. Phone Ivy 1956-J.

FREE—Our 1914 Magazine catalogue just out. Phone or write for it. Charles D. Barker, Circulation, 19-21 Peters. M. 4623-J.

USE DR. SALTER'S Eye Lotion for sore and inflamed eyes. Ask your druggist.

PIANO tuning and repairing work guaranteed. Give us a trial. Ivy 8034.

R. W. COLEMAN, 172 E. Baker, stitches curtains. 25c per window.

EDUCATIONAL

TEACHER of experience, educated in Peabody College for Teachers, will give private lessons in any school course; also piano and oratory instruction. 5 Mathewson Place.

THE Atlanta School of Lip Reading for the adult deaf. Private lessons; small classes; conversation classes; 15 years' experience. Mrs. W. L. Brittain, 51 E. Harris St.

$25.00 SCHOLARSHIPS in Simplex Shorthand School, 30 Capitol avenue, Atlanta. Main 5295-J.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, Jr., Hugh M. Dorsey, Arthur Heyman, Dorsey, Brewster, Howell & Heyman, Attorneys-at-Law.
Office: 202, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 210 Kiser Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephones, 3023, 3024 and 3025, Atlanta, Ga.

DR. ARTHUR G. HOBBS has returned from New York eye and ear clinics. Now located in Candler bldg. Ivy 4725.

PHRENOLOGIST

ASTROLOGY
VISIT MADAM NINA

ONE of the most noted astrologists in the world; can reveal to you all about your troubles, business and financial affairs; can tell you in regard to your absent friends and can tell you in regard to your love and marriage affairs and what business and vocation you are adapted for and how to avoid law suits and losses and will give you every satisfaction. It will pay you to call and see her at her parlor camps, 17 East Mitchell street.

MADAME DE LYLE
19 SIMPSON STREET

$5.00 READINGS $1.00
1.00 READINGS 50c

SCIENTIST, spiritualist and phrenologist. Come and have your past, present and future revealed. No matter what your troubles may be, social, domestic or business, you will be told of them and receive advice. Ivy 3116-L.

PHRENOLOGIST

MADAME BOSWELL, England's greatest phrenologist, is here for a short time only. Can be consulted on all affairs of life. Special reading this week, 50c. Located in her camps, 93 Auburn avenue.

HELP WANTED—Male

STORES AND OFFICES.

WANTED—Man competent to meet callers; some office ability; $50 per month. Address D-865, care Constitution.

PROFESSIONS AND TRADES.

I WANT a few men to learn to be barbers. This is worth better than $15 weekly to you. I teach the work by free practice. My system gives more experience in one week than by the old method in one year. This may change your entire future. Few weeks completes. Call or write at once. E. C. Jacobsen, Mgr., Moler Barber College, 38 Luckie street, Atlanta, Ga.

YES—Prof. G. O. Branning will teach you the barber trade. (It's easy.) Taught in half time of other colleges. Complete course and position in our chain of shops. $30. Atlanta Barber College, 10 East Mitchell St.

WANTED A PRINTER at once. Adamson Printing Company, 62½ South Broad St.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS.

SILVER LAKE ESTATES
NOW ON SALE.

WE want ten high-class salesmen to sell this property. We want only men who are able to present an exclusive proposition to a select class of people. Apply at once to Mr. McElroy, Sales Manager for L. P. Bottenfield, 1115 Empire building.

WANTED—First-class fraternal insurance writers. Address State Manager, 418 Fourth National Bank bldg.

WANTED—Five live, business-like salesmen who can fill a $6 per day position; will pay more to good, ambitious men; our offer is well worth your time. Call 9 a. m. 407 Austell bldg.

WANTED—Salesmen capable of explaining merits of newly patented gasoline-saving device; sold under guarantee to increase mileage of any automobile 25 to 50 per cent per gallon of gasoline used. Empire Sales Co., 303 Candler building.

WANTED—Neat-appearing young man to solicit advertising; experience not necessary; a good future for right party. Answer immediately. Future, care Constitution.

WANTED—Live-wire automobile salesman; give age, experience, salary wanted. Address C-824, care Constitution.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WRITE advertisements and make money. Home course of instructions. For particulars address Watson's School of Ad Writing, Norfolk, Va.

WANTED—100 men and boys daily to have free shave or hair cut, under charge of competent instructors, newly equipped. Moler Barber College, 38 Luckie street, one block west Piedmont Hotel.

ATLANTA Mail Carrier Examinations coming, $80 month. Life jobs. Sample questions free. Address F-120, care Constitution.

WANTED—Man with horse and rig to carry newspaper route. A hustler can make good money. Apply City Circulation Dept., Constitution.

WANTED—First-class fraternal insurance writers. Address State Manager, 418 Fourth National Bank building.

MEN with patentable ideas write Randolph & Co., Patent Solicitors, Washington, D.C.

HELP WANTED—Female

STORES AND OFFICES.

WOMEN WANTED for government clerkships; $70 month; Atlanta examinations soon; specimen questions free. Franklin institute, Dept. 60v-O, Rochester, N. Y.

SALESWOMEN—SOLICITORS.

WE WANT a saleslady in each town to take orders and act as agent for our line of toilet preparations. Easy selling, attractive proposition. Dermatone Co., Atlanta.

SOLICITOR to work the offices; large profit, easy seller; reply with references, Box 321, City.

DOMESTIC.

WANTED—White woman cook with experience, to live on place. Call Ivy 8638.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GIRLS take course in Miss Sparkman's improved Millinery School, 94½ Whitehall. Free scholarship offer. All millinery work done free.

WANTED—A housekeeper for widower and three children, Glenn hotel, Madison avenue. Call for Mr. Shepherd, between 8 and 10 a. m.

GIRLS, learn millinery. Free scholarship plan. We make and retrim hats free. Ideal School of Millinery, 100½ Whitehall.

WANTED—An experienced hotel pantry woman. 1018 Century building.

HELP WANTED—Male and Female

NEAT-APPEARING solicitors for a high-class proposition; will pay from $3 to $10 per day. Apply Suite 307, Empire Life building.

YOU CAN GET the help you need from the National Employment Agency, 73½ E. Broad street.

WANTED—Teachers

South Atlantic Teachers.

AGENCY, 1125 Atlanta National Bank building, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Teacher for good country school. Lady preferred. State terms and apply to H. L. Hudson, Conyers, Ga., Route No. 4.

NOT too late for good positions. Address Foster's Teachers' Agency, 608 Third Nat. Bank Bldg. Ivy 8051.

ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY; efficient service. 422 Atl. Nat'l B. bldg. M. 3145.

SITUATION WANTED—Male

SPECIAL rates for situations wanted ads.; 3 lines one time, 10 cents; 3 times, 15c. To get these rates ads must be paid in advance and delivered at The Constitution office.

AN ANSWER TO YOUR AD.

or several of them may be sent in as late as a week after your ad last appeared in The Constitution. Such responses are the result of several forms of special service which The Constitution is rendering in behalf of all Situation Wanted advertisers. So, if you want a wider range of choice before accepting a position, hold your box number card and call at or phone to The Constitution frequently for at least a week.

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper and general office man. Can use typewriter and handle correspondence. Have had several years' experience. References furnished. Address B-473, Constitution.

EXPERT combination office man, thoroughly reliable, sober and honest, desires work immediately. Ten years' experience and have satisfactory references. Address B-472, Constitution.

LICENSED druggist wants position; have no objection to leaving the city; can give the best of references. Address B-447, Constitution.

WANTED—Position as principal or supt. of schools or as head of commercial department. Good disciplinarian; twenty years' experience. Address Discipline, Box F-142, care Constitution.

YOUNG MAN desires job as chauffeur; have two years' experience in shop; speaks French and English. Address D-864, Constitution.

A-1 ROAD MAN, now employed, wants to make change. Best of references. Want interview if you have an opening. Address D-567, Constitution.

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper or other office work by young man 20 years old, with two years' experience in general office work; can furnish good reference; reasonable salary. Address D-867, Constitution.

POSITION as auto repair man or chauffeur; 5 years' experience; by young man; am willing to start cheap and work up. Sam Tucker, 299 S. Pryor street.

RELIABLE young man of 21 desires position as chauffeur; can also do repair work. References. Call Ivy 2821-J.

WANTED—A position as landscape gardener; understands greenhouse work. Address B-682, Constitution.

FIRST-CLASS mechanic or chauffeur wants position at once. Address B-476, Constitution.

SITUATION WANTED—Male

COMPETENT barber wants job at once; habits good. Address Box 322, Hampton, Ga.

YOUNG MAN stenographer, age 19; now employed, desires change; salary reasonable. Address D-863, Constitution.

EX-SCHOOL TEACHER, well qualified, wants clerical work; satisfaction guaranteed. Good references. Phone West 53C-J.

SITUATION WANTED—Female

SPECIAL rates for situation wanted ads.; 3 lines one time, 10 cents; 3 times, 15 cents. To get these rates ads must be paid in advance and delivered at The Constitution office.

WANTED—A position as primary teacher by one with four years' experience and first-grade certificate. Address Box H., Cork, Ga.

POSITION with children desired by refined woman; can teach piano, primary and kindergarten, if required. Address D-861, Constitution.

LADY desires position as governess; can give best reference; teach music, elocution, painting, drawing, art needle, primary and kindergarten. Address D-862, Constitution.

WANTED—Position by refined, educated lady; will keep house for a widower with daughters or care for an invalid. Address F-143, care Constitution.

YOUNG LADY wishes position as companion; would travel or superintend housekeeping. Call West 445, or address D-858, care Constitution.

POSITION as housekeeper in hotel, college, hospital or private home; refined, experienced, capable; best reference. Phone West 445, or address D-859, care Constitution.

WANTED—A position as companion by a woman of experience. Miss M. Scottsville, Virginia.

YOUNG LADY desires position as governess of children from 6 to 14. Best references. Address Miss A. Thomas, care James E. Lowe, Jr., Salisbury, Md.

WANTED—By an experienced governess, a position for the coming session. Miss C. Scottsville, Va.

YOUNG LADY wishes light office work; can use typewriter; references. Phone West 751-L or address D-860, care Constitution.

LADY of refinement and well known family desires management or assistant of tea room. Best references, Ivy 7311.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

SECOND HAND PRINTING MATERIAL FOR SALE CHEAP.

250 California cases, cost 75c; sale price, 20c.
90 lower case news cases, full size, cost 50c; sale price, 15c.
Galley rack, holding ten galleys, up to three columns, $3.
10 wooden double frames, cost $8.50; sale price, $3.75.
12 double iron frames, holding 12 cases, cost $17.50; sale price, $10.
One proof press, will take a three-column galley; sale price, $10.
Two stones and one stand to hold them, about 8 feet long; sale price, $10.
One wooden case rack, holds 30 full-size cases; cost $10; sale price, $4.

This material will be sold in lots to suit. Pay your own freight. Address THE CONSTITUTION, ATLANTA, GA.

SAFES

BOUGHT, sold and exchanged. Bank safes, vault doors. Combinations changed.

BANKERS' SAFE AND VAULT CO.
No. 35 East Mitchell Street.

I HAVE two pool tables, complete, for sale. If taken at once will sell for $50. This outfit includes tables, balls, cues, etc.; all in excellent condition. A rare bargain. For information address X. Y. Z. 69, care Constitution.

ATLANTA SAFE CO.

BARGAINS in New and Second-hand Safes. Real Lock Experts. Safe artists. Main 4601.

"THE SCIENCE OF LIFE"

A LECTURE; unique, graceful, truthful, life-giving, satisfying. At the Cole Book and Art Store, Atlanta, and news stands.

GET a Paris folding table, old and young are delighted with it as a game table; only $2. Call Boone, 43-45 West Hunter st. Phone Main 5490.

PARIS Folding Table; just the thing for porch and sewing table; only $2. See Boone, 43-45 W. Hunter st. Phone M. 5490.

SECOND-HAND ARMY TENTS—7x7 A. tents, $6; 9x9 A. tents, $8.50; 16-ft. conical tents, $15. Springer, 295 S. Pryor street.

FOR SALE—One nine-column adding machine at a tremendous bargain. Address 309 Highland avenue, Atlanta.

HAVE Herring-Hall-Marvin safe for sale at bargain, 41x27 inches inside. A. G. Moser, Jeweler, Grant bldg.

THREE-POUND CAN of Perfection Rug Cleaner, 50c. We clean 9x12 rugs for 50c and up. Ivy 7163-J.

SEWING machine for sale; in good condition. Cheap for cash. Ivy 2448-J.

SEWING MACHINE for sale, good condition, bargain for cash. Ivy 2448-J.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

WE PAY highest cash prices for anything. Pianos, household goods, furniture and office fixtures a specialty. Jacobs Auction Company, 51 Decatur street. Atlanta 2285. Bell 1434.

MATTRESSES RENOVATED

FEATHERS steam cleaned or bought. Meadows & Rodgers Mfg. Co., P. O. Box 5, Main 4840; Atlanta 1476.

WANTED—Precanceled stamps. Will pay 1 cent each for all I can use. Write J. W. Kent, Hanna, La.

MOTOR WANTED—Alternating single face 1 to 1½-H. P. Capitol Avenue Bakery. Main 3767-J.

JACOBS AUCTION CO. will buy anything in the way of household goods. We pay the highest cash price. Call Atlanta phone 2285. Bell Main 1434. 51 Decatur street.

NEAR BEER LICENSES

I HEREBY make application to city council for renewal and transfer of near beer licenses, for white only, from Charles Kaufman, to O. L. Heyman, Agt., 344 Decatur.

I HEREBY make application to city council for near beer license, for colored only, at 330 Decatur st. O. L. Heyman, Agt. Acme Brewing Co.

WE hereby make application for near beer license at 67 North Broad street for whites only. G. F. Young & Co.

WE hereby make application to city council for renewal and transfer of near beer licenses, for colored only, from 159 Marietta to 330 Decatur. Cary & Co.

SEED AND PET STOCK

REMEMBER Smith Bros. New seed store, 127 Whitehall. Poultry supplies, pet stock.

PLANTS AND SEEDS

ALL KINDS shrubbery and daffodil bulbs for sale cheap. Decatur 243.

FOR SALE—Live Stock

FOR SALE—Fine Jersey cow, calf 5 months old. Call at fourth house, Emerald ave., West View.

FOR SALE—Fine Jersey cow; will be fresh September 9; can be seen at 96 McAfee St.

FOXES—FOXES.

LIVE FOXES FOR SALE—A. E. BLEWETT, BOWLING GREEN, KY.

DOGS

TWO well trained opossum dogs. Reason for selling is that I will not be able to hunt any this season. Address J. A. Turner, Dawson, Ga.

SCOTCH COLLIE PUPS, 5 litters; good workers; high class. Price to suit. Send for list. N. R. Patrick, Rustburg, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS

DISINFECTANTS.

CE-DROL destroys disease breeding germs, purifies the air. Quart, 35c; gallon $1.00. Hayes Mfg. Co., 110 Edgewood Ave. Ivy 7555.

RELIABLE seed, poultry supplies. Smith Bros. Seed Co., 127 Whitehall. M. 5345.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

FOR SALE—Shetland fillies, delivery at weaning time; either September 15, October 15, November 15. All colors. The very best. State your wishes. John F. Frank, 204 Fourth ave., north, Nashville, Tenn.

FOR RENT OR SALE—Horses and wagons. Main 2393, Atlanta 1394. Ivy 4699-J.

AUCTION SALES

THE SOUTHERN AUCTION AND SALVAGE COMPANY, at 90 South Pryor, will buy or sell your furniture, household goods or piano. Phone Bell Main 2306.

STORAGE AND WAREHOUSE

MORROW TRANSFER AND STORAGE CO., 26 W. Alabama St. Main 4355.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

WE PAY highest cash prices for household goods, pianos and office furniture; cash advanced on consignment. Central Auction Company, 12 East Mitchell street. Bell phone Main 2424.

PARIS Folding Table. Ladies use it for picnics and outings. Price only $2. Call Boone, 43-45 W. Hunter st. Phone M. 5490.

PARTY leaving city would like to dispose of living room, dining room and three bedroom suits of furniture in good condition at a reasonable price. Ivy 5381.

WANTED to buy any kind second-hand office or household furniture. Cameron Fur. Co., 85 S. Forsyth st.

SAVE 25 per cent by buying your furniture from Ed Matthews & Co., 33 E. Alabama street.

FURNITURE and rugs at lowest prices. Robison Furniture Co., 27 E. Hunter St.

FURNITURE BOUGHT AND SOLD FOR cash. S. M. SNIDER, 145 S. Pryor St.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING

DROP a card; we'll bring cash for shoes and clothing. The Vestiare, 166 Decatur St.

CLEANERS—PRESSERS, ETC.

IMPERIAL Dry Cleaning and Dyeing Co., 375 Edgewod avenue. Ivy 3334, 3336; Atlanta 1298.

DRESSMAKING—SEWING

LADIES, I will come to your home and do plain sewing, mending and darning for 75c a day. Mrs. F. N. Garven, 64 Allen avenue. West 1278.

223 COURTLAND, dressmaking, fancy and plain; reasonable price. Ivy 3688-J.

MONEY TO LOAN

LOANS $25.00 AND UP

On Furniture, Pianos
Or Indorsed Notes.

AT RATES permitted by the laws of the state. Our easy payment plan allows you to pay us back to suit your income. We also protect you from publicity and extend every courtesy to make the carrying of a loan satisfactory to you in every way.

GUARANTEE LOAN CO.
Room 318 Atlanta National Bank Building. Both Phones.

MONEY TO LOAN—We have a good deal of home funds that we can place promptly. Can lend on 5 years' straight, or monthly payment plan. Also money for purchase money notes. Foster & Robson, 11 Edgewood avenue.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS

TO LEND on Atlanta home or business property, at lowest rate. Money advanced to builders. Write or call

S. W. CARSON
20 SOUTH BROAD STREET

HAVE funds on hand for purchase money notes and farm loans. Apply L. H. Zurline and Edward Jones, 501-2 Silvey Bldg. Main 624.

FIRST MTG. LOANS AT 6, 7 AND 8 PER CENT ON DESIRABLE REAL ESTATE SOLICITED. PURCHASE MONEY NOTES BOUGHT. QUICK SERVICE. CALL FOR REX B. MOONEY, CLIFF C. HATCHER INSURANCE AGENCY, 221 GRANT BLDG. BOTH PHONES.

LOANS MADE TO SALARIED PEOPLE

AT LEGAL RATES. Easy terms. Fulton Loan and Discount Co., 508-509 Third Nat'l Bank bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN—At 6 per cent; $3,000 to $10,000 on best Atlanta residences; $5,000 to $30,000 on apartments and business property. At 7 per cent, $2,000 to $7,500 on semi-central and residences, and at 8 per cent on Atlanta suburban real estate. Dunson & Gay, 409 Trust Company Georgia Bldg.

FARM LOANS—We place loans in any amount on improved farm lands in Georgia. The Southern Mortgage Company, Gould building.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names. Cheap rates, easy payments, confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell Building.

MORTGAGE LOANS made on first-class improved Atlanta real estate. "Get in touch with us." Greene Realty Co., 314 Empire building.

MONEY to lend on improved real estate. C. C. McGehee, Jr., 622 to 624 Empire bldg.

6 PER CENT LOANS on Atlanta property. J. R. Nutting & Co., 801-4 Empire bldg.

MONEY TO LEND on city property. W. O. Alston, 1216 Third Nat'l Bank Bldg.

MONEY LOANED, 5, 6 and 7 per cent, on city property promptly. 1313 Empire building.

PRIVATE loans made promptly and purchase money notes bought. P. O. Box 1674.

FARM LOANS made by W. B. Smith, 708 Fourth National Bank building.

WANTED—Money

WE can invest your money for you on first mortgage, high-class improved property. It will net you 7 and 8 per cent
TURMAN & CALHOUN,
Second Floor Empire.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

WE HAVE funds on hand with which to purchase good first or second mortgage purchase money notes. Foster & Robson, 11 Edgewood avenue.

WANTED—First and second purchase money notes. Best prices. Mrs. J. M. Monroe, 18 Simpson street.

MOTORCYCLES—BICYCLES

HARLEY-DAVIDSON 8-H. P. TWIN, GOOD SHAPE. $150. EASY TERMS OR $135 CASH. SOUTHERN MOTORCYCLE COMPANY, 90 EDGEWOOD AVENUE.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

PEGRAM MOTOR CAR CO., second-hand auto for sale. 255-257 Peachtree st.

AT A BARGAIN, 4-passenger Buick. Bell phone Main 2043, Atlanta 3707.

HAVE a few good traded in cars at a bargain. 46 Auburn ave. Phone Ivy 7911.

BRUSH runabout, $75, if taken by the 10th. 136 Rawson street.

WANTED.

SPOT cash for your automobile. Real money ready, if you want to sell. State make and year. Address Auto Buyers, P. O. Box 154, Atlanta.

AUTOMOBILE WANTED—I need a 5-passenger light car; must be in good condition and bargain. Business use only. James L. Logan, 8 West Alabama street. Phone Main 1207-3.

LATE model 5-passenger touring car, in first-class mechanical condition. State make and best cash price. Address D-866, Constitution.

WILL trade a good vacant lot with all improvements for a five or seven-passenger car; must be good make, good condition and late model. Phone Auto, Ivy 5.

SUPPLIES—ACCESSORIES.

AUTOMOBILES REPAINTED

TOPS re-covered and repaired. Wheels, axles and springs repaired. High-grade work at reasonable prices.
JOHN M. SMITH.
120-122-124 AUBURN AVENUE.

AUTO FENDERS, TANKS

HOODS, ETC., made to order. Also repair work. HOLLINGSWORTH & CO. Edgewood and Piedmont Aves. Ivy 5613.

KEEP ahead of the procession. We are specialists in repair business. General repairing, painting and welding. Work guaranteed. Honest work, honest prices. McDuffie Bros., East Point. Phone 89, Atlanta.

ATLANTA RADIATOR CO.
Automobile Radiator Work exclusively.
Bell Ivy 7434. 76 Ivy Street.

E. H. ODUM BROS.

HAVE your automobile repaired the right way. 70 Ivy street.

OLD bearings made good as new. Southern Bearings Co., 49 Milledge Ave. M. 1173-J.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

BARGAINS IN SECOND-HAND AUTOMOBILES

HAVE ALL BEEN WORKED OVER; MECHANICALLY GOOD; ALL REPAINTED.

SEE MR. BRADLEY,

PEGRAM MOTOR CAR COMPANY,

255-257 PEACHTREE ST.

COLUMBIA AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

EDWIN H. WEATHERS, Mgr.
287 Edgewood Ave. Ivy 1626.

Largest Dealers in Rebuilt Used Cars in the South. Watch Our List in This Paper.

National Speedster, fastest car in State	$650
Hudson five-passenger	350
1914 Maxwell foredoor Roadster	400
Foredoor Overland Touring Car	375
Model T Ford	325
Everitt 30, five-passenger	350
Reo Racy Roadster.	
E-M-F 30 Racy Roadster	275
Rapid Truck, 1½-ton capacity	300
Hart-Kraft Light Truck	225
Oakland 40, five-passenger	300
Chalmers Racy Roadster	375
Seven-passenger Oldsmobile.	650

And 30 others. All cars mentioned are newly painted, thoroughly overhauled and fully equipped.

REBUILT AUTOMIBILES

1912 Haynes	$450
1912 Chalmers 30	350
1912 Oldsmobile, 7-passenger	600
1912 Everitt	400
1912 Mitchell	350
E-M-F Chassis	150
Stoddard-Dayton	250
Ohio	300
1912 Baby 6 Mitchell	600

All above cars in good condition. Will arrange terms.

J. G. LOVE,
316 Peachtree St.

ONE brand-new, seven-passenger $2,525 Oakland touring car, fully equipped, won in Constitution contest. Owner has no use for it and will sell at bargain. Address Miss W., care Constitution, or phone Decatur 348.

Notice to All Buyers of Second-Hand Automobiles

I KEEP posted on the cars offered for sale here and can be of valuable service to you in selecting your cars. I know the cars and their value as well as their price. Consult with me and save time and money.

THOMAS LANE
Automobile Specialist
Phone: Ivy 8050. No. 4 Luckie St.

Columbia Auto Exchange
237 EDGEWOOD AVE. IVY 1626.

IF IN the market for a used car it would be to your advantage to see us before you buy, as we can save you from 40 to 60 per cent. Over 50 cars on hand. Write for our complete list.

BIG bargain in used 5-passenger car; just been thoroughly overhauled. Main 3785.

SEVERAL SECOND-HAND CARS FOR SALE AT VERY LOW PRICES. MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE. WILL BE TO YOUR INTEREST TO INQUIRE AT ONCE. HARRY L. COHEN, 245 PEACHTREE ST. IVY 1694.

HULL & DUBE

AUTO repairing and storage. Phone Ivy 1969. 12 Porter Place.

REBUILDING cars a specialty.

TRAVIS & JONES
28 JAMES ST., THIRD FLOOR. IVY 4832.

MITCHELL runabout; just overhauled by factory branch, cheap; need the money. Main 3116.

WILL exchange electric coupe, value $750, for gas car of same value. See Mr. Doll, 4 Luckie street. Ivy 8050.

WILL exchange electric coupe, value $750, for gas car of equal value. See Mr. Dale, 4 Luckie st. Phone Ivy 8050.

HANDSOME 4-seated, good repair; cost $1,350, for less than half price or trade for lot. Phone Decatur 258.

FOR BARGAINS in second-hand automobiles see J. G. Love, 316 Peachtree st.

BUSINESS AND MAIL ORDER DIRECTORY.

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ATLANTA TITLE GUARANTEE INSURANCE COMPANY, ground floor Equitable building. Main 5420.

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FURNITURE household goods, office fixtures, and, in fact, everything you want.
JACOBS AUCTION CO.
51 DECATUR STREET.
Near Kimball House. Bell phone 1434; Atlanta 2255.

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J. K. EISELE, Ladies' Tailor, 15 Forrest avenue. Altering, cleaning, pressing. Only first-class work. Traveling suits at reduced prices. Ivy 4034.

PORTABLE PRESSING CLUB will press your clothes at your door; also dry cleaning; work guaranteed. West 757-J.

AMERICAN—39 Ridge ave. Main 520. Palm Beach cleaned and pressed, 50c. Call us.

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HADLEY MACHINE WORKS, INC
119 S. Forsyth st. M. 1526.
MECHANICAL REPAIR WORK. METAL WELDING.

A MINUTE MESSENGER.

MILLER'S ALWAYS on the minute. Phone 23 or Ivy 4372.

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Alabama and Broad Streets
Capital and Surplus $1,200,000.
Oldest Savings Department in the City.

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SUMMER prices continued few days only. M. 2676. A. M. & T. J. Warren. Atl. 993.

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THE S. A. CLAYTON CO., manicuring, chiropodist and hairdressing parlors; facial massage. Main 1769. 18 E. Hunter.

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RUGS cleaned with Perfecto Rug Cleanser; 9x12, $1 and up. Call Ivy 7163-J.

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WE do all kinds of house repairing, tinting and painting a specialty. A trial is all we ask. M. 1931-J, M. 5035-J; Atl. 5633-A. Atlanta Builders and Repair Co.

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SANITARY carpet cleaning. All kinds of rugs. Work guaranteed. 80 Old Wheat st. Ivy 8660-J.

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NO MORE broken legs or shoes hung in car tracks if you use Cat's Foot non-slipping horse shoes. See Von Reeden, 55 Central avenue. Atlanta 1312.

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A. J. GRISWOLD
Hair Dresser and Scalp Specialist

HAIR CLEANED AND STRAIGHTENED 50c. IS GIVEN AWAY FREE. CALL TO SEE ME. 114 EAST HARRIS ST., ATLANTA, GA.

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OLD HATS MADE NEW—Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention.
ACME HATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

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I BUY, tear down and move old houses. H. D. McGehee. Main 3373. Atlanta 1347.

HEATER, RANGE & STOVE REPAIRING.

BOB GOODRUM The old, reliable stove man. 108 Edgewood. Main 2317.

STOVES AND RANGES.

DAN THE FIXER

REPAIRING of all kinds of stoves, chimneys swept, grates reset. No. 1 East Mitchell. Main 2699.

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R. J. CRAIG & CO., Inc.
349 DECATUR STREET.
Bell Phone Main 5042. Atlanta Phone 1734.
WHEN IN NEED OF LUMBER, CALL US.

MATTRESS MANUFACTURERS.

ATLANTA MATTRESS CO., manufacturers high-grade renovating. 174 Piedmont ave. Ivy 3847, Atlanta 4847.

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MULTIGRAPHING AMERICAN LETTER CO., 603 CANDLER ANNEX. IVY 8495.

NEW RUBBER TIRES.

PUT on your baby's carriage; repaired, repainted and recovered. Robert Mitchell, 227-229 Edgewood ave. Ivy 3076.

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MONEY saved by buying your plumbing material of PIGKERT PLUMBING CO. We sell everything needed in the plumbing line. Prompt attention given to repair work. 14½ East Hunter St. 550 both phones.

J. B. BOWEN, PLUMBING
M. 2236. 107 So. Forsyth St.

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MOONEY REPAIRS all kinds. Roofing a specialty. 12 months' guarantee; reasonable rate. Call Ivy 905.

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SHOES HALF-SOLED, SEWED.

50 CENTS

AT GWINN'S SHOE SHOP, 6 Luckie street, opposite Piedmont hotel. Both phones. In a hurry? Call Taxicab Company for auto rent service.

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WE make a specialty in drawing plans and building sleeping porches. Let us figure with you. We can draw plans that will be in accordance with balance of your house. Branan & Burt, 303 Empire Life building. Ivy 5479.

SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOWS.

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CONSTITUTION "HELP WANTED" ADS PUT YOU IN TOUCH WITH MANY APPLICANTS CAPABLE OF FILLING THE POSITION

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A FREE BUREAU of boarding and rooming house information. If you want to get a place to board or rent rooms in any part of the city or suburbs, ask The Atlanta Constitution. We will be glad to help you get what you want.
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A Modern Family and Tourist
HOTEL

ELECTRIC LIGHTS and steam heat. European, $3 a week and up, 90c a day and up. Rooms en suite with private baths. American, $7 a week and up, $1.50 a day and up. Free baths on all floors.

PEACHTREE INN
391 PEACHTREE STREET.
Under new management. Clerk and bellboy service night and day. Phones: Ivy 9129, 87.

LELAND HOTEL, half block from Candler building, 29-31 Houston St.; 20 meal tickets for $5; home cooking a specialty; quick and polite service; ideal family hotel. Special rates by the week and month.

IMPERIAL HOTEL
LEADING family and tourist hotel; delightful rooms, excellent meals, reasonable rates. Some beautiful rooms left. Transient $2.50 and $3.00.

LISTEN!
IF YOU WANT SOMETHING GOOD TO EAT AND NICE, CLEAN ROOMS, GO TO 15 HOUSTON. IVY 7852-J.

TWO rooms, singly or en suite, with private bath, in private family, Inman Park; can be had by couple or young men wishing absolutely first-class board; references; use of garage. Ivy 2277-L.

279 PEACHTREE, WOULD LIKE ONE MORE COUPLE; VERY LARGE, BEAUTIFUL, BEST TABLE MARKET AFFORDS. IVY 840.

LARGE, cool, newly furnished rooms and board, all conveniences, walking distance; homelike, excellent location, reasonable. Call Ivy 6138.

33 FORREST—Beautiful fur. rooms and board. Home cooking. All conveniences. Ivy 4679.

TWO large front rooms, private home, every convenience, running water in rooms, one block from Peachtree street. Phone Ivy 8238-J.

665 PEACHTREE.
FIRST-CLASS board for gentlemen or couple, all conveniences. Ivy 8665-J.

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LARGE front room and board. Ivy 6392-J.

EXCELLENT board, newly papered rooms, everything first-class. Ivy 7356-J. 15 E. Cain street.

EXCELLENTLY furnished room, private tile bath, furnace heat, private home, every modern convenience. Call Ivy 7220.

ROOMS with board, served family style. $.30 dinner; conveniences. 23 Forrest. Ivy 6257.

LARGE room, with board, dressing room, hot and cold running water; beautiful home. 652 Peachtree street. Ivy 1502-J.

NICELY FURNISHED rooms and board, $4.50 and $5 per week. Ivy 6673-J.

FRONT ROOM with board, conveniences, Elizabeth st., Inman Park. Reasonable. Ivy 6395-L.

ONE of the nicest localities in the city, excellent meals and rooms, in center of business section. 33 Cone street. Ivy 6467-J.

ROOMS and board, close in; modern conveniences. Call Ivy 7943.

ATTRACTIVE front room, with exceptionally good table. 494 Spring, corner Third street. Ivy 3042.

EXCLUSIVE board in private Inman Park home for 2 young men. Vapor heat, hot water. 80 Hurst street. Ivy 3697-J.

220 PEACHTREE ST., The Wilton, select boarding house. Ivy 5795.

91 W. HARRIS—Nice room and board to couple without children.

39 CARNEGIE WAY—Home-cooked meals; new management. Main 2867-J.

YOUNG MAN or couple to room in private family. Ivy 6267.

SOUTH SIDE.

BEAUTIFUL room with breakfast and evening dinner to two young men who desire first-class board in strictly private home in best residence section, close in. Main 1854.

COOL, comfortable rooms, modern conveniences, excellent meals to working ladies or gentlemen. Walking distance. M. 2082-L.

EXCLUSIVE BOARD; ALSO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, CLOSE IN. 124 CAPITOL AVENUE.

NEWLY furnished rooms and board, $20 month. Call Main 3614.

LARGE, pleasant room; homelike cooking. 127 Capitol avenue. Main 5172-J.

EXCELLENT board and rooms, close in; $4.00 week. 111 Washington st. 5600-A.

136 WASHINGTON ST.—Desirable rooms; excellent meals; price reasonable. M. 4812-J.

THREE large upstairs rooms with board for couples or gentlemen. Main 4251.

38 WASHINGTON ST.—Rooms and excellent board, close in. Main 5458.

WEST END.

YOUNG men can get good board in private home. 69 Oak street. West 330-J.

SUBURBAN.

WANTED—Two men to board in private Decatur home. Decatur 338.

WANTED—Board—Rooms

YOUNG married lady desires room and board with refined private family in vicinity of Gordon street, West End; husband travels. References exchanged. State terms. Address B-471, Constitution.

YOUNG professional man wants a room in refined home, with young couple or small family, where a guest is desired more for company than for profit. Meals optional. Conveniences required. Address "Guest," care Constitution.

REFINED couple with 10-year-old daughter, desire room and board at reasonable price with strictly private family, owning their home in Tenth street school district. Address D-868, care Constitution.

FURNISHED or unfurnished upstairs, close in, heated, modern room; two meals preferred for two gentlemen, state price and environments. Address M., Box 4, this office.

WANTED—September 1, with owner, four unfurnished rooms with bath, for light housekeeping. References exchanged. Address B-478, Constitution.

WANTED—Board in private north side home by young couple. References exchanged. Address B-470, Constitution.

IN walking distance Edgewood school, three upstairs rooms, bath and porch. Ivy 3008.

EXPERIENCED telephone operator wants private board; references. Address D-853, Constitution.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

NORTH SIDE.

THREE rooms, completely furnished, to couple without children, with owner, 106 West Baker. Atlanta phone 2176.

NICELY furnished rooms in suites of two and three, close in, all conveniences. 345 Peachtree.

ONE first floor front room and kitchenette, sink, hot and cold water; completely furnished for housekeeping. 381 Spring. Ivy 5975-J.

FOR RENT—Three rooms, fur. or unfur.; all conveniences; reasonable rates. Ivy 4574-J. 6 Baltimore block.

TWO furnished rooms for light housekeeping; stationary wash stand, north side. Ivy 2298-J.

BY OWNER, three and four fur. or unfur. rooms, private bath. Ivy 2286-L.

TWO rooms, kitchenette and private bath; Inman Park. Ivy 2329-L.

THREE nicely furnished rooms, cool, convenient, close in. Ivy 7935-J.

TWO large rooms and kitchenette upstairs, furnished, close in; conveniences. I. 7821.

SOUTH SIDE.

TWO nicely furnished rooms and kitchenette for light housekeeping, 5 minutes' walk to heart of city. 77 E. Fair street, Atlanta phone 1101.

ADULTS; 3 fur. rooms, sleeping porch; also use of parlor and piano, gas stove, coal range; sink—$25. Electric lights and phone included. Private home, Grant park.

TWO nicely furnished rooms and kitchenette for light housekeeping. Call Atlanta phone [illegible] or apply 77 East Fair.

[illegible] furnished or unfurnished rooms close in. Main 5217-L.

[illegible] nnecting, unfurnished rooms, 210 S. Pryor St. Main 2474-L.

[illegible] ED room for housekeeping, close [illegible] week. 18 Woodward avenue.

[illegible] ED rooms for housekeeping, close [illegible] Washington street.

WEST END.

FOR RENT—Four rooms, second floor; private bath, suitable for light housekeeping, $22.50 month. Adults only. 200 Oak street. West 323-L.

FOR RENT—Rooms

ASK THE CONSTITUTION WHERE TO LIVE

A FREE BUREAU of boarding and rooming house information. If you want to get a place to board or rent rooms in any part of the city or suburbs, ask The Atlanta Constitution. We will be glad to help you get what you want.
Third Floor Constitution Building.
Main 5000. Atlanta 5001.

FURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

ROOMS—75c, $1.00 and $1.50, including tub, shower or needle baths.

STAG HOTEL
Peachtree and Walton Streets.
Rooms $5.00 to $7.00 per week.

CHESTERFIELD APARTMENTS
EXCLUSIVELY for gentlemen; shower bath with each room; steam heat, electric lights. Adjoining Capital City club. 16 W. Harris street. Ivy 2380.

THE PICKWICK
TEN-STORY AND FIRE PROOF.
Well furnished rooms with connecting bath. Convenient shower baths on each floor. 77 Fairlie St., Near Carnegie Library.

61 E. CAIN STREET, THIRD FLOOR, GENTLEMEN ONLY.
NICE room, adjoining bath, twin beds, steam heat, every convenience; also single room.

THE WEINMEISTER
286 PEACHTREE, just opened; nicely furnished rooms; German cooking; references required. Ivy 5719-L.

VERY desirable rooms in steam-heated apartment, close in, everything first-class. 14 West Peachtree, Apt. 2. Phone Ivy 2182-J.

FOR RENT—Front room, furnished and every convenience; private family; to married couple or lady. References required. 122 McLendon. Phone Ivy 6582-L.

586 SPRING ST.
COOL, delightful, well furnished. Ivy 6312-J.

LARGE, airy, front room, near bath, private family, north side; excellent car service. Phone Ivy 7651.

100 EAST ELLIS—Two connecting housekeeping rooms; large front bed room. Ivy 5356.

TWO rooms, close in, on Baker street; will rent for housekeeping or as furnished bed rooms. Ivy 5112-J.

STEAM-HEATED front room, southern exposure, private home; conveniences; meals near; reasonable. Ivy 1294-J.

NICELY furnished rooms, close in; all conveniences; also housekeeping rooms. Ivy 6571.

100½ N. PRYOR—Beautiful furnished single and double rooms for gentlemen; all modern conveniences. Steam heat. I. 2584-L.

33 FORREST—Beautiful fur. rooms and board. Home cooking. All conveniences. Ivy 4679.

LARGE front room handsomely furnished, next to bath, private home. Phone Ivy 4669.

FURNISHED rooms, private home, 293 N. Boulevard. Call Ivy 3406-J Sunday, week Main 3406.

FURNISHED front room; give meals if desired for gentleman. 243 Juniper. I. 7268.

NICELY fur. rooms for gentlemen; conveniences, close in. 183 Ivy st. Ivy 3015.

72 SPRING, furnished rooms, with or without board, all conveniences, close in.

NICELY furnished, large front room; with private bath. 64 Forrest avenue.

NICE rooms, gentlemen or couples; near Georgian Terrace. Third st. Ivy 1913.

NICE cool rooms, conveniences; close in; for two, $2. 256 Houston. Ivy 2782-L.

NICELY furnished room, business men or women; conveniences. Ivy 2448-J.

IN NEW Ansley Park residence, on car line, all conveniences. Phone Ivy 3858-J.

69 LUCKIE, newly furnished rooms, two blocks from Piedmont hotel. Main 4055.

ONE first-floor furnished room. 114 West Harris street.

ONE or 2 rooms, private bath, large closet; first-class home, north side. Ivy 919-J.

TWO nicely fur. rooms for young men only. 76 West Baker street.

LARGE front room, hot water, furnace, close in. 488 Peachtree street.

FURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

COOL upstairs front room. 384 South Boulevard; telephone; all conveniences; $8 month. Main 4259-L.

ONE excellent furnished room, $8.00 month; pri. home; all conveniences. 16 Whitehall Terrace.

ONE furnished room, pri. bath; close in; gentlemen, preferred. M. 4775-L. 344 Whitehall street.

CLOSE-IN, convenient, furnished rooms, 286½ Whitehall street.

168 S. PRYOR ST.—Desirable furnished rooms, all conveniences; close in. M. 3580-L.

181 FULTON ST.—Nicely furnished room, private home, close in. Main 3574.

NICELY fur. front room to two gentlemen; all conveniences; private home. M. 5341.

TWO nicely furnished rooms, close in, private home. 244 S. Pryor St. Main 1237.

TWO nicely furnished rooms, close in, all conveniences. 116 Garnett street.

ONE nicely furnished room, ladies or gentlemen, close in. 124-A E. Fair.

ONE ROOM FOR GENTLEMEN. 24 Pulliam street. Atlanta 437.

UNFURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

HAVE entire upper floor of three unfurnished rooms, connecting bath, in private north side home. Ivy 2721-L.

THREE large, connecting rooms for housekeeping, water and light, privilege of bath and phone. 82 Angier avenue. Ivy 1056.

THREE large connecting rooms, all conveniences, to refined adults; rent reasonable. Ivy 8457-J.

THREE nice, large rooms, arranged for small family, gas and water. 46 DeGress avenue. Atlanta phone 3121-B.

WILL share my house with couple or small family. Conveniences. Ivy 2080-J.

UNFURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

3 CONNECTING rooms, separate gas, sink in kitchen; price reasonable. 332 Whitehall.

TWO unfurnished front rooms, private front porch. 248 S. Pryor St. Main 3930.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

HAVE nice bachelor quarters; 3 connecting rooms, with bath; 10 minutes' walk of Five Points; furnished or unfurnished. Ivy 4594-J.

DELIGHTFUL furnished or unfurnished rooms; new cottage; Kirkwood. D. 53.

TWO large rooms, fur. or unfurnished; all conveniences. W. 1453. 72 White st.

2 CONNECTING rooms, furnished or unfur., for housekeeping. 26 E. Harris street.

WEST END.

IN West End Park three rooms completely furnished for light housekeeping; every convenience, beautiful surroundings. West 302-J.

FOR RENT—Furnished front room. 200 Oak St.

WANTED—HOUSES

RESPONSIBLE party wants to rent 5 or 6-room cottage with small acreage, convenient to car line. Would want possession September 1 for winter or longer; pay monthly in advance. Address B-479, care Constitution.

FOR RENT—Typewriters

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
FOUR MONTHS for $5 and upward. Factory rebuilt typewriters of all makes from $22 to $75 each. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE COMPANY, Inc., 48 North Pryor St. Main 2623.

RESORTS—Summer and Winter

HAVE furnished cottage on St. Simons Island; also house in Atlanta. Call Ivy 6133-J.

FOR RENT—Houses

UNFURNISHED.

146 WEST PEACHTREE ST.,
corner of Pine. No street disturbance at this point. A splendid 2-story brick, furnace heat. Price $47.50.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
130 Peachtree.

8-ROOM, 2-story house at 85 Dodd avenue, on corner of Formwalt street; close to schools and churches; convenient to Cooper and Pryor street cars; now occupied by owner. Phone Main 4646-J.

DESIRABLE 7-room residence, 264 Forrest avenue; no furnace; moderate rent; ready for immediate occupancy. Thomas Peters, Owner, 272 Forrest avenue, or Bell phone.

FOR RENT—Houses

FURNISHED.

ON PEACHTREE, between Twelfth and Thirteenth; 6 bedrooms, baths, large living room, reception hall, drawing room, den, a dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, servant's room, furnace heat and garage. Ivy 8417.

SIX-ROOM bungalow, which means a home, not a house; refined furnishings, north side. Desire only reliable adults. Ivy 7311.

BUNGALOW, six large rooms, all conveniences; owner to keep one. I. 2329-J.

UNFURNISHED.

FOR RENT
3 Good North Side Houses
202 MORELAND avenue—8-room, large lot, good condition. A mighty nice house for $40.00 per month.

9 KENNESAW avenue—7 rooms. The owner has written us to rent this house. A good proposition for some one.

708 PIEDMONT avenue—Now being beautifully decorated, well located. A modern 8-room house. Let us show you.
Smith, Ewing & Rankin,
130 Peachtree St.

FOR RENT
Peachtree Home
NEAR 12th street—12 rooms. Absolutely modern. Large lot. Splendid condition. Practically furnished. Good contract offered to acceptable parties. Possession September 1st.
Smith, Ewing & Rankin,
130 Peachtree St.

50 WEST FOURTEENTH—Now offered on lease. Nine rooms; newly painted; beautiful interior. This is one of the best propositions offered in the city.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
130 Peachtree.

HOUSES, apartments and stores for rent. Phone us and let us mail you a rent list. George P. Moore, 10 Auburn avenue.

89 W. FIFTH; 9-room, $40. The best located and most desirable house for the price in city. A bargain; 12 months' lease.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
130 Peachtree Street.

60 E. SEVENTEENTH ST.—Price $70 per month; 12-month lease; beautiful condition and every comfort. Between Peachtree and Peachtree Circle.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
130 Peachtree St.

WEST END—6-room lower flat, gas, electric lights, hot water, screened; one block of three car lines; near schools and park. Excellent neighborhood. $30 per month. West 1144-J, 173 Oak street.

FOR RENT—146 Mills street, 7-room house, all conveniences and in good condition. Suitable for one or two families. Call Owner, Main 5035-L.

FOR RENT—Houses, all parts of city. G. R. Moore & Co., 405-7 Silvey Bldg. M. 534.

5-ROOM new bungalow, with sleeping porch, furnace, hardwood floors. 68 West 13th street. Ivy 6590.

8-ROOM HOUSE, all conveniences, perfect repair, newly painted. Phone Dec. 143.

OUR weekly rent list gives full descriptions of anything for rent. Call for one or let us mail it to you. Forrest & George Adair.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

MODERN 6-room, furnace-heated house, every convenience. 19 East Eleventh st. Phone Ivy 2583.

FOR RENT—Apartments

UNFURNISHED.

THE FRANCES—JUNCTION PEACHTREE AND IVY STREETS—THE MOST CENTRALLY LOCATED FIRST-CLASS APARTMENT IN THE CITY—WILL HAVE A FEW VACANT 1 TO 4-ROOM APARTMENTS ON SEPTEMBER 1. NEWLY RENOVATED, CONVENIENT, REASONABLE. APPLY TO JANITOR ON PREMISES, FOR EARLY RESERVATION.

EUCLID APARTMENTS
BEST SECTION Inman Park, 3 and 4-room apartments, modern throughout; steam heat, electric light, wall beds; prices $32.50, $35.00, $37.50.
FITZHUGH KNOX
CANDLER BLDG. IVY 4446.

BEST maintained apartments in town, six rooms, steam heat, hot water and excellent janitor service, front and rear porches. Reference required. Location, Courtland and Cain streets. Rents $45. Apply Herbert Kaiser, 411 Atlanta National Bank building. Phone M. 276 or Janitor on premises.

FOR RENT—September 1, 5 and 6-room apartments, the Avalon, West Peachtree and North avenue; steam heat, hot and cold water, elevators 6 a. m. to 12 midnight; superior janitor service; sleeping porches. Inspection by appointment. Phone Ivy 4168.

PIEDMONT PARK APTS.—Don't fail to see them. Grand. Personnel unexcelled. One 5-room and 4-room left.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
130 Peachtree.

ELEGANT 4-room apartments, steam heat, janitor service and all modern service. 324 Forrest avenue. Apply premises. Ivy 508-J. L. B. Sanders, Owner.

FOR RENT—By owner, 8-room apartment; entire second floor; best north side street; hardwood floors, vapor heat, open grates, screens, sleeping porch, large rooms; tile bath, gas range, refrigerator, etc. Also 8-room north side house, nice. Call Ivy 2155.

495 SPRING ST.—Five rooms; neighborhood the best, service fine; all comforts. We want four good tenants. Let us show you.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
130 Peachtree.

THE LAWRENCE—Two, three and four-room apartments; some early vacancies; all conveniences, and in walking distance. J. T. Turner, Res. Mgr., Apt. 8, 52 West Peachtree place. Ivy 8080.

APARTMENTS—One 5-room unfurnished apartment, 32 Carnegie way. The Stafford; all modern conveniences. Phone Bell Ivy 4886.

FORREST avenue and Jackson locality, 4-room modern apartment, first or second floor; no furnace; moderate rent; ready for immediate occupancy. Thomas Peters, Owner, 272 Forrest avenue, or Bell Phone.

820 PIEDMONT—Second-floor apartment, 6 large rooms, every modern convenience; very attractive. Ivy 7760-L.

SIX ROOMS, first floor, $60. Five rooms second floor, $50. Heat and janitor. 132 Juniper, corner 7th.

SECOND FLOOR, 7 rooms, private entrance; all conveniences. Ivy 1494.

IF YOU want to rent apts. or business property see B. M. Grant & Co., Grant Bldg.

21 CREW ST., second floor, three rooms, veranda, conveniences. Main 2094-J.

FOR RENT—Business Space

EXCELLENT rooms for business space, on Whitehall street, centrally located. Main 3406.

FOR RENT—Desk Room

FOR RENT—Desirable office space. 1329 Candler Bldg.

WANTED—One or two tenants, desk space. Phone and stenographer's service, if required. 917 Healey bldg. Ivy 7362.

FOR RENT—Desk space at 918 Healey building.

FOR RENT—Offices

FOR RENT—Offices in Constitution building, all modern conveniences. See John Knight.

TENANTS for one single room and two connecting rooms. Atlanta Trust Building. 140 Peachtree.

FOR RENT—Stores

270-272 DECATUR ST., for rent. Fulton Odd Fellows' Temple Company. F. L. Smith, P. O. Box 472. F. L. Williams, 98 Decatur street.

FOUR fine, new stores and lofts at 134, 136, 138 and 126 Whitehall streets; also 67 and 69 South Broad street, and loft 61½ East Alabama street. George W. Sciple, 19 Edgewood avenue. Both phones 202.

HIGHLAND AVE., near corner St. Charles. Remodeled. Ivy 4500. W. D. Scott.

FOR RENT—HOTELS.

FOR RENT—New small hotel, unfurnished, opposite passenger depot. C. W. Hayes, Fitzgerald, Ga.

WANTED—Real Estate

WANTED—To exchange building material for well located vacant property in Atlanta. Address Woolley Farms, Kingston, Ga.

WANTED—To buy 6 to 9-room house, monthly payments evenly divided, including interest. Give location and full particulars. Address B-474, Constitution.

SPECULATOR wants farms anywhere in Georgia that can be picked up at a sacrifice. Address P. O. Box 300, Atlanta, Ga.

OWNER—List your property with Greene Realty Co., Empire bldg. We get tenants.

FOR quick sale, list your property with us. Porter & Swift. 130½ Peachtree street.

REAL ESTATE—Sale, Exchange

18 ACRES adjoining college property at Demorest, Ga.; has 70 bearing apple trees, springs, beautiful rhododendrons, several acres cleared, rich, fine soil; bounded on one side by Camp creek; beauty spot for summer home or small fruit farm; the kind of place every man longs for when thinking of country property. Will sell cheap for cash or trade for Atlanta real estate. M. W. Hall, 687 N. Boulevard, Atlanta, Ga.

I HAVE an 8-room, 2-story residence on Lee street with city water and gas. Will sell under value and take city lot as credit; easy terms; cars in front. W. E. McCalla, owner. 415 Atlanta National Bank Bldg.

FOR EXCHANGE—Real estate; a classy Detroit electric, newly painted; Edison batteries; upkeep small; also charging board. 228 Peachtree. Ivy 2283.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

NORTH SIDE.

A SNAP FOR THE SMALL INVESTOR
IN DRUID HILLS SECTION—Close to Ponce de Leon ave. I have five lots in a row; will take $250 apiece; easy terms. This is a sure pick-up for the small investor. See me at once. E. C. Rupley, 501 Empire Life Building. Ivy 6478-4125, Atlanta 187.

LOOK—A beautiful north side home, on Myrtle st., on a large, east-front lot. I have a swell 8-room, 2-story home with tile veranda, stone front, tile bath, hardwood floors, vapor heat, built-in bookcases, sleeping porch, etc. This place was built for a home. The rooms are large and there are plenty of large closets. On the lot there is a garage, servants' house and private laundry with cement floors. The owner refused $10,000 for this place last year. Will take $8,750 on terms of $1,000 cash, $50 month. This is not rent for the place. Possession can be given immediately. If you look at this place you can't help but admire it. It is one of the most attractive homes on the street. See me at once. Carl H. Fischer, Main 4232, or apply at 520 Fourth National Bank Building.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

NORTH SIDE.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL
ON Arkwright st., East Lake car, 2-story house, 7 rooms, with good furnace; large lot, electric lights, city water. Price $4,350. Terms, $44 per month. No interest or loan to assume; every dollar paid here is an actual saving. You have never had such an opportunity before. A splendid house, almost new. Don't delay. See me at once, A. L. Anderson, phone Main 2681, 10th floor, Fourth National Bank Building.

WOULD you buy at your own price? If so, ask me about that 6-room modern bungalow on W. Twelfth between W. Peachtree and Columbia avenue. Owner has left town and asked that I get an offer. Carl Fischer. Main 4232. 520 Fourth Nat'l Bank building.

FOR SALE—$1,200, $25 cash and $15 per month (or will take purchase money notes), 48x150, on McLendon street (vacant lot), next to Mr. Bishop's home at 130 McLendon street. Lot has just been filled. Thos. J. Wesley, 209 Grant bldg. Phone Ivy 5341.

NICE, level Inman Park lot, 60x140, all city improvements, 250 feet of Edgewood avenue. Owner non-resident and must sell; make me an offer. 508 Temple Court building. Main 3642-J.

BARGAIN—Beautiful north side home near Highland Park school; 7 large rooms, sleeping porch, large east front lot, all conveniences and in splendid condition. No loan. Terms. Owner, Ivy 4279 or 2334.

SIX negro lots, best part of Fourth ward, elevated and ready to build on, $2,400, worth $3,000. J. N. Wallace, owner, 309 Temple Court building.

FOR SALE—My handsome 8-room north side brick residence, or would exchange for good renting property. Call Ivy 385.

SOUTH SIDE.

SOUTH SIDE—5 rooms, all conveniences, for $2,000, $150 cash and $20 per month. Call Main 2854. S. W. Sullivan.

WEST END.

WEST END BARGAIN—6 rooms, sleeping porch, furnace, all conveniences, close to car line, $4,500, on terms $200 cash, $35 per month. Call M. 2854. S. W. Sullivan.

INMAN PARK.

NEW 6-room bungalow, high-class; Inman Park. Bargain. Phone Ivy 7799-J.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—In the heart of healthy section, farms, orange groves, truck land, cut-over land, 40-room tourist hotel, etc. Part cash, balance good terms. Lake Mary Real Estate Co., Lake Mary, Fla.

HOME BUILDING—If you want building done of any kind can save you money. Call M. 2854. S. W. Sullivan.

IF IT is real estate you want to buy or sell, it will pay you to see me. A. Graves, 24 East Hunter street.

SUBURBAN.

FOR SALE—My beautiful 10-room house, best street in Kirkwood, all conveniences, fruit and shade, water, bath and lights, near car lines. F. S. Irby, owner, 47 N. Howard st. Phone Decatur 145.

FIVE large lots, two blocks Ponce de Leon avenue and all improvements, $200 each; terms easy. Phone Ivy 6478-4125. See Mr. Anderson, 501 Empire Life building.

FINE residence lot, size 50x235, facing Peachtree road, near Seaboard crossing. For sale at a big bargain. See E. Gibson, Scoville Hotel.

SIX-ROOM HOUSE in Kirkwood; terms. Call Main 9113.

FARM LANDS.

FARM LANDS IN SOUTH GEORGIA
THESE lands in the heart of the south cannot be excelled; three profitable crops a year are grown; healthful climate, good market for all products; prices low; terms easy. Investigate these lands before buying elsewhere. Write for descriptive booklet or call on us.
GEORGIA AND FLORIDA FARMS COMPANY
Hurt Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

F-A-R-M-S
THE EDWIN P. ANSLEY CO.
Sells them in every good section of Georgia.
MAIN OFFICE ATLANTA.

$2,500 CASH—$3,000 a year for four years without interest, then $10,500.00; easy terms, 7 per cent interest, will buy a 900-acre splendid farm worth over $30,000, as it rents for around 50 bales cotton. Address B-475, Constitution.

LAND SALE—305 acres; bermuda meadows 70 acres. Mrs. Virginia C. Gantt, Elberton, Ga. R. F. D. No. 8.

FOR SALE—Georgia lands a specialty. Thos. W. Jackson, 4th Nat. Bank bldg., Atlanta.

FOR RENT—Houses, Unfurnished

THE EDWIN P. ANSLEY CO.
HAS ALL KINDS of Atlanta property FOR RENT and will be glad to send an automobile and show it to you. Our office is in the Realty Trust building. Bell phone Ivy 1600, Atlanta phone 363.
EDWIN P. ANSLEY CO.

FOR RENT—Apartments

FOUR-ROOM APARTMENTS FOR RENT
EVLENE COURT, 12 Capitol Place. Close in, brick house. Each apartment has very large porch, walls beautifully papered, electric lights, large bath, steam heat. Have only two of these for September occupancy, $40.
SANDERS, 324-326 Forrest Avenue. Brick house, just beyond Boulevard. Best car service in the city. Nice porches, walls newly decorated, tile bath, steam heat. Will have vacancies for September occupancy, $40.
WE REQUIRE references in every instance.
B. M. GRANT & CO.
RENTING AGENTS.

FOR RENT—Offices

IN CHOOSING YOUR OFFICE LOCATION FOR THE ENSUING YEAR
REMEMBER
There are a few choice offices in the
HURT BUILDING
YET UNRENTED
Apply 1110 Hurt Building
PHONE IVY 7200.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

NEAR THE GEORGIAN TERRACE
JUST OFF PONCE DE LEON avenue, on one of the best home streets in the city, we offer a brand-new bungalow that is by far the handsomest little home in the city. This was built for a home and no expense was spared in making it as good as it is handsome. For a personal reason owner cannot occupy so has asked us to sell at actual cost, which was $6,500. Terms.
J. R. NUTTING & COMPANY
REAL ESTATE—LOANS—INSURANCE
1001 EMPIRE LIFE BLDG. PHONE IVY 5.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

GEO. P. MOORE
REAL ESTATE AND RENTING
10 AUBURN AVENUE

75 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR
ON ONE of the prettiest streets in Inman Park, near Mr Asa Candler's home, we offer a handsome slate-roofed house on lot 100 feet front. It is one of the show places out there and has an appraised value of $16,500. Owner is leaving the city and will sell for $12,500 on terms like rent. If you want a home that you will always be proud of and haven't the Peachtree Bee, you will buy this on sight.

PACE'S FERRY ROAD EXCHANGE
A BEAUTIFUL old home place of 18 acres fronting 1,000 feet on Pace's Ferry road—a few minutes' ride from Buckhead. Orchard, grapes, shrubbery and flowers. Price $8,500 for the purpose of settlement between partners. Will take piece of city property as cash payment, balance to suit you.

EDWIN L. HARLING
REAL ESTATE. 32 EAST ALABAMA STREET. BOTH PHONES 1287.
SOUTH SIDE BUNGALOW—On one of the best south side streets, we have new modern 6-room bungalow on an extra nice lot that we will sell for $3,500; $100 cash, balance $20 per month. This bungalow has stone front, beautiful electric fixtures and mantels. At our price we give you a good bargain in a home.
ANSLEY PARK HOME—On "The Prado," in Ansley Park we have a new 9-room, 2-story residence, extra nice lot, we will sell for $7,000; $500 cash, $40 per month for the balance. This house has furnace heat, brick mantels, hardwood floors, very latest and best of combination fixtures. Our price and terms are right. Will you let us show it to you?
WEST END BUNGALOW—On one of the best West End streets we have a corner lot 50x170, with a new 6-room bungalow, with sleeping porch, that we will sell for $3,950; $500 cash, $30 per month for the balance. This bungalow has been reduced from $5,000. Our price is for a quick sale. It has oak floors, glass knobs, duplex window shades, every window screened with steel wire. Call us up about it.
INMAN PARK BUNGALOW—On Euclid avenue we have a very beautiful 6-room bungalow, corner lot 55x200. We will sell this for $6,800; $1,000 cash, $40 per month for the balance. Might take a good vacant lot as part payment. If you want to see something nice in the way of a home let us show you this bungalow.

ANSLEY PARK
ANSLEY PARK, like most of the other better class of subdivisions, has advanced in price in seven years more than a thousand per cent. The same foresight is in the making of Oglethorpe Park.
EDWIN P. ANSLEY CO.

A WAR TIME BARGAIN
RENTAL $600 YEARLY; PRICE $5,500
ON ONE of our best north side thoroughfares, we have a good corner brick store, leased for $600 per year. Terms reasonable.
TURMAN & CALHOUN
SECOND FLOOR EMPIRE BUILDING

FOR SALE
ANSLEY PARK, near Peachtree, 2-story home, elegantly finished throughout; hardwood floors, furnace, very large sleeping porch, garage. Lot 50x300, with just the right elevation. $8,250, on easy terms.
J. R. NUTTING & COMPANY
1001 Empire Life Bldg. Phone Ivy 5.

WANTED, INVESTMENT PROPERTY
HAVE $17,500 CASH TO INVEST.
WILL CONSIDER store property, medium and small dwellings. All property must be in tip-top condition, and in good section, and paying a satisfactory rental on price asked. Money waiting. What have you to offer?
J. R. SMITH & J. H. EWING
130 PEACHTREE STREET. PHONE: IVY 1512.

MONEY ON HAND
TO LEND on first mortgage loans, direct to borrower; no delays.
LIEBMAN
Real Estate and Renting. 17 Walton St.

A SANITARY HOME IN SPOTLESS COLLEGE PARK
RIGHT on the car line, east front, level, green grass lawn, with hedges and trees. Isn't that choice? The home is a very pretty 8-room house, and it fronts the Grand Boulevard in College Park. Big lot, 240 feet deep. The house cost is $4,000. The lot would bring easily $2,000. I can sell it NOW for only $4,600, and make terms. I'll show it to you.
EDWARD H. WALKER
THE HOME SELLER.
35 NORTH FORSYTH STREET.

HOMES ON EASY TERMS
WE HAVE JUST COMPLETED four of the MOST BEAUTIFUL HOUSES in the city of Atlanta. Two 2-story houses and two 6-room bungalows, all furnace heated; hardwood floors, beam ceiling, tile bathrooms, sleeping porches, stone fronts, cement steps, walks and driveways; a ten-year guaranteed roof.
These houses are located one block from car line, on Feld AVENUE, in DRUID HILLS section.
Will sell these houses on EASY TERMS—JUST LIKE RENT.
Don't hesitate to CALL ON US.
FELD REALTY COMPANY
BUILDERS OF FINE HOMES.
220 HURT BUILDING. PHONE IVY 7122.

A REAL BARGAIN
BUNGALOW IN ANSLEY PARK
WILL MAKE TERMS.
MODEL HOME BUILDERS
405 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 3841.

WANT ADS 10c Line WANT ADS

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending June 30, 1914, of the condition of

The Equitable Life Assurance Society
Of the United States

organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance to the laws of said State.
Principal Office, 165 Broadway, New York City.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.
1. Amount of Capital Stock $100,000.00
2. Amount of Capital Stock paid up in Cash 100,000.00

II. ASSETS.
Total admitted assets $531,535,146.02

III. LIABILITIES, SURPLUS AND OTHER FUNDS.
Total $531,535,146.02

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1914.
Total Income $40,026,354.32

V. DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1914.
Total Disbursements $34,458,017.10
Greatest Amount Insured in any one risk .. .. $ 1,608,000
Total Amount of Insurance outstanding 1,485,643,018

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK—Personally appeared before the undersigned, W. A. Day, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the President of The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true, to the best of his information, knowledge and belief. W. A. DAY, President.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 11th day of August, 1914.
JOHN B. RUSSELL,
Notary Public, New York County.

Men of ability and integrity wanted as representatives.

Liberal contracts and valuable assistance given to representatives.

Apply to

FRANK W. BURR

Manager for Georgia

Third National Bank Bldg., Atlanta

CARLETON Y. SMITH W. TOM WINN

SMITH-WINN COMPANY, Inc.

GENERAL INSURANCE

LOANS

WALTON BUILDING

TELEPHONES

Bell Ivy 1686 Atlanta 179

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the Six Months ending June 30, 1914, of the condition of the

NEW HAMPSHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
Of Manchester

organized under the laws of the State of New Hampshire, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.
Principal Office, 876 Elm Street.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.
2. Amount Paid up in Cash.. .. .. $1,350,000 00

II. ASSETS.
Total Assets of the Company, actual cash market value.. .. $6,754,186 32

III. LIABILITIES.
14. Total Liabilities.. .. .. $6,754,186 32

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1914.
6. Total Income actually received during the first six months in cash.. .. .. $1,662,177 80

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1914.
Total Expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash.. .. .. $1,347,588 66
Greatest Amount Insured in any one risk, gross.$ 150,000.00
Total Amount of Insurance outstanding.... 483,033,697.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE, COUNTY OF HILLSBORO.—Personally appeared before the undersigned, Lewis W. Crockett, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the secretary of the New Hampshire Fire Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.
LEWIS W. CROCKETT, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 30th day of July, 1914,
(SEAL.) LOUIS J. DODGE,
Notary Public.

Name of State Agent—W. M. KING.
Name of Agent at Atlanta—SMITH-WINN COMPANY, INC.

CECIL MEYER

Fire Insurance

1120 Fourth National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 3736

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending June 30, 1914, of the condition of the

RHODE ISLAND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
Of Providence

organized under the laws of the State of Rhode Island, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.
Principal Office, 17 Custom House Street.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.
1. Whole Amount of Capital Stock $400,000.00

II. ASSETS.
Total Assets of the Company, actual cash market value $1,333,305.91

III. LIABILITIES.
14. Total Liabilities $1,333,305.91

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1914.
6. Total Income actually received during the first six months in cash $345,100.26

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1914.
Total Expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash $370,782.15
Greatest Amount Insured in any one risk $40,000

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND, COUNTY OF PROVIDENCE—Personally appeared before the undersigned, George L. Shepley and Emil G. Pieper, who, being duly sworn, depose and say that they are the President and Vice President of the Rhode Island Insurance Co., and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.
GEORGE L. SHEPLEY, President.
EMIL G. PIEPER, Vice President.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 7th day of August, 1914.
WINFIELD J. FULLER, Notary Public.

Name of Agent in Atlanta—P. C. MEYER, Fourth National Bank Bldg.

GOVERNOR SPEAKS TWICE ON TAX LAW

Explanation of Equalization Act Enthusiastically Received by Big Crowds at Milledgeville and Eatonton.

Milledgeville, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—After speaking at Eatonton, Governor John M. Slaton motored to this city at noon today and spoke on the tax equalization law to the largest crowd that has ever gathered for a similar occurrence.

The governor spoke in the courthouse at 2 o'clock after he had dined with Hon. J. F. Bell. He was introduced by Colonel John Sibley, of the local bar.

The speaker made no reference to his opponents in the race for the senate; in fact, he confined his remarks entirely to an explanation of the tax equalization act, telling of the necessity which had brought the law into being and of the great good that had accrued to the state since the measure was put in operation.

The large audience listened attentively and gave Governor Slaton hearty indorsement.

Speaks at Eatonton.

Eatonton, Ga., August 13.—(Special.) Governor Slaton spoke today to a fine and representative Putnam county audience. The courtroom was filled and the governor was given a cordial reception and generous hearing, which was interrupted with frequent cheers. Georgia's new tax equalization law formed the basis of the governor's address. No reference was made by Governor Slaton to his opponents or any campaign canards. His speech was pitched upon a high plane throughout.

At Lawrenceville Today.

Lawrenceville, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Governor John M. Slaton will address the people of Gwinnett, Friday at 11 o'clock at the courthouse. He will discuss the tax equalization act. Gwinnett is prominent in the list of notable examples of the success of the new tax equalization law. Gwinnett had half a million dollars increase on her digest, a large part of it from the town taxpayers, and so great was the increase that the county tax rate was materially lowered—the first county in which that effect was seen.

BROWN-SMITH SPEECHES DELIVERED IN GORDON

Calhoun, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Judge John M. Ross, of Macon, spoke to a large crowd at the courthouse here this morning at 11 o'clock in the interest of Joseph M. Brown. His speech was a review of Hoke Smith's record and a severe arraignment of him as a man of vaunting and selfish ambition. He said he "had the ambition of Lucifer and the pride of Beelzebub." He lauded ex-Governor Brown as one of the sanest and wisest statesmen of today, and urged the voters to elect him to the senate.

At the close of Judge Ross' speech, Attorney W. M. Smith, of Atlanta, addressed the same crowd in behalf of Hoke Smith. He replied to accusations made by Judge Ross and also outlined Hoke Smith's public record in Georgia and the United States senate.

WINNIPEG REGIMENTS ORDERED TO MOBILIZE

Winnipeg, Man., August 13.—Four infantry regiments of Winnipeg, 2,000 strong, were called to mobilize at Quebec by an order received from Ottawa today. They leave Monday night. The local battery will accompany the regiments.

WARNING IS ISSUED TO THE BRITISH PRESS

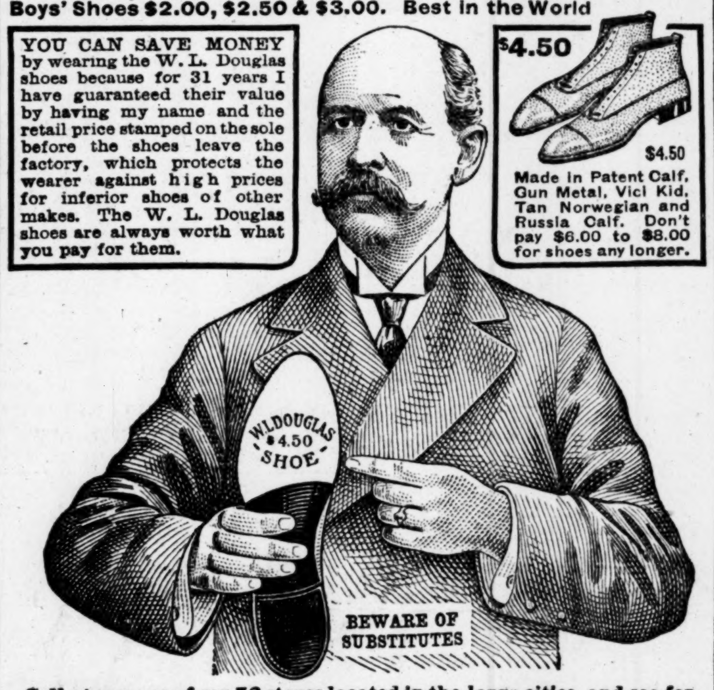
London, August 13.—(4:25 p. m.)—Earl Kitchener, British secretary of state for war, today notified the press that any newspaper publishing news of naval or military movements except that issued by the official bureau would be suspended.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.50, $3.75, $4, $4.50 & $5 SHOES

Boys' Shoes $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00. Best in the World

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY by wearing the W. L. Douglas shoes because for 31 years I have guaranteed their value by having my name and the retail price stamped on the sole before the shoes leave the factory, which protects the wearer against high prices for inferior shoes of other makes. The W. L. Douglas shoes are always worth what you pay for them.



$4.50

$4.50 Made in Patent Calf, Gun Metal, Vici Kid, Tan Norwegian and Russia Calf. Don't pay $6.00 to $8.00 for shoes any longer.

Call at any one of my 76 stores located in the large cities, and see for yourself the kind of shoes I am selling for $3.50, $3.75, $4, $4.50 & $5. I am confident that after a careful examination you will be convinced that it is not economy to pay $6.00 to $8.00 for shoes any longer.

If the W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from factory. Shoes for every member of the family, at all prices, postage free. Write for Illustrated Catalog showing how to order by mail. W. L. DOUGLAS, 160 Spark Street, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS STORE: 11 Peachtree St., Atlanta

KRYPTOK BIFOCALS

Both reading and walking vision in one solid glass. Large curved glass, giving a wide range for reading, doing away with two pairs of glasses, absolutely invisible while on the face. No seams, no lines, no cement to come loose, or blister, always clear. Every pair made to order, conforming to the eyes, face and features. You can get everything that can be conscientiously recommended in the optical business from us. If your eyes need the attention of an oculist we so advise, but will not accept your money without satisfaction from us.

Ask anybody who has dealt with us how we conduct our business.

Walter Ballard Optical Co.

85 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga. (Clock Sign)

A Rented House Is Not a Home

You Can Have a HOME in Its True Sense If You Want One.

Let us show you this house—six rooms, well arranged, electric lights, etc., on level lot, 50x175 feet to alley, in Jefferson Park, East Point, right at street car line and only 25 minutes from center of Atlanta.

This place will rent for $18.00 a month, yet can be bought for a home on terms of $100.00 cash and $22.00 a month with no mortgage and no separate interest notes.

Can you beat that as an opportunity to put your family in a home?

W. D. Beatie, 207 Equitable Bldg.

BELL MAIN 3520. ATLANTA PHONE 3520.

ATTACK BY WEST ON HOKE SMITH

Junior Senator, by Implication, Charges Senior Senator With Responsibility For Akerman Holding On.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, August 13.—(Special.)—Senator W. S. West, in a letter referring to his nomination of John R. L. Smith, of Macon, to be district attorney, charges that Senator Smith refused his consent to the appointment, saying he would not be willing for the appointment to go to any other Macon lawyer than R. L. Berner.

Senator West says he has done everything he could to fill this desirable federal birth, but that his efforts have been blocked.

Senator West's Letter.

Here is Senator West's letter:

"Washington, D. C., August 13, 1914.—Editor Macon Telegraph: In The Macon News (last Monday's issue) there is an effort made to exculpate Senator Hoke Smith from any blame that might in any way attach to him on account of the failure, up to this time, to fill the office of district attorney for the southern district of Georgia.

"This office should have been filled by a democrat for the past seventeen months, yet a republican, who tendered his resignation soon after President Wilson's inauguration, has been allowed to draw the emoluments of this office up to this time.

"Senator Bacon, my predecessor, I understand, recommended for this office Hon. A. Pratt Adams, of Savannah. His name was before the department of justice when I came here on March 6. Knowing Mr. Adams was Senator Bacon's choice for district attorney, I pressed his appointment. He was not appointed because he preferred partnership with his father in the practice of law, to the district attorneyship, the obtaining of which was predicated on the dissolution of the partnership.

Men Recommended by West.

"Then I recommended either R. M. Hitch, or Fred T. Sausey, of Sayananh, or D. A. R. Crum, of Cordele.

"Mr. Hitch went out on the same grounds that Mr. Adams did. Then I afterwards recommended for appointment John W. Bennett, James T. Colson, John R. L. Smith, John S. Adams or William Vance Custer. All these went out in the process of elimination. Quite a number of others I recommended, and they, too, went under the ban.

"I have been diligent in my efforts to have a democrat put in this office.

"Senator Hoke Smith wanted R. L. Berner for the place, and said until lately that he would not consent to the appointment of John R. L. Smith, or any one from Macon, because he wanted Mr. Berner to have it, if the appointment was to come from Macon, though it is my appointment.

Withdrew Objection to Smith.

"Not long since, he said, Mr. Berner's name would not be further considered in connection with the office, and withdrew his objection to Hon. John R. L. Smith.

"Now, if the people of Georgia are disposed to upbraid me for want of diligence in this matter I refer them to the correspondence between Senators Bacon and Smith in the matter of Joseph S. Davis, of Albany, for marshal, which appeared in The Macon Telegraph in its issue of the 7th instant.

"What power there was controlling these appointments, if any, more than that I have mentioned, I do not know, and everyone must draw his own conclusions.

"I know I have been diligent in season and out of season in presenting the names of lawyers worthy and capable of discharging the duties of this office. Respectfully,

"W. S. WEST."

CARBAJAL LEAVES MEXICAN CAPITAL

Cointinued From Page One.

which were stored with guns, cartridges and shells yesterday, were empty. The taking away of so much war material by the federals is causing uneasiness.

Senor Lujan, former minister of the interior, is to make a hurried trip to Washington. The purpose of the journey is not known. President Carbajal and his associates will remain in Vera Cruz for the present.

Reports of fighting in the state of Oaxaca between followers of Felix Diaz and the late President Madero for the control of the local government are causing anxiety here in view of rumors that the evacuating federals will join the movement. These reports are without confirmation.

PLANS PERFECTED FOR SURRENDER.

Teoloyucan, Mexico, August 13.—Plans have been perfected for the surrender of Mexico City to the constitutionalists and the peaceable occupation of the capital by troops under General Obregon. Eduardo Iturbide, governor of the federal district, to whom President Carbajal has turned over executive authority, will formally surrender the city to Obregon.

Such an agreement, it was announced here today, reached yesterady at a conference between General Venustiano Carranza, "first chief" of the constitutionalists and his advisers, and the Brazilian minister to Mexico, has been concurred in by Governor Iturbide, who also conferred with General Carranza yesterday.

John R. Silliman, personal representative of President Wilson, presented the Brazilian minister to General Carranza and attended the conference. Several members of the diplomatic corps in Mexico City, including Sir Lionel Carden, the British minister; the French charge d'affaires, and the Guatamalan minister, accompanied the Brazilian minister and were unofficially received by General Carranza.

According to the arrangement, the federal army will surrender to General Obregon without conditions and will be retired or otherwise disposed of as quickly as possible. Details of the disarmament and the formal transfer of the city to the constitutionalists will be arranged by Governor Iturbide and General Obregon.

The diplomats came to the quarters of General Carranza under escort of constitutionalist troops. Three Mexico City newspaper men who accompanied the party were arrested and are still detained. Three Spanish priests, a French priest and a Mexican also are under arrest here.

CARRANZA AT ODDS WITH GENERAL VILLA.

Washington, August 13.—Reports of increasing friction between Carranza and Villa, constitutionalist leaders in Mexico, that reached a semi-climax when the "first chief" directed that ammunition consigned to Villa be held up at Tampico, brought a long dormant phase of the Mexican situation to the front today. Carranza's sudden order to halt the ammunition was the first indication he had given of interference with the reorganization of Villa's army in Chihuahua.

While Carranza's action was not explained in official advices to the Washington government, yet Villa's reasons for his displeasure with Carranza's attitude have been outlined by persons in Washington who have been in touch with him. Villa wants Carranza to retire as "first chief." He insists that a civil instead of a military government be established to conduct elections throughout the southern republic; that land reforms be executed in conformation with the Mexican constitution; that the federal army be dissolved, but that deserving officers and men be admitted to the new army and that amnesty be given to all political offenders except those involved in the anti-Madero plot.

Villa's plans, according to his friends, have the sympathy of the federal army. While the federal army now is evacuating Mexico City to permit peaceful occupation by the constitutionalists, yet Carbajal's war minister has intimated to Carranza that if guarantees of safety were not given to the southern forces, a counter revolution undoubtedly would follow and efforts be made to join with Villa.

EMERGENCY MONEY UP TO $500,000,000

Cointinued From Page One.

000,000 of emergency currency would be made available for carrying the cotton surplus.

Both Senator Smith and Mr. Lever agreed that the valorization of cotton by the federal government would be impossible.

Representative Byrnes, of South Carolina, another speaker before the congress, indorsed the plan of the Ransdell currency amendment.

Flood of Suggestions.

A flood of suggestions and plans for meeting the situation were proposed by delegates to the congress. They ranged from proposals that the government valorize cotton, or issue currency against it, to plans for the destruction of half of the crop, to maintain the price. All of these plans were referred to committees elected by the various state delegations.

The congress adopted a resolution indorsing the amendments to the emergency currency act proposed by Senator Ransdell, which would make emergency currency available on warehouse receipts for cotton as security. Senator Ransdell told the congress that although the treasury department had decided such receipts would be proper security under the present law, he was anxious to make sure of it.

Committee on Resolutions.

The resolutions committee elected was R. G. Rhett, of South Carolina; W. L. Lewis, of Texas; Hugh McRae, of North Carolina; L. Melton, of Alabama; E. E. Paten, of Virginia; Frank Tomlinson, of Arkansas; F. S. Etheridge, of Georgia, and J. Frank Adams, of Florida.

The committee on legislation included:

S. G. Mayfield, of South Carolina; Ed R. Kone, of Texas; A. J. McKinnon, of North Carolina; Ray Rushton, of Alabama; Charles W. Priddy, of Virginia; Ben B. Weil, of Arkansas; H. E. Stockbridge, of Georgia, and J. D. Smith, of Florida.

The congress also named a committee of two members from each of the cotton states to confer with Secretary McAdoo, of the treasury department, as to the financial aspects of the situation.

The congress will meet tomorrow to thrash out the various plans of relief proposed.

Georgians in Attendance.

The Georgia visitors organized by electing R. C. Neeley, of Waynesboro, as chairman, and Haynes McFadden, of Atlanta, as secretary.

The following Georgians were in attendance upon the convention:

Senator Hoke Smith, Congressmen Edwards, Lee, Tribble, Howard, Park, Adamson, L. L. Davis, of Commerce; R. C. Neely, of Waynesboro; Samuel Bowers, of Royston; C. H. Dance, of Toccoa; W. B. Hollingsworth, of Fayetteville; A. D. Strohbar, of Savannah; M. P. Pope, of Washington; R. S. Etheridge, of Jackson; W. S. Witham, of Atlanta; J. E. Mathis, of Americus; Haynes McFadden, of Atlanta; R. D. Calloway, of Washington; Thomas P. Maynard, of Winder; Dan Hughes, of Danville, asistant commissioner of agriculture.

FELDER THINKS SLATON HIS CHIEF OPPONENT

Jonesboro, Ga., August 13.—(Special.) Hon. Thomas S. Felder, candidate for the short-term senatorship, spoke to 75 or 100 of Clayton county citizens at the courthouse here at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

Colonel Felder seems to consider that Slaton is his strongest opponent, as he said in his speech: "If you wish to vote for the strongest man against Slaton, Felder is your man."

LODGE NOTICE

A regular communication of Piedmont Lodge No. 447, F. & A. M., will be held in Masonic Temple this (Friday) evening, August 14, 1914, at 8 o'clock. The Entered Apprentice degree will be conferred. All Masons duly qualified are fraternally invited to meet with us.

GEO. R. SPARKS, W. M.
H. M. WOOD, Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

CLAIBORNE—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Claiborne, Mr. H. T. Claiborne, Mr. R. W. Claiborne, Mr. James Claiborne, Miss Hattie Claiborne and Mrs. R. E. Henry are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. W. R. Claiborne this (Friday) afternoon, at 3:30 o'clock, from the residence, 32 DeGress avenue, Inman Park. The following gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and meet at the residence: Mr. Sam Spear, Mr. J. W. Reed, Mr. W. E. Eason, Mr. Arthur Jenkins, Mr. Emmett Jenkins, Mr. E. E. Pritchett. Interment at Greenwood cemetery. Automobiles will leave Barclay & Brandon Co.'s at 3 o'clock.

WILLIAMS—The friends of Miss Rubie Battle Williams, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Watson, Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Ison, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dennis and Mrs. Addie Watson are invited to attend the funeral of Miss Rubie Battle Williams this (Friday) morning, at 10 o'clock, at the residence, 225 St. Charles avenue. The following gentlemen are requested to act as pallbearers and meet at the residence: Dr. J. T. Floyd, Mr. C. R. Collins, Mr. A. B. Brown, Mr. D. E. Gee, Mr. B. B. Beckham, Mr. J. B. Mathis. Automobiles will leave Barclay & Brandon Co.'s at 9:30 o'clock. Interment at West View cemetery.

NICHOLS—The relatives and friends of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Nichols, Dr. F. D. Nichols, Mr. C. H. Nichols, Mrs. J. H. Tribble, Mrs. J. A. Justice, Mr. W. H. H. Rogers, of Norcross, Ga.; Mr. Earl Rogers, of Pooleville, Texas.; Mr. E. P. Rogers, of El Paso, Texas; Mrs. V. A. Terry, of Buford, Ga., are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. M. J. Nichols this (Friday) afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, from the late residence, 284 Luckie street. The remains will leave at 6:50 a. m. via Southern railway to Cumming, Ga., for interment. Barclay & Brandon, funeral directors.

BARCLAY & BRANDON CO.
Funeral Directors, 246 Ivy St.
G. H. BRANDON, President. R. M. BRANDON, Vice President.
J. W. AWTRY, Sec'y and Treas.

Dissolution Notice.

The firm of Wender & Siegel, No. 44 Connally street, will dissolve partnership on the 24th of August, 1914. All claims against the firm should be sent in not later than the 23d of August. Mr. Siegel will remain alone.

MORPHINE
Opium, Whiskey and Drug Habits treated at Home or at Sanitarium. Book on subject Free. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY, 7-N, Victor Sanitarium, Atlanta, Georgia.

Rate Revision Suspended.

Washington, August 13.—The interstate commerce commission today suspended, until December 10, a proposed schedule revising freight rates between Richmond and other Virginia cities. The new tariffs, which involved both increases and decreases, were based on official classification. Present rates are governed by southern classification.

Going to Move September First?

Why not buy now and settle the moving question for good.

We have an exceptionally complete listing of homes, ranging from $2,000 up, that we will take pleasure in showing you.

"WE SELL LOTS"

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR

FOR RENT---HOUSES!

689 Ponce de Leon Avenue—Elegant Home—$75.00.
326 Myrtle Street—9 rooms and furnace—$55.00.
131 North Moreland—9 rooms—$45.00.
309 West Peachtree Street—8 rooms—$60.00.
62 Irwin Street—5 rooms—$25.00.

Woodside, Sharp, Boylston & Day

WEYMAN & CONNORS

LEND ON REAL ESTATE, IMPROVED OR UNIMPROVED AT LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES. QUICK ACTION. NO RED TAPE. INTEREST OF BORROWERS SAFEGUARDED.

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Our experience in the Printing Business is worth Real Money.

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QUALITY AND SERVICE FIRST

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CATALOGS, BOOKLETS, LOOSE LEAF, BLANK BOOKS, ENGRAVING, OR ANYTHING ALLIED WITH THE ART OF PRINTING
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CONSTITUTION "HELP WANTED" ADS PUT YOU IN TOUCH WITH MANY APPLICANTS CAPABLE OF FILLING THE POSITION

BOARD AND ROOMS

ASK THE CONSTITUTION WHERE TO LIVE

A FREE BUREAU of boarding and rooming house information. If you want to get a place to board or rent rooms in any part of the city or suburbs, ask The Atlanta Constitution. We will be glad to help you get what you want.
Third Floor Constitution Building.
Main 5000. Atlanta 5001.

NORTH SIDE.

A Modern Family and Tourist HOTEL

ELECTRIC LIGHTS and steam heat. European, $8 a week and up, 50c a day and up. Rooms en suite with private baths. American, $7 a week and up, $1.50 a day and up. Free baths on all floors.

PEACHTREE INN
391 PEACHTREE STREET.
Under new management. Clerk and bellboy service night and day. Phones: Ivy 9129, 87.

LELAND HOTEL, half block from Candler building, 29-31 Houston St.; 20 meal tickets for $5; home cooking a specialty; quick and polite service; ideal family hotel. Special rates by the week and month.

IMPERIAL HOTEL
LEADING family and tourist hotel; delightful rooms, excellent meals, reasonable rates. Some beautiful rooms left. Transient $2.50 and $3.00.

LISTEN!
IF YOU WANT SOMETHING GOOD TO EAT AND NICE, CLEAN ROOMS, GO TO 15 HOUSTON. IVY 7852-J.

TWO rooms, singly or en suite, with private bath, in private family, Inman Park; can be had by couple or young men wishing absolutely first-class board; references; use of garage. Ivy 2277-L.

279 PEACHTREE, WOULD LIKE ONE MORE COUPLE; VERY LARGE, BEAUTIFUL, BEST TABLE MARKET AFFORDS. IVY 840.

LARGE, cool, newly furnished rooms and board, all conveniences, walking distance; homelike, excellent location, reasonable. Call Ivy 6138.

33 FORREST—Beautiful fur. rooms and board. Home cooking. All conveniences. Ivy 4670.

TWO large front rooms, private home, every convenience, running water in rooms, one block from Peachtree street. Phone Ivy 828-J.

665 PEACHTREE.
FIRST-CLASS board for gentlemen or couple, all conveniences. Ivy 8665-J.

790 PEACHTREE ST.
LARGE front room and board. Ivy 6392-J.

EXCELLENT board, newly papered rooms, everything first-class. Ivy 7356-J. 15 E. Cain street.

EXCELLENTLY furnished room, private tile bath, furnace heat, private home, every modern convenience. Call Ivy 7220.

ROOMS with board, served family style, $.30 dinner; conveniences. 23 Forrest. Ivy 6257.

LARGE room, with board, dressing room, hot and cold running water; beautiful home. 652 Peachtree street. Ivy 1502-J.

NICELY FURNISHED rooms and board, $4.50 and $5 per week. Ivy 6673-J.

FRONT ROOM with board, conveniences, Elizabeth st., Inman Park. Reasonable. Ivy 6395-L.

ONE of the nicest localities in the city, excellent meals and rooms, in center of business section. 33 Cone street. Ivy 6467-J.

ROOMS and board, close in; modern conveniences. Call Ivy 7943.

ATTRACTIVE front room, with exceptionally good table. 494 Spring, corner Third street. Ivy 3042.

EXCLUSIVE board in private Inman Park home for 2 young men. Vapor heat, hot water. 80 Hurst street. Ivy 3697-J.

220 PEACHTREE ST., The Wilton, select boarding house. Ivy 5795.

91 W. HARRIS—Nice room and board to couple without children.

39 CARNEGIE WAY—Home-cooked meals; new management. Main 2867-J.

YOUNG MAN or couple to room in private family. Ivy 5267.

SOUTH SIDE.

BEAUTIFUL room with breakfast and evening dinner to two young men who desire first-class board in strictly private home in best residence section, close in. Main 1854.

COOL, comfortable rooms, modern conveniences, excellent meals to working ladies or gentlemen. Walking distance. M. 2082-L.

EXCLUSIVE BOARD; ALSO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, CLOSE IN. 124 CAPITOL AVENUE.

NEWLY furnished rooms and board, $20 month. Call Main 3914.

LARGE, pleasant room; homelike cooking. 127 Capito. avenue. Main 5172-J.

EXCELLENT board and rooms, close in; $4.00 week. 111 Washington st. 5600-A.

136 WASHINGTON ST.—Desirable rooms; excellent meals; price reasonable. M. 4812-J.

THREE large upstairs rooms with board for couples or gentlemen. Main 4251.

98 WASHINGTON ST.—Rooms and excellent board, close in. Main 5458.

WEST END.

YOUNG men can get good board in private home. 69 Oak street. West 330-J.

SUBURBAN.

WANTED—Two men to board in private Decatur home. Decatur 338.

WANTED—Board—Rooms

YOUNG married lady desires room and board with refined private family in vicinity of Gordon street, West End; husband travels. References exchanged. State terms. Address B-471, Constitution.

YOUNG professional man wants a room in refined home, with young couple or small family, where a guest is desired more for company than for profit. Meals optional. Conveniences required. Address "Guest," care Constitution.

REFINED couple with 10-year-old daughter, desire room and board at reasonable price with strictly private family, owning their home in Tenth street school district. Address D-868, care Constitution.

FURNISHED or unfurnished upstairs, close in, heated, modern room; two meals preferred for two gentlemen, state price and environments. Address M., Box 4, this office.

WANTED—September 1, with owner, four unfurnished rooms with bath, for light housekeeping. References exchanged. Address B-478, Constitution.

WANTED—Board in private north side home by young couple. References exchanged. Address B-470, Constitution.

IN walking distance Edgewood school, three upstairs rooms, bath and porch. Ivy 3098.

EXPERIENCED telephone operator wants private board; references. Address D-853, Constitution.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

NORTH SIDE.

THREE rooms, completely furnished, to couple without children, with owner, 105 West Baker, Atlanta, phone 2176.

NICELY furnished rooms in suites of two and three, close in, all conveniences. 345 Peachtree.

ONE first floor front room and kitchenette, sink, hot and cold water; completely furnished for housekeeping. 381 Spring. Ivy 5975-J.

FOR RENT—Three rooms, fur. or unfur.; all conveniences; reasonable rates. Ivy 4674-J. 6 Baltimore block.

TWO furnished rooms for light housekeeping; stationary wash stand, north side. Ivy 2298-J.

BY OWNER, three and four fur. or unfur. rooms, private bath. Ivy 2286-L.

TWO rooms, kitchenette and private bath; Inman Park. Ivy 2229-L.

THREE nicely furnished rooms, cool, convenient, close in. Ivy 7935-J.

TWO large rooms and kitchenette upstairs, 170 North Jackson. Ivy 3504-J.

TWO large housekeeping rooms, completely furnished, close in; conveniences. I. 7831.

SOUTH SIDE.

TWO nicely furnished rooms and kitchenette for light housekeeping, 5 minutes' walk to heart of city. 77 E. Fair street, Atlanta phone 1101.

ADULTS; 3 fur. rooms, sleeping porch; also use of parlor and piano, gas stove, coal range, sink—$25. Electric lights and phone included. Private home, Grant park.

TWO nicely furnished rooms and kitchenette for light housekeeping. Call Atlanta phone 1101 or apply 77 East Fair.

THREE furnished or unfurnished rooms and bath, close in. Main 6217-L.

FOUR connecting, unfurnished rooms, close in. 210 S. Pryor St. Main 2474-L.

FURNISHED room for housekeeping, close in, $2.50 week. 18 Woodward avenue.

FURNISHED rooms for housekeeping, close in. 160 Washington street.

WEST END.

FOR RENT—Four rooms, second floor; private bath, suitable for light housekeeping, $22.50 month. Adults only. 200 Oak street. West 323-L.

FOR RENT—Rooms

ASK THE CONSTITUTION WHERE TO LIVE

A FREE BUREAU of boarding and rooming house information. If you want to get a place to board or rent rooms in any part of the city or suburbs, ask The Atlanta Constitution. We will be glad to help you get what you want.
Third Floor Constitution Building.
Main 5000. Atlanta 5001.

FURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

ROOMS—75c, $1.00 and $1.50, including tub, shower or needle baths.

STAG HOTEL
Peachtree and Walton Streets.
Rooms $5.00 to $7.00 per week.

CHESTERFIELD APARTMENTS
EXCLUSIVELY for gentlemen; shower bath with each room; steam heat, electric lights. Adjoining Capital City club. 16 W. Harris street. Ivy 2380.

THE PICKWICK
TEN-STORY AND FIRE PROOF.
Well furnished rooms with connecting bath. Convenient shower baths on each floor. 77 Fairlie St. Near Carnegie Library.

61 E. CAIN STREET, THIRD FLOOR, GENTLEMEN ONLY.
NICE room, adjoining bath, twin beds, steam heat, every convenience; also single room.

THE WEINMEISTER
286 PEACHTREE, just opened; nicely furnished rooms; German cooking; references required. Ivy 5719-L.

VERY desirable rooms in steam-heated apartment, close in, everything first-class. 14 West Peachtree, Apt. 2. Phone Ivy 2182-J.

FOR RENT—Front room, furnished and every convenience; private family; to married couple or lady. References required. 122 McLendon. Phone Ivy 6582-L.

586 SPRING ST.
COOL, delightful, well furnished. Ivy 6312-J.

LARGE, airy, front room, near bath, private family, north side; excellent car service. Phone Ivy 7651.

100 EAST ELLIS—Two connecting housekeeping rooms; large front bed room. Ivy 5356.

TWO rooms, close in, on Baker street; will rent for housekeeping or as furnished bed rooms. Ivy 5112-J.

STEAM-HEATED front room, southern exposure, private home; conveniences; meals near; reasonable. Ivy 1294-J.

NICELY furnished rooms, close in; all conveniences; also housekeeping rooms. Ivy 6571.

100½ N. PRYOR—Beautiful furnished single and double rooms for gentlemen; all modern conveniences. Steam heat. I. 2684-L.

33 FORREST—Beautiful fur. rooms and board. Home cooking. All conveniences. Ivy 4679.

LARGE front room handsomely furnished, next to bath, private home. Phone Ivy 4669.

FURNISHED rooms, private home, 293 N. Boulevard. Call Ivy 3406-J Sunday, week Main 3406.

FURNISHED front room; give meals if desired for gentleman. 243 Juniper. I. 7268.

NICELY fur. rooms for gentlemen; conveniences, close in. 183 Ivy st. Ivy 3015.

72 SPRING, furnished rooms, with or without board, all conveniences, close in.

NICELY furnished, large front room; with private bath. 64 Forrest avenue.

NICE rooms, gentlemen or couples; near Georgian Terrace. Third st. Ivy 1913.

NICE cool rooms, conveniences; close in; for two, $2. 256 Houston. Ivy 2782-L.

NICELY furnished room, business men or women; conveniences. Ivy 2448-J.

IN NEW Ansley Park residence, on car line, all conveniences. Phone Ivy 3858-J.

69 LUCKIE, newly furnished rooms, two blocks from Piedmont hotel. Main 4055.

ONE first-floor furnished room. 114 West Harris street.

ONE or 2 rooms, private bath, large closet; first-class home, north side. Ivy 919-J.

TWO nicely fur. rooms for young men only. 76 West Baker street.

LARGE front room, hot water, furnace, close in. 488 Peachtree street.

FURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

COOL, upstairs front room. 354 South Boulevard; telephone; all conveniences; $8 month. Main 4259-L.

ONE excellent furnished room, $8.00 month; pri. home; all conveniences. 16 Whitehall Terrace.

ONE furnished room, pri. bath; close in; gentlemen preferred. M. 4775-L. 344 Whitehall street.

CLOSE-IN, convenient, furnished rooms. 286½ Whitehall street.

166 S. PRYOR ST.—Desirable furnished rooms, all conveniences; close in. M. 3580-L.

181 FULTON ST.—Nicely furnished room, private home, close in. Main 3574.

NICELY fur. front room to two gentlemen; all conveniences; private home. M. 5341.

TWO nicely furnished rooms, close in, private home. 244 S. Pryor St. Main 1237.

TWO nicely furnished rooms, close in, all conveniences. 116 Garnett street.

ONE nicely furnished room, ladies or gentlemen, close in. 124-A E. Fair.

ONE ROOM FOR GENTLEMEN. 24 Pulliam street. Atlanta 437.

UNFURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

HAVE entire upper floor of three unfurnished rooms, connecting bath, in private north side home. Ivy 2721-L.

THREE large, connecting rooms for housekeeping, water and light, privilege of bath and phone. 82 Angier avenue. Ivy 1056.

THREE large connecting rooms, all conveniences, to refined adults; rent reasonable. Ivy 8457-J.

THREE nice, large rooms, arranged for small family, gas and water. 46 DeGress avenue. Atlanta phone 3121-B.

WILL share my house with couple or small family. Conveniences. Ivy 2080-J.

UNFURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

3 CONNECTING rooms, separate gas, sink in kitchen; price reasonable. 332 Whitehall.

TWO unfurnished front rooms, private front porch. 248 S. Pryor St. Main 3930.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

HAVE nice bachelor quarters; 3 connecting rooms, with bath; 10 minutes' walk of Five Points; furnished or unfurnished. Ivy 4994-J.

DELIGHTFUL furnished or unfurnished rooms; new cottage; Kirkwood. D. 53.

TWO large rooms, fur. or unfurnished; all conveniences. W. 1453. 72 White st.

2 CONNECTING rooms, furnished or unfur., for housekeeping. 26 E. Harris street.

WEST END.

IN West End Park three rooms completely furnished for light housekeeping; every convenience, beautiful surroundings. West 302-J.

FOR RENT—Furnished front room. 200 Oak St.

WANTED—HOUSES

RESPONSIBLE party wants to rent 5 or 6-room cottage with small acreage, convenient to car line. Would want possession September 1 for winter or longer; pay monthly in advance. Address B-479, care Constitution.

FOR RENT—Typewriters

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
FOUR MONTHS for $5 and upward. Factory rebuilt typewriters of all makes from $25 to $75 each. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE COMPANY, Inc., 48 North Pryor St. Main 2523.

RESORTS—Summer and Winter

HAVE furnished cottage on St. Simons island; also house in Atlanta. Call Ivy 6133-J.

FOR RENT—Houses

UNFURNISHED.

146 WEST PEACHTREE ST., corner of Pine. No street disturbance at this point. A splendid 2-story brick, furnace heat. Price $47.50.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
130 Peachtree.

8-ROOM, 2-story house at 85 Dodd avenue, on corner of Formwalt street; close to schools and churches; convenient to Cooper and Pryor street cars; now occupied by owner. Phone Main 4646-J.

DESIRABLE 7-room residence, 264 Forrest avenue; no furnace; moderate rent; ready for immediate occupancy. Thomas Peters, Owner, 272 Forrest avenue, or Bell phone.

FOR RENT—Houses

FURNISHED.

ON PEACHTREE, between Twelfth and Thirteenth; 6 bedrooms, baths, large living room, reception hall, drawing room, den, a dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, servant's room, furnace heat and garage. Ivy 8417.

SIX-ROOM bungalow, which means a home, not a house; refined furnishings, north side. Desire only reliable adults. Ivy 7311.

BUNGALOW, six large rooms, all conveniences; owner to keep one. I. 2329-J.

UNFURNISHED.

FOR RENT
3 Good North Side Houses

202 MORELAND avenue—8-room, large lot, good condition. A mighty nice house for $40.00 per month.

9 KENNESAW avenue—7 rooms. The owner has written us to rent this house. A good proposition for some one.

708 PIEDMONT avenue—Now being beautifully decorated, well located. A modern 8-room house. Let us show you.
Smith, Ewing & Rankin,
130 Peachtree St.

FOR RENT
Peachtree Home

NEAR 12th street—12 rooms. Absolutely modern. Large lot. Splendid condition. Practically furnished. Good contract offered to acceptable parties. Possession September 1st.
Smith, Ewing & Rankin,
130 Peachtree St.

50 WEST FOURTEENTH—Now offered on lease. Nine rooms; newly painted; beautiful interior. This is one of the best propositions offered in the city.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
130 Peachtree.

HOUSES, apartments and stores for rent. Phone us and let us mail you a rent list. George P. Moore, 10 Auburn avenue.

39 W. FIFTH; 9-room, $40. The best located and most desirable house for the price in city. A bargain; 12 months' lease.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
130 Peachtree Street.

60 E. SEVENTEENTH ST.—Price $70 per month; 12-month lease; beautiful condition and every comfort. Between Peachtree and Peachtree Circle.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
130 Peachtree St.

WEST END—6-room lower flat, gas, electric lights, hot water, screened; one block of three car lines; near schools and park. Excellent neighborhood. $30 per month. West 1144-J, 173 Oak street.

FOR RENT—146 Mills street, 7-room house, all conveniences and in good condition. Suitable for one or two families. Call Owner, Main 5035-L.

FOR RENT—Houses, all parts of city. G. R. Moore & Co., 405-7 Silvey Bldg. M. 534.

5-ROOM new bungalow, with sleeping porch, furnace, hardwood floors. 68 West 13th street. Ivy 6590.

8-ROOM HOUSE, all conveniences, perfect repair, newly painted. Phone Dec. 143.

OUR weekly rent list gives full descriptions of anything for rent. Call for one or let us mail it to you. Forrest & George Adair.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

MODERN 6-room, furnace-heated house, every convenience. 19 East Eleventh st. Phone Ivy 2583.

FOR RENT—Apartments

UNFURNISHED.

THE FRANCES—JUNCTION PEACHTREE AND IVY STREETS—THE MOST CENTRALLY LOCATED FIRST-CLASS APARTMENT IN THE CITY—WILL HAVE A FEW VACANT 1 TO 4-ROOM APARTMENTS ON SEPTEMBER 1. NEWLY RENOVATED; CONVENIENT, REASONABLE. APPLY TO JANITOR ON PREMISES, FOR EARLY RESERVATION.

EUCLID APARTMENTS
BEST SECTION Inman Park, 3 and 4-room apartments, modern throughout; steam heat, electric light, wall beds; prices $32.50, $35.00, $37.50.
FITZHUGH KNOX
CANDLER BLDG. IVY 4446.

BEST maintained apartments in town, six rooms, steam heat, hot water and excellent janitor service; front and rear porches. Reference required. Location, Courtland and Cain streets. Rents $45. Apply Herbert Kaiser, 411 Atlanta National Bank building. Phone M. 276 or Janitor on premises.

FOR RENT—September 1, 5 and 6-room apartments, the Avalon, West Peachtree and North avenue; steam heat, hot and cold water, elevators 6 a. m. to 12 midnight; superior janitor service; sleeping porches. Inspection by appointment. Phone Ivy 4168.

PIEDMONT PARK APTS.—Don't fail to see them. Grand. Personnel unexcelled. One 5-room and 4-room left.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
130 Peachtree.

ELEGANT 4-room apartments, steam heat, janitor service and all modern service. 324 Forrest avenue. Apply premises. Ivy 508-J. L. B. Sanders, Owner.

FOR RENT—By owner, 8-room apartment; entire second floor; best north side street; hardwood floors, vapor heat, open grates, screens, sleeping porch, large rooms; tile bath, gas range, refrigerator, etc. Also 8-room north side house, nice. Call Ivy 2155.

495 SPRING ST.—Five rooms; neighborhood the best, service fine; all comforts. We want four good tenants. Let us show you.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN,
130 Peachtree.

THE LAWRENCE—Two, three and four-room apartments; some early vacancies; all conveniences, and in walking distance. J. T. Turner, Res. Mgr., Apt. 5, 52 West Peachtree place. Ivy 8080.

APARTMENTS—One 5-room unfurnished apartment, 32 Carnegie way. The Stafford; all modern conveniences. Phone Bell Ivy 4886.

FORREST avenue and Jackson locality, 4-room modern apartment, first or second floor; no furnace; moderate rent; ready for immediate occupancy. Thomas Peters, Owner, 272 Forrest avenue, or Bell Phone.

820 PIEDMONT—Second-floor apartment, 6 large rooms, every modern convenience; very attractive. Ivy 7760-L.

SIX ROOMS, first floor, $60. Five rooms second floor, $50. Heat and janitor. 182 Juniper, corner 7th.

SECOND FLOOR, 7 rooms, private entrance; all conveniences. Ivy 1494.

IF YOU want to rent apts. or business property see B. M. Grant & Co., Grant Bldg.

21 CREW ST., second floor, three rooms, veranda, conveniences. Main 2094-J.

FOR RENT—Business Space

EXCELLENT rooms for business space, on Whitehall street, centrally located. Main 3406.

FOR RENT—Desk Room

FOR RENT—Desirable office space. 1329 Candler Bldg.

WANTED—One or two tenants, desk space. Phone and stenographer's service, if required. 917 Healey bldg. Ivy 7362.

FOR RENT—Desk space at 918 Healey building.

FOR RENT—Offices

FOR RENT—Offices in Constitution building, all modern conveniences. See John Knight.

TENANTS for one single room and two connecting rooms. Atlanta Trust Building. 140 Peachtree.

FOR RENT—Stores

270-272 DECATUR ST., for rent. Fulton Odd Fellows' Temple Company. F. L. Smith, P. O. Box 472. F. L. Williams, 98 Decatur street.

FOUR fine, new stores and lofts at 134, 136, 138 and 126 Whitehall streets; also 67 and 69 South Broad street, and loft 61½ East Alabama street. George W. Sciple, 19 Edgewood avenue. Both phones 203.

HIGHLAND AVE., near corner St. Charles. Remodeled. Ivy 4500. W. D. Scott.

FOR RENT—HOTELS.

FOR RENT—New small hotel, unfurnished, opposite passenger depot. C. W. Hayes, Fitzgerald, Ga.

WANTED—Real Estate

WANTED—To exchange building material for well located vacant property in Atlanta. Address Woolley Farms, Kingston, Ga.

WANTED—To buy 6 to 9-room house, monthly payments evenly divided, including interest. Give location and full particulars. Address B-474, Constitution.

SPECULATOR wants farms anywhere in Georgia that can be picked up at a sacrifice. Address P. O. Box 300, Atlanta, Ga.

OWNER—List your property with Greene Realty Co., Empire bldg. We get tenants.

FOR quick sale, list your property with us. Porter & Swift. 130½ Peachtree street.

REAL ESTATE—Sale, Exchange

18 ACRES adjoining college property at Demorest, Ga.; has 70 bearing apple trees, springs, beautiful rhododendrons, several acres cleared, rich, fine soil; bounded on one side by Camp creek; beauty spot for summer home or small fruit farm; the kind of place every man longs for when thinking of country property. Will sell cheap for cash or trade for Atlanta real estate. M. W. Hall, 687 N. Boulevard, Atlanta, Ga.

I HAVE an 8-room, 2-story residence on Lee street with city water and gas. Will sell under value and take city lot as credit; easy terms; cars in front. W. E. McCalla, owner. 415 Atlanta National Bank Bldg.

FOR EXCHANGE—Real estate; a classy Detroit electric, newly painted; Edison batteries; upkeep small; also charging board. 228 Peachtree. Ivy 2232.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

NORTH SIDE.

A SNAP FOR THE SMALL INVESTOR
IN DRUID HILLS SECTION—Close to Ponce de Leon ave. I have five lots in a row; will take $250 apiece; easy terms. This is a sure pick-up for the small investor. See me at once. E. C. Ruplev, 601 Empire Life Building. Ivy 6478-4125, Atlanta 187.

LOOK—A beautiful north side home, on Myrtle st., on a large, east-front lot. I have a swell 8-room, 2-story home with tile veranda, stone front, tile bath, hardwood floors, vapor heat, built-in bookcases, sleeping porch, etc. This place was built for a home. The rooms are large and there are plenty of large closets. On the lot there is a garage, servants' house and private laundry with cement floors. The owner refused $10,000 for this place last year. Will take $8,750 on terms of $1,000 cash, $50 month. This is not rent for the place. Possession can be given immediately. If you look at this place you can't help but admire it. It is one of the most attractive homes on the street. See me at once. Carl H. Fischer, Main 4232, or apply at 520 Fourth National Bank Building.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

NORTH SIDE.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL
ON Arkwright st., East Lake car, 2-story house, 7 rooms, with good furnace; large lot, electric lights, city water. Price $4,350. Terms, $44 per month. No interest or loan to assume; every dollar paid here is an actual saving. You have never had such an opportunity before. A splendid house, almost new. Don't delay. See me at once. A. L. Anderson, phone Main 2681, 10th floor, Fourth National Bank Building.

WOULD you buy at your own price? If so, ask me about that 6-room modern bungalow on W. Twelfth between W. Peachtree and Columbia avenue. Owner has left town and asked that I get an offer. Carl Fischer. Main 4232. 520 Fourth Nat'l Bank building.

FOR SALE—$1,200, $25 cash and $15 per month (or will take purchase money notes), 48x150, on McLendon street (vacant lot), next to Mr. Bishop's home at 130 McLendon street. Lot has just been filled. Thos. J. Wesley, 209 Grant bldg. Phone Ivy 5341.

NICE, level Inman Park lot, 60x140, all city improvements, 250 feet of Edgewood avenue. Owner non-resident and must sell; make me an offer. 508 Temple Court building. Main 3642-J.

BARGAIN—Beautiful north side home near Highland Park school; 7 large rooms, sleeping porch, large east front lot, all conveniences and in splendid condition. No loan. Terms. Owner, Ivy 4279 or 2334.

SIX negro lots, best part of Fourth ward, elevated and ready to build on. $2,400, worth $3,000. J. N. Wallace, owner, 309 Temple Court building.

FOR SALE—My handsome 8-room north side brick residence, or would exchange for good renting property. Call Ivy 385.

SOUTH SIDE.

SOUTH SIDE—5 rooms, all conveniences, for $2,000, $150 cash and $20 per month. Call Main 2854. S. W. Sullivan.

WEST END.

WEST END BARGAIN—6 rooms, sleeping porch, furnace, all conveniences, close to car line, $4,500, on terms $200 cash, $35 per month. Call M. 2854. S. W. Sullivan.

INMAN PARK.

NEW 6-room bungalow, high-class; Inman Park. Bargain. Phone Ivy 7799-J.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—In the heart of healthy section, farms, orange groves, truck land, cut-over land, 40-room tourist hotel, etc. Part cash, balance good terms. Lake Mary Real Estate Co., Lake Mary, Fla.

HOME BUILDING—If you want building done of any kind can save you money. Call M. 2854. S. W. Sullivan.

IF IT is real estate you want to buy or sell, it will pay you to see me. A. Graves, 24 East Hunter street.

SUBURBAN.

FOR SALE—My beautiful 10-room house, best street in Kirkwood, all conveniences, fruit and shade, water, bath and lights, near car lines. F. S. Irby, owner, 47 N. Howard st. Phone Decatur 145.

FIVE large lots, two blocks Ponce de Leon avenue and all improvements, $200 each; terms easy. Phone Ivy 6478-4125. See Mr. Anderson, 601 Empire Life building.

FINE residence lot, size 50x235, facing Peachtree road, near Seaboard crossing. For sale at a big bargain. See E. Gibson, Scoville Hotel.

SIX-ROOM HOUSE in Kirkwood; terms. Call Main 9113.

FARM LANDS.

FARM LANDS IN SOUTH GEORGIA
THESE lands in the heart of the south cannot be excelled; three profitable crops a year are grown; healthful climate, good market for all products; prices low; terms easy. Investigate these lands before buying elsewhere. Write for descriptive booklet or call on us.
GEORGIA AND FLORIDA FARMS COMPANY
Hurt Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

F-A-R-M-S
THE EDWIN P. ANSLEY CO.
Sells them in every good section of Georgia.
MAIN OFFICE ATLANTA.

$2,500 CASH—$3,000 a year for four years without interest, then $10,500.00; easy terms, 7 per cent interest, will buy a 900-acre splendid farm worth over $30,000, as it rents for around 60 bales cotton. Address B-475, Constitution.

LAND SALE—305 acres; bermuda meadows 70 acres. Mrs. Virginia C. Gantt, Elberton, Ga. R. F. D. No. 8.

FOR SALE—Georgia lands a specialty. Thos. W. Jackson, 4th Nat. Bank bldg., Atlanta.

FOR RENT—Houses, Unfurnished

THE EDWIN P. ANSLEY CO.
HAS ALL KINDS of Atlanta property FOR RENT and will be glad to send an automobile and show it to you. Our office is in the Realty Trust building. Bell phone Ivy 1600, Atlanta phone 363.
EDWIN P. ANSLEY CO.

FOR RENT—Apartments

FOUR-ROOM APARTMENTS FOR RENT
EVLENE COURT, 12 Capitol Place. Close in, brick house. Each apartment has very large porch, walls beautifully papered, electric lights, large bath, steam heat. Have only two of these for September occupancy, $40.
SANDERS, 324-326 Forrest Avenue. Brick house, just beyond Boulevard. Best car service in the city. Nice porches, walls newly decorated, tile bath, steam heat. Will have vacancies for September occupancy, $40.
WE REQUIRE references in every instance.
B. M. GRANT & CO.
RENTING AGENTS.

FOR RENT—Offices

IN CHOOSING YOUR OFFICE LOCATION FOR THE ENSUING YEAR
REMEMBER
There are a few choice offices in the
HURT BUILDING
YET UNRENTED
Apply 1110 Hurt Building
PHONE IVY 7200.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

NEAR THE GEORGIAN TERRACE
JUST OFF PONCE DE LEON avenue, on one of the best home streets in the city, we offer a brand-new bungalow that is by far the handsomest little home in the city. This was built for a home and no expense was spared in making it as good as it is handsome. For a personal reason owner cannot occupy so has asked us to sell at actual cost, which was $6,500. Terms.
J. R. NUTTING & COMPANY
REAL ESTATE—LOANS—INSURANCE
1001 EMPIRE LIFE BLDG. PHONE IVY 5.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

GEO. P. MOORE
REAL ESTATE AND RENTING
10 AUBURN AVENUE

75 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR
ON ONE of the prettiest streets in Inman Park, near Mr Asa Candler's home, we offer a handsome slate-roofed house on lot 100 feet front. It is one of the show places out there and has an appraised value of $16,500. Owner is leaving the city and will sell for $12,500 on terms like rent. If you want a home that you will always be proud of and haven't the Peachtree Bee, you will buy this on sight.

PACE'S FERRY ROAD EXCHANGE
A BEAUTIFUL old home place of 18 acres fronting 1,000 feet on Pace's Ferry road—a few minutes' ride from Buckhead. Orchard, grapes, shrubbery and flowers. Price $8,500 for the purpose of settlement between partners. Will take piece of city property as cash payment, balance to suit you.

EDWIN L. HARLING
REAL ESTATE. 32 EAST ALABAMA STREET. BOTH PHONES 1287.
SOUTH SIDE BUNGALOW—On one of the best south side streets, we have new modern 6-room bungalow on an extra nice lot that we will sell for $3,500; $100 cash, balance $20 per month. This bungalow has stone front, beautiful electric fixtures and mantels. At our price we give you a good bargain in a home.
ANSLEY PARK HOME—On "The Prado," in Ansley Park we have a new 9-room, 3-story residence, extra nice lot, we will sell for $7,000; $500 cash, $40 per month for the balance. This house has furnace heat, brick mantels, hardwood floors, very latest and best of combination fixtures. Our price and terms are right. Will you let us show it to you?
WEST END BUNGALOW—On one of the best West End streets we have a corner lot 50x170, with a new 6-room bungalow, with sleeping porch, that we will sell for $3,950; $500 cash, $30 per month for the balance. This bungalow has been reduced from $5,000. Our price is for a quick sale. It has oak floors, glass knobs, duplex window shades, every window screened with steel wire. Call us up about it.
INMAN PARK BUNGALOW—On Euclid avenue we have a very beautiful 6-room bungalow, corner lot 55x200. We will sell this for $6,800; $1,000 cash, $40 per month for the balance. Might take a good vacant lot as part payment. If you want to see something nice in the way of a home let us show you this bungalow.

ANSLEY PARK
ANSLEY PARK, like most of the other better class of subdivisions, has advanced in price in seven years more than a thousand per cent. The same foresight is in the making of Oglethorpe Park.
EDWIN P. ANSLEY CO.

A WAR TIME BARGAIN
RENTAL $600 YEARLY; PRICE $5,500
ON ONE of our best north side thoroughfares, we have a good corner brick store, leased for $600 per year. Terms reasonable.
TURMAN & CALHOUN
SECOND FLOOR EMPIRE BUILDING

FOR SALE
ANSLEY PARK, near Peachtree, 2-story home, elegantly finished throughout; hardwood floors, furnace, very large sleeping porch, garage. Lot 50x300, with just the right elevation. $8,250, on easy terms.
J. R. NUTTING & COMPANY
1001 Empire Life Bldg. Phone Ivy 5.

WANTED, INVESTMENT PROPERTY
HAVE $17,500 CASH TO INVEST.
WILL CONSIDER store property, medium and small dwellings. All property must be in tip-top condition, and in good section, and paying a satisfactory rental on price asked. Money waiting. What have you to offer?
J. R. SMITH & J. H. EWING
130 PEACHTREE STREET. PHONE: IVY 1512.

MONEY ON HAND
TO LEND on first mortgage loans, direct to borrower; no delays.
LIEBMAN
Real Estate and Renting. 17 Walton St.

A SANITARY HOME IN SPOTLESS COLLEGE PARK
RIGHT on the car line, east front, level, green grass lawn, with hedges and trees. Isn't that choice? The home is a very pretty 8-room house, and it fronts the Grand Boulevard in College Park. Big lot, 240 feet deep. The house cost is $4,000. The lot would bring easily $2,000. I can sell it NOW for only $4,600, and make terms. I'll show it to you.
EDWARD H. WALKER
THE HOME SELLER.
35 NORTH FORSYTH STREET.

HOMES ON EASY TERMS
WE HAVE JUST COMPLETED four of the MOST BEAUTIFUL HOUSES in the city of Atlanta. Two 2-story houses and two 6-room bungalows, all furnace heated; hardwood floors, beam ceiling, tile bathrooms, sleeping porches, stone fronts, cement steps, walks and driveways; a ten-year guaranteed roof.
These houses are located one block from car line, on Feld AVENUE, in DRUID HILLS section.
Will sell these houses on EASY TERMS—JUST LIKE RENT.
Don't hesitate to CALL ON US.
FELD REALTY COMPANY
BUILDERS OF FINE HOMES.
220 HURT BUILDING. PHONE IVY 7122.

A REAL BARGAIN
BUNGALOW IN ANSLEY PARK
WILL MAKE TERMS.
MODEL HOME BUILDERS
405 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 3841.

WANT ADS 10c Line WANT ADS